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Oakland Tribune.

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VOL. XXXXV OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 11, 1898. NO. 213

ROY M'CLYMONDS' LIFE ENDS IN A VEIL OF MYSTERY.

Shot Through the Head By a Pistol Bullet.

Believed to Be Suicide But No Cause Can Be Discovered.

SUSPICION THAT IT IS MURDER

The Dead Boy Was the Son of the Superintendent of Schools.

Roy Smith McClymonds, son of Superintendent of Schools John W. McClymonds, ended his life at 8:45 o'clock this morning by shooting himself through the head. The sad catastrophe occurred in the lavatory of the Canning block at Thirteenth street and Broadway, where the young fellow was employed in the offices of Drs. C. T. and G. W. Rodolph, dentists. No cause is ascribed and the only theory plausible to those who knew the circumstances is suicide resulting from temporary insanity or some other unexplained cause. Not a word or a syllable of explanation was left by the boy to indicate the reason for his fatalistic course.

McClymonds was found by Dr. C. O. Edwards on the second floor of the building in the last compartment of the lavatory, lying with his head inside and his body outside of the closet.

A pistol and box of cartridges lying close beside told the sad story.

The coroner, and later the patrol, were summoned, and the body, which still retained life, was quickly taken to the Receiving Hospital. Drs. Stratton and Sanborn attended the boy, who lived but a short time. At 10:33 o'clock his spirit fled and the remains were taken in charge by Undertaker Albert Brown, at the request of the father.

For three weeks McClymonds had been pursuing his dental work with Drs. Rodolph. It was his custom to appear at the office about 8:30 o'clock A. M., and at just that hour he entered the building this morning. Instead of proceeding to the office at room No. 23, he went to the lavatory. He was seen to enter by Drs. C. O. Edwards and William J. Yore, who accosted him as he approached. The young man replied with a cheerful "good morning" and continued his course.

Six minutes later, as nearly as can be reckoned, a pistol shot rang out through the halls. Dr. Edwards was in his office and Mr. Yore had gone down to the Thirteenth street entrance. Yore rushed upstairs, and failing to detect the source of the sound, ran from hall to hall to ascertain. Dr. Edwards was at the time of the shot in his office. He heard a muffled report, but did not suspect the cause. Upon coming out and finding Yore all excitement he suggested in response to the former's declaration of hearing a gun shot in the building, that it was the falling of a broom. The doctor did not give credence to the story, but in less than a minute was horrified to find the explanation.

Dr. Edwards walked back over the course that he observed young McClymonds to take a few minutes before. He entered the room and there, to his great surprise, at the extreme end he saw a limp body with feet and legs dangling out of a narrow compartment, and the head and shoulders upon a low elevation just inside. The muscles still twitched and a rasping sound accompanied the breathing, indicating the presence of life. The doctor was at first overwhelmed by the situation, and loudly called for Yore to come to his aid. Meantime he carried the body out and laid it at full length upon the floor. The pulse at the time were but slightly irregular and the respirations seemed natural but long. Yore responded with his presence in a moment and the two men attended to the dying man.

Coroner Baldwin whose office is in the same building was summoned and he in turn notified the Police Department. The patrol wagon in charge of Sargeant Peterson and Officers Curtis and Andrews responded and carried the unfortunate to the Receiving Hospital.

When the boy was laid upon the table it was evident that life was fast departing. The very nature of the wound precluded any hopes of recovery, but Dr. Robert F. Stratton undertook the case and by means of stimulants partly revived the ebbing spirit. The wound was dressed and McClymonds placed in the ward upon a bed. It was here that he breathed the last. From the time he was deposited, to the call of Death, life gradually faded away. There was no consciousness, nor any perceptible death struggle. Nothing but the slow dwindling of life as indicated by the gentle pulse. The boy was entirely unconscious from the time of the deed.

At 10:15 o'clock death seemed to have come. It was so announced, and the distracted father peered for the last time at the dying boy. But in another moment respirations returned and a ray of hope passed over the minds of some, but it was only for a moment. Again the condition settled and in a quarter of an hour all was over. Albert Brown conveyed the body to his undertaking parlors on Thirteenth street.

WAS IT A MURDER.

The entire case is remarkably strange. There is not the slightest evidence upon which to base a theory of intentional suicide except the circumstantial evidence of the presence of the pistol and cartridges near at hand, the circumstance of the shooting and the position of the wound. It is evident that the young man was inspecting his weapon and loaded it himself, for the box of cartridges which was on the floor had been freshly opened and but five were gone. These five, which were of 32-calibre, were found in the pistol, with but one discharged. Accident seems improbable for the wound could only have been inflicted by raising the revolver parallel with the line of the temple, the shot having passed squarely from the right temple to the left, although not through the entire head.

Superintendent McClymonds and Undertaker Albert Brown advocate the murder or accident theory. This is based upon the seeming impossibility of a happy, contented boy 20 years of age voluntarily killing himself without ever a suspicion being aroused in the minds of his parents or nearest friends that he was dissatisfied. The father knows absolutely no reason for the deed, if it were self-inflicted, and can not believe it. The deceased was addicted to no bad habits, he was never despondent, never carried a pistol, in fact there is not a scintilla of evidence that the father can glean outside of the circumstances of the killing, which would point to the suicide theory. On the contrary, no one was heard or seen to enter that part of the building; the boy's pocket money and watch were all in his clothing, and the wound was in such a place as to discredit the theory of murder.

Despite these few conflicting opinions, the case seems to be one of intentional suicide while perhaps in a fit of temporary insanity.

DR. EDWARDS' STORY.

Dr. C. O. Edwards, who first found the boy, to-day expressed himself as follows:

"I was in my office when I heard the pistol shot. I was just going out when I met Billy Yore, our landlord, in the hall. He wanted to know what that noise was. I told him it was his broom striking against the step. He went to investigate and I went on to the lavatory.

"When I reached there his body was lying out in the hall and his head was on the platform of the last compartment, with his face and body turned toward the left. I rolled him over, and seeing the bullet wound in the right temple, I immediately called Yore and told him I had found the cause of the trouble. I straightened the body out, to give it better chance for respiration.

"His pulse was good and his respirations were rater natural, though heavy, but not regular. I did not think he could live more than a minute for I saw by the mixture of the brain matter with the blood that the bullet had penetrated a vital part. Dr. Baldwin soon came in; he stopped a moment, and then summoned the patrol.

"When I found the body it was lying on the left side with the face turned slightly down. The bullet hole was very apparent. The pistol lay just to the left of the body, and the box of cartridges was on the lid above. Only five, I think, of the cartridges were gone, just enough to fill the chambers of the gun.

"I believe there was as much chance of the shooting being accidental as suicidal. You know how boys will fool with guns. He was probably loading and playing with the weapon. The blood on the knee shows that he was sitting down, and just playfully put it to his head in imitation of suicide, when the gun went off. You can not tell absolutely that it was suicide, for it might be, and probably was, one of those strange cases that can never be known.

"The boy I did not know. He passed me in the morning as he entered the room and spoke very cheerfully to Billy Yore. If he had intended to kill himself he could not have been so cheerful. Of course, I do not pretend to know, but I hesitate to believe that the act was intentionally done by McClymonds."

Superintendent McClymonds was informed of the sad news among the very first and arrived at the Receiving Hospital but a few minutes after the body was conveyed there. He was overcome with grief, and though borne up by comforting words of many friends, could not suppress the overwhelming grief that was his. To a Tribune reporter he said:

"I cannot account for this awful bereavement in any way. Roy was always the same mirthful, genial boy. He never showed any sign of despondency or any dissatisfaction with life. He went out last night to Sumner Hardy's, but returned at half-past nine o'clock, and after chatting with us all, went to bed. He has never, so far as I know, gone out on a night without telling his mother where he was going, and I believe he has always been strictly upright. Dr. Rodolph has told me that he was doing nicely at his work. Never a minute, except as any one else would perhaps get angry, has he shown any unusual mood or seemed at all discontented. I know of absolutely no reason in the world for an act of suicide on his part. He was at breakfast as usual, his mother says, and seemed just as usual. I cannot account for it."

YORE'S VERSION.

William J. Yore, manager of the Canning building, told the following story:

"It was just 8:45 o'clock that I came into the hall leading to the lavatory. I had just finished sweeping, and as I put away the sweeper young McClymonds came along. I said 'Good morning,' and he replied as usual, 'good morning. He passed me and went along to compartment No. 1. I stood where I was a couple of minutes and then went down to clear the Thirteenth street entrance. I had gotten to the fourth step when I heard the report of a pistol. I jumped to the landing and looked up and down the halls but saw no one.

"Dr. Edwards came along and I inquired of him what the noise was. He replied that it was my broom. Edwards went into the lavatory and I went around the halls looking for the cause. Presently Edwards called for me. I went in and there was McClymonds. Dr. Edwards had hold of him and he was lying on the floor with a pistol beside him. I ran in for Dr. Baldwin and came out and told Dr. Edwards to ring up the patrol.

"McClymonds was then breathing very heavily, and bleeding a little. The pistol beside him was empty as far as bullets are concerned. There was a box of 32-calibre cartridges beside him. Soon Baldwin with the officers came and took the body away.

"I believe it must be suicide. It is an awful thing."

HIS EMPLOYER TALKS.

Dr. C. T. Rodolph, who three weeks ago employed McClymonds in his office, said to-day that the boy had done excellent work and never seemed to be at all distracted. He seemed absolutely right in every way and perfectly contented with his work and life.

"Roy did not come into the office this morning," Dr. Rodolph continued, "but it was barely time for him, and I thought nothing unusual. I did not know anything of the shooting until I was summoned by Mr. Yore. It looks like suicide, but we cannot tell. I must say that I never noticed a time in the boy's stay here that he ever seemed gloomy or the least bit down-hearted."

WAS NOT MOROSE.

Sumner Hardy was perhaps the most intimate associate of young McClymonds. For years the two had been friends, and gradually the friendship grew into the closest relation. Last evening, Roy went to the Hardy residence. In speaking of the circumstance, Sumner Hardy said to-day:

"I do not know the slightest reason for Roy's act if it were done by his own hand with intent. He was always cheerful, and only last night came over to my house. He came out in the yard with us and we all ate plums from the trees. Roy talked to us about his plans for the future. He spoke of associating himself with a San Francisco dental firm so that he could simultaneously attend the Dental College.

"I can not imagine what was the reason for the deed, and yet it does not appear to have been accidental. Roy was as fine a fellow as I ever met. I have known him for a long time, and never saw anything wrong. He was too young to be mixed up in any love affairs and if he had any I do not know it."

Roy Smith McClymonds was in his twentieth year. He was born in March. His life was spent in this city where he was widely known. He bore an enviable reputation and was beloved by a host of friends.

In June 1896 he graduated from the Oakland High School with high rank. During the latter part of his course he was elected to the business managership of the High School Aegis. In the capacity he acquitted himself with credit. He entered the University of California in 1897 and there remained one year when he determined to study dentistry. Accordingly he entered the Dental College at San Francisco where he has since remained. He joined the Delta Sigma Delta fraternity. After a two weeks' vacation which he spent

(Continued on Page 2.)

Drink
a great deal; keep the blood and tissues clear. That makes you healthy and active.
Water is cheapest, tea next, coffee next.
Good water, *Schilling's Best* tea and coffee.
ss

PRACTICALLY CERTAIN THAT SPAIN WILL ACCEPT M'KINLEY'S ULTIMATUM.

The Spanish Cabinet Met Today and Considered the Matter and It Is Thought Cambon Will Sign the Protocol Tonight.

MADRID, Aug. 11—2 P. M.—The Queen Regent presided at the Cabinet meeting this morning. Premier Sagasta and the other members on emerging from the palace, explained that, while they had not yet received the full text of President McKinley's reply, they had received an announcement from the French Foreign Office which covered the case. The Premier answered that the matter had been transmitted to the Spanish Government.

At the same time it is known that the Spanish Ministers are perfectly acquainted with the principal points of the United States' reply, and that the Ministers are ready to accede to them.

Senor Moret, formerly Foreign Minister, had a long conference today with Senor Sagasta. The former has been frequently mentioned in connection with the Presidency of the Spanish commission to draw up the treaty of peace with the United States, as he is intimately acquainted with colonial matters.

Official circles consider that convention of the Cortes can be postponed until the end of September, and it is further said that a suspension of hostilities will be telegraphically announced by both Governments immediately M. Cambon has signed the protocol.

In official circles here the reply of the United States to Spain in the matter of peace negotiations is regarded as satisfactory.

Premier Sagasta, however, denies that he authorized the French Embassador at Washington, M. Cambon, as the representative of Spain, to make changes in the Spanish answer "as regards certain conditions which might create differences during the course of negotiations."

The Premier added: "If any changes are to be made, the Government itself will make them."

The Liberal (Republican) expresses the belief that President McKinley replied to Spain's note "with suspicious rapidity." It adds:

"We accept the sacrifice, knowing the responsibility falls upon us. The best course is to avoid all useless procedure while the diplomats are quibbling. It is useless to make distinctions in language in order to reach a conclusion which is inevitable and already known, while our blood continues to flow in Porto Rico and Manila. During the last three years we have sacrificed too much blood. It is time to end it, and this is the only aspect of the question that at present can be considered. Anyway, the press is unable to discover its other aspects. All delay in concluding armistice is criminal."

SAGASTA'S CUNNING.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—All the advices received here throughout the day from Madrid show the correspondents are certain that M. Cambon, the French Embassador at Washington, will receive authority this evening to sign the protocol.

Senor Sagasta's statements made earlier in the day must in no way be regarded as affecting the general situation, but as simply being an effort to make the Spaniards believe the United States has made some concessions.

POPE PLEADS FOR PRIVILEGES OF THE FRIARS.

Spanish Papers Say He Will Appeal to the Powers to Protect Philippine Clergy.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—A dispatch to the World from Madrid says:

Powerful influences are being brought to bear again on the Government in the interests of monastic orders in the Philippines, whose fate excites much apprehension in church circles, and at the Vatican. The Papal Nuncio visited Premier Sagasta to-day in the name of the Pope, to plead the cause of the monks and the Jesuits, who have suffered sorely in person and property in the past and present insurrections.

The Nuncio displayed the most anxiety to know if the Government could give assurance that the standing and the property of the religious orders will be respected after peace is restored and order is re-established.

Premier Sagasta promised that the authorities shall give protection to the order wherever Spanish rule still prevails in the Pacific archipelago, but he could do nothing on the island of Luzon, which is now in possession of the Americans and the insurgents.

Beyond this the Premier would only give evasive and conditional answers. He told the Nuncio that if the American Government assents to the terms of the Spanish note forwarded Sunday night, a mixed commission will meet soon to settle all Philippine questions, and therefore the Madrid Government must await the result of the labors of this commission before it can reply fully to the query by the Vatican.

The Madrid press believes that it will go hard with the monks, as it is an open secret that both the natives and the Americans contemplate putting an end to their sway in the Spanish Pacific possessions.

The cause of the religious orders is warmly espoused, not only by the Carlists and the ultramontaines, but by the Conservatives. Their newspapers say the Vatican will appeal to the European powers and negotiate direct on the matter with the American Government, through American Catholic prelates and politicians.

To-day's newspapers report that some uneasiness, even alarm, prevails about the manner in which President McKinley will view the latest Spanish note.

SPANIARDS SLAIN AT CAPE SAN JUAN

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—The Herald has the following from Cape San Juan, dated August 10:

A two hours' fight occurred about daybreak yesterday. Eight hundred Spaniards attempted to retake the lighthouse, which was guarded by forty of our sailors, commanded by Lieutenant Atwater, Assistant Engineer Jennings, Ensign Bronson and Gunner Campbell.

The Spaniards were driven back by shells from the Amphitrite, Cincinnati and Leyden. Refugees report that 100 Spaniards were killed.

William H. Bardman of the Amphitrite was seriously wounded. He was in the light house.

The Spanish advance began from Rio Grande, whither the Spaniards had retreated after the first landing of troops at Cape San Juan last week. They marched through Luquillo and pulled down the American flag at Faaro and replaced the Spanish flag.

The terrified refugees warned the light house force that the Spaniards were coming. Sixty women and children were in an outbuilding of the light house during the fight.

The Spaniards opened with a machine gun at a distance of 300 yards. The Leyden, Ensign Crosley commanding, rushed within a hundreds yards of the shore and poured one-pounders into the Spaniards. Captain Barclay of the Amphitrite used six-pounders and the Cincinnati five-inch guns.

The ships landed 250 men during the fight and reinforced the light house. A machine gun, rifles and ammunition were left by the retreating Spaniards.

Ensign Crosley took the refugees off at daybreak, and has gone to Ponce. Our flag is still on the light house, but the forces have been withdrawn.

The Amphitrite's guns cover the light house, ready to annihilate it if our flag is hauled down. It is one of the important lights on the island.

The Cincinnati has gone to the San Juan blockade.

MORE DEATHS FROM TYPHOID.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 11.—Three enlisted men died today of typhoid fever at the general hospital at Fort McPherson, a total of ten deaths from this disease in sixty hours. They were buried today in the National Cemetery at Marietta, Ga., where all dead from this disease will be interred in the future.

Today's deaths are:

PRIVATE E. L. MILLER, Company A, Fourth Pennsylvania.

PRIVATE ROBERT VAUGHN, Company M, Nineteenth Infantry.

PRIVATE DANIEL FISHER, Troop M, Second Cavalry.

Fifty of the 400 cases of typhoid under treatment are in a serious condition. Second Lieutenant Cook of the Thirty-second Michigan, who has been suffering from typhoid, is out of danger.

Extra sanitary precautions to guard against infection among the troops at the post have been ordered by Major Bubb, the commanding officer.

The reservation has been divided into seven sections, and each section has been placed under a junior officer, who will be held responsible for its condition. An inspection of each of the sections will be made twice a day.

The 3,000 recruits remaining at McPherson will be removed to small camps as soon as possible. Eighteen hundred are now at Camp Hobson, near Lithia Springs; 2,000 will be sent to Pearl Springs, near Newman, Ga., and the departure of several hundred for Montauk, L. I., in a day or two, will clear the reservation of men and eliminate the infection.

ELECTRICITY WILL SOON SUPPLANT STEAM AND CABLE

The Railroad Company Has Begun a Revolutionary Scheme.

As outlined by the Tribune some time ago the Southern Pacific Company is about to begin work on what will eventually result in the substitution of electricity for steam as a motive power on its entire local system.

The proposed changes will necessitate the building of a monster power house, which will eclipse anything of the kind in the country and which will supply power to the entire system which will include the Alameda locals, both broad and narrow gauge, the Seventh street local, Berkeley local, narrow gauge local and the San Pablo Cable system.

This matter has been under the consideration by the officers of the Company for several years and the proposed changes carefully considered with the result that the proposition has been declared feasible.

All over the world electricity is taking the place of steam as a motive power, cable roads are giving way to electrically propelled systems.

The first move in the direction of this vast improvement will be made, when the company, at the next meeting of the City Council, petitions for permission to substitute electricity for the cable system now in use on San Pablo avenue and Broadway line.

This work alone will require an army of men as it is the intention to complete the change in ninety days, once the work begins. On Broadway the old rails used by the cable line will be removed and those in use at present by the Telegraph avenue system will do duty for both lines. When the rails and basalt blocks are removed, bitumen will be laid to conform to the balance of the pavement of this thoroughfare.

The San Pablo avenue line will be all torn out and replaced by the most modern system in use.

However should the Council refuse to grant the permission asked for, the old cars and track will be repaired.

Though nothing definite will be given out regarding the big power-house and the transformation of the steam railroad on Seventh street to an electric line, it is understood that these improvements are not only under contemplation, but actively under way.

Until the new power station is established the Telegraph avenue dynamos will propel the San Pablo avenue cars.

Supervisors' Short Session.

The Board of Supervisors held a short session this morning.

A resolution advocating that the City Council of Oakland and the Board join in building a concrete culvert over Sausal creek was adopted.

The petition of the residents of Fruitvale for the reduction of water rates was filed and the hearing set for August 22d.

Notice will be given to the fuse companies that an ordinance effecting the erection of powder and fuse works and the storage of powder will be considered next Tuesday.

The Board then adjourned.

DR. C. H. WALKER
Announces that he has resumed the practice of dentistry at rooms 207 and 208, Central Bank building, Oakland. Telephone white 974. Office hours: 10 to 12 M. and 1 to 4 P. M.

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Coast agents for the celebrated Wheelock pianos. Over 500 used on the coast. For durability and sweetness of tone they cannot be surpassed. The largest stock of pianos to select from. Sold on easy terms. Pianos to rent, tuned and repaired. Girard Piano Co., 1112 Broadway.

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POLAVIEJA'S VIEWS ON THE PHILIPPINES.

He Says America Has Raised a Frankenstein by Teaching the Malays to Fight Europeans.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—A dispatch to the World from Madrid gives an interview with General Polavieja, in which, speaking of Cuba and the Philippines, he says:

"The day will come in Cuba when all the respectable elements—Spaniards as well as the foreign residents, and the old Spanish party, too—will work for annexation to the United States in preference to being governed by the Seperatists (insurgents).

"But before annexation is reached, Cuba will have hard times. That is sure. She will cause America much trouble and expense.

"As for Spain, a new policy and new men are required. The masses and the powerful classes are now profoundly disgusted and are weary of the present politicians, newspapers and leaders.

"The great danger of the future is that these yet undecided but controlling elements may be driven into Carlism or Democracy.

"The Philippine question is bound to give much trouble to America, to Spain and to the European nations generally. It is unwise not to understand that the Americans have taught the nations of the Malay race to face the Europeans. This will tell against any rulers of our archipelagos and will be felt in the far Eastern colonies of England, France and Holland, because the spell of prestige has been scattered to the winds.

"The Americans have approached the Philippine problems without enough study and preparation. Having been badly informed by their Consuls, they have committed the erroneous mistake of supposing that the natives are capable of carrying out Anglo-Saxon notions of self government, administration, decentralization and liberty of conscience.

"Directly they were rid of Europeans, the natives in every insurrection, even in the last ones, have instantly returned to their primitive conditions. Affecting to elect to be the little kings and chieftains, with absolute power in each district, they keep up the worst features of our officialism, and even in religious matters stick to those outward forms and ceremonies of worship which most strike the imaginative central races, though real religious feelings never penetrate deeply into their almost childish nature.

"Such men are the leading spirits in the insurrections. They sell themselves, like Aguinaldo, or ask for titles and crosses like many of the so-called loyalists.

"America must bear this in mind. I fancy the United States will be content with a few naval stations, and really aim at commercial advantages, which Spain would grant. The object of America may even be rather to secure advantages over European competitors, who, like England, France and Germany, were ahead in the archipelagoes.

"But Japan is a rival not to be disdained, as her foreign and commercial policy is fostered and directed by able, far seeing, ambitious men. She cannot extend northward on account of Russia. Germany must necessarily go south and east toward the Spanish sphere of influence.

"I have studied the Eastern countries carefully. The European powers do not pay enough attention to formidable economical and commercial rivals starting into existence in China and Japan.

"We, perhaps better than any others, could have dealt with the differences of ruling our archipelago, because we are accustomed to handling heterogeneous cases under our sway. Only we cannot undertake to do so unless allowed a free hand, without the drawbacks of American interference or protectorate to cripple our costly efforts to re-establish imperial rule.

"The religious questions will give us as much trouble as the commercial questions, upon which America will lay the most stress. I found yonder that the Jesuits exercised the most influence on the natives, then the Dominican, next the Augustinians and the Franciscan Friars the least of all. Church privileges and property will not obstruct reform or our rule in the archipelagoes."

AFTERMATH OF LYNCHING IN ARKANSAS.

Dying Statement of the Murderess Made Public.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CLARENDON, Ark., Aug. 11.—This little city has resumed its usual quiet. The bodies of the four negroes, victims of Tuesday night's mob, will be buried across the river today. The body of Mrs. John T. Orr, who killed herself in jail, has been removed to her residence for preparation for burial. Her little 3-year-old baby is with E. F. Falfer, a friend of the family.

Wallace Graham, Mr. Orr's partner in business, has received a letter from Mrs. Orr's stepmother at Mauston, Wis., but has not yet made the contents known. Mrs. Orr's remains will probably be sent to her father in Mauston for interment.

S. W. Boardman has given out a written statement prepared by Mrs. Orr on Monday afternoon, just before she took the fatal dose. It reads:

"I want my baby, Neva, to stay with Mr. Falfer, with his children, while I live. Mr. Falfer to have full control of her until my father comes for her, which I want him to do. I want my father to have my baby and to raise her. I want my baby, Neva, to have all my personal effects. My body is to be shipped to my father and buried where he resides. I want to say to Steve Boardman, Wallace Graham, Mr. Moorehead and Mr. Falfer that for the kind manner in which they have treated me I hope that God will bless them for it. I hope God will forgive Rachel Morris for the way she has treated me. I want all of my property and home to go to my baby, Neva, and I hope that his favorite lodge, Knights of Pythias, will see that this, my last will, is carried out. I want papa to help Wallace all he can. This statement completed at 6:30 P. M., Monday, August 8, 1898."

Mr. Boardman would not give out this paper until Mrs. Orr was dead. He says her father's name is W. C. Barker, that he resides at Mauston, Wis., and that at present he is very low and in destitute circumstances. He is 82 years of age. Mr. Boardman says John T. Orr has a sister, Mrs. T. W. Deal, residing in Denver, Col.

MRS. ORR'S CORPSE SHOWN.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 11.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Clarendon, Ark., says:

The third act in the Clarendon tragedy is as remarkable as the two preceding ones. Today the corpse of the murderess lies in the Court House while hundreds of people pass and view the remains. This unusual thing was done by the authorities to still the suspicion that Mrs. Orr was not dead, but had been spirited away. So strong had this feeling in the community become that this means was regarded as the only way to allay it.

ARCHER'S DENIAL.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio, Aug. 11.—Mayor Archer of Caldwell, Ohio, denies having ever written the letters found at Mrs. Orr's, at Clarendon, Ark., and asserts that somebody else has been writing in his name. Archer is an unmarried attorney, 23 years old.

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Suits!
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All clothes repaired one year Free of Charge.
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CLASS OF JUNE '99 O. H. S. VICTORIOUS.

Pins Its Colors on a Pole and Wins Plaudits For Pluck.

The rivalry that has existed between the class of June, '99, and the December '98 class of the Oakland High School, has resulted in the former class succeeding in daunting its colors on the flagpole of the school building. The feeling of the two classes is expressed in the following letter:

"The class of June, '99, demonstrated last evening that they were capable of performing gymnastics far beyond the comprehension of ordinary mortals. On the Eleventh-street side of the building the class members secured two emblems of their class to the high power wire. This was accomplished by the lashing of several ladders together and sending one of their number to the top. Then they proceeded to the roof of the building, and a large orange flag with the inscription, 'June, '99' in large white letters was nailed to the flagpole. Once before, during the present term, the same class placed a cloth flag in a similar position on the power wire, but it was seized by the opposing class, not, however, until an old-time rush had taken place. Messrs. Harris, Shuey, Wills, and Burpee were seriously injured. This necessitated a prohibitory order against rushing, from the Faculty, as a protective measure for the benefit of the class of December, '98.

"From present appearances, some lively times are likely to occur, but it is not probable that any more rushing will take place, as the December '98's are not all convalescent as yet.

F. W. NIGHTINGILL."

ALAMEDA COUNTY WILL FEED THE SOLDIERS.

Mrs. Isaac Requa Calls For Contributions For Lunches For Outgoing Troops.

Mrs. Isaac Requa, as chairman of the hospitality committee of Alameda county, has issued a call for provisions for the soldiers who will embark for Manila on the Scandia. Lunches are to be provided by the ladies of Alameda county, and as there will be nearly 1,750 soldiers to be fed, the arrangements are already being made. The Scandia is expected to sail Wednesday. Mrs. Requa and her associates will receive provisions at 1321 Telegraph avenue and prepare all the lunches. The women of Los Angeles have volunteered to supply the requisite number of limes, lemons and other fruit, and Alameda county will be called upon to furnish other dainties. Bread, cookies, biscuit, etc., should be sent to the store Monday and Tuesday and uncooked chickens should be sent Saturday. Ham and eggs are also asked for.

The lunch will be given to the soldiers as Alameda county's offering to the gallant boys in blue who are going to the front to face death by bullets or disease for their country's honor.

BALLOTTING IS TO SUCCEED CAMPAIGN TALK.

Republican Primaries Outlined For Next Saturday.

Polls Remain Open From 8 A. M. to 8 O'clock in the Evening.

APPOINTMENT OF DELEGATES.

Successful Aspirants Will Go to the Republican State Convention.

The Republican Gubernatorial primary of Alameda county will be held on Saturday next, beginning at 8 o'clock in the morning and continuing until 8 o'clock in the evening.

Already perfect arrangements have been made for the event and it is expected that the largest vote which has been cast in many years at a primary in this county will be polled.

The principal contestants for the majority of the delegates will be Dr. Geo. C. Pardee and W. R. Davis, both of this city, and both of whom seek the Republican nomination for Governor of California. Each of these will be represented by a ticket at each of the voting precincts in the county.

In some instances there will be scattering votes and in others there will be tickets, the delegates on which will be unpledged if elected to the Republican State Convention, which is to be held in Sacramento on the 23d of this month.

This county is entitled to sixty-eight delegates in the Republican State Convention, and this number has been apportioned to the several Assembly districts as follows: Forty-sixth, nine delegates; Forty-seventh, fourteen delegates; Forty-eighth, eight delegates; Forty-ninth, eleven delegates; Fiftieth, ten delegates, and Fifty-first, fifteen delegates.

The test to which each applicant to vote at the primary will be put is a pledge as follows:

"I will vote at the ensuing election for the nominee of the Republican party."

Only those will be allowed to vote whose names appear on the great register or who present a certificate of registration from the County Clerk's office.

Yesterday The Tribune published a list of the precinct officers for the Saturday primary, as also a list of the places of voting.

NAPA'S DELEGATES.

Napa county Democrats have elected the following delegates to the Democratic State Convention: Delegate-at-large, J. E. Walden; delegates, T. A. Bell and Henry Hogan. Delegates from Supervisor districts as follows: H. J. Chinn, Hot Springs; Senator Larue, Knox; A. G. Raney, East Napa; R. C. Cull, West Napa; A. D. Butler.

SANTA CLARA'S DELEGATES.

The following are the delegates elected yesterday to represent Santa Clara county in the Republican State Convention: Fifty-fourth Assembly District, O. A. Hale, delegate-at-large; W. J. Rogers, Al Col, Sam Oberdeener, F. C. Franck, J. D. Williams, F. W. Covey, J. F. Parkinson, J. W. Cook, Ed Herzy, Walter Clark, and J. Walsh. Fifty-fifth Assembly District—O. A. Hale, delegate-at-large; H. J. Fikes, Dr. F. H. Bangs, L. Finnigan, J. F. O'Keefe, H. W. Otter, Dr. M. A. Southworth, J. D. Miner, A. C. Darby, H. M. Spring, and Dr. D. F. McGraw. Fifty-sixth Assembly District—O. A. Hale, delegate-at-large; James Sargent, George Dunlap, Ed Crawford, R. J. Pearce, James Stanfield, L. A. Sage, A. C. Sterritt, S. F. Ayer, Lloyd Childs, E. L. Moody, John Robertson. Those are all candidates of the regular ticket, the opposition not having elected a single delegate.

DEMOCRATS FROM ALAMEDA.

At a meeting of the Alameda Democratic Club last evening, the following named gentlemen were selected as candidates for delegates to the State Convention: T. C. Stoddard, F. S. Crandall, John O'Brien, M. F. Tarpey, F. W. Vogt and J. H. Haltan.

SAN FRANCISCO DEMS.

The Democratic delegates to the Democratic State Convention elected in San Francisco yesterday were as follows:

Twenty-eighth District—John F. Moore, Alex. J. Estelita, Emil Shuck, D. J. Murphy.

Twenty-ninth District—James P. Lally, Thomas Faulkner, Charles Kelsel, Michael Lucy, John Allen.

Thirtieth District—James Farrell, George Smith, John Devenney.

Thirty-first District—Dr. Robert Lowry, D. J. Quinlan, John Reid, Major James Enright.

Thirty-second District—J. J. McManus, W. J. Reilly, Michael McGrath, William J. Renwick, Charles Kelly.

Thirty-third District—Robert Allen, F. C. Cleary, T. Kelly, Eugene D. Sullivan, James Kingston.

Thirty-fourth District—R. Lynch, R. Webb, A. W. Thompson.

Thirty-sixth District—Dennis O'Keefe, Patrick Casserly, John Sainsinio, W. D. Crowley.

Thirty-ninth District—L. W. Lovey.

Forty-first District—O. M. Goldaracena.

Forty-fourth District—L. V. Merle, George Krimphoff.

PRECINCT OFFICERS.

The Tribune yesterday published a list of the precinct officers and the places in which the Republican primaries are to be held, so far as they were known up to that date. Since then the following names and places of voting have been turned in to the secretary of the Republican County Central Committee, the voting place being located in the town or place mentioned first in each case, where no specific polls are located:

LIVERMORE.

Livermore precincts Nos. 1 and 2, Murray precincts Nos. 1 and 2 and Altamont—Judge, O. S. Livermore; inspector, A. H. Burnell; clerks, Frank Lopez, C. S. White.

PLEASANTON.

Pleasanton precincts 1 and 2 and Dublin—Judge, A. B. Lewis; inspector, A. H. Burnell; clerks, Frank Lopez, C. S. White.

SUNOL.

Voting place, Raeboauld's vacant store; judge, George Trimingham; inspector, Charles Hadsell; clerks, H. H. Ellis, Frank King.

ALAMEDA.

Third district—Precincts part of Nos. 1, 3, 4 and 7, polling place 1003 Park street; judge, E. E. Johnson; inspector, F. W. Greeley; clerk, George E. Bordwell.

Second district—Precincts 3, 9, 10, 11; judge, F. Lombard; inspector, R. S. Falconer; clerks, H. Darneal, W. B. Fitch.

Fourth district—Balance of precincts No. 1 and all of 2, 5 and 6; judge, George E. Clark; inspector, F. W. Thompson; clerks A. S. Barber and F. J. Whiting.

FRUITVALE.

Precincts Nos. 1, 2 and 3—Judge, G. E. Eason; inspector, P. H. Blake; clerks, C. H. Lewis, John A. Sanborn.

BROOKLYN.

Precincts 1 and 2—Judge, John Hamilton; inspector, J. O. Clarriage; clerks, J. D. Armstrong, L. W. Murdock.

PIEDMONT.

Piedmont—Judge S. F. Daniels; inspector, William O'Conner; clerks, B. McDermott, Leon Smith.

ROY M'CLYMONDS' LIFE ENDS IN A VEIL OF MYSTERY.

(Continued from Page 1.)

with Herbert Whitton he returned to work with Drs. C. T. and G. W. Rodolph at 1115 Broadway. His work there was very satisfactory, and his mind seemed to be bent on acquiring a proficiency in his chosen profession. He remained there and was working up to the time of his sudden fate.

The young fellow is known throughout the city in social and musical circles. He has shown rare ability in instrumental music and was the leader of a mandolin and guitar club. The news of his untimely death will be a shock to hundreds of the best families of Oakland.

SLUMBERS IN THE WATERS OF THE BAY.

Charles Calkins the Lad Who Jumped Off the Newark.

There seems to be no doubt now that the young man who jumped into the bay off the steamer Newark last Tuesday morning is Charles Calkins of Berkeley, the son of Lieutenant Carlos G. Calkins, of the Navy, who is now with Dewey at Manila, and who fills the important position of navigator of the flagship Olympia of the American Asiatic squadron.

The lad has been missing since the day on which the suicide took place. He left home at an hour in the morning which would have enabled him to take the boat from which the suicide jumped into the water.

Beyond this fact, however, there has been a positive identification of the young man through a photograph of him which was shown to the only witness of the suicidal act. That witness is a Mrs. Smith who resides at 1757 Alameda avenue, Alameda.

She was on the boat at the time of the plunge into the water. When she read a description of the suicide, she remarked that if she were shown a photograph of the young man she would be able to identify him.

Last night, relatives of Calkins brought a picture of the young man to Mrs. Smith and she said that it was a picture of the man whom she had seen jump into the water.

This morning no later traces could be found of the missing lad, although a number of searching parties sought young Calkins in all directions. There is no reason to believe that the lad was a victim of foul play. And there is no way in which the tragic death may be accounted for.

Taken in connection with the suicide of young McClymonds, the ending of Calkins shows a strange coincidence of melancholy or hidden motives which have cast a gloom over wide circles of acquaintances both in this city and Berkeley. The two young men were bosom friends.

It is reported that Roy McClymonds was seen at Eighth street and Broadway last evening in company with a young girl.

It is also said that he was in Maxwell's hardware store, but did not buy any ammunition or pistol.

Mr. McClymonds stated today that Roy did not own a pistol to his knowledge, and that there was no such weapon in the house. He had always used a rifle and shotgun, but never a pistol.

POLITICIANS ARE HARD AT WORK.

Many Meetings Arranged For the Next Few Days.

A meeting of the friends and supporters of Victor Metcalf was held at Market and Fourteenth streets last evening.

W. H. Chickering being unavoidably absent, the meeting was called to order by A. S. Macdonald and addresses were made by John T. Bell, Geo. W. Reed, H. S. Talcott, Geo. Roeth, and P. W. Bellingall. The meeting then adjourned to the call of the Third Ward Committee.

PORTUGUESE REPUBLICANS.

The Portuguese Republican Club of North Oakland will meet at 371 B street this evening.

MORE OF METCALF'S FRIENDS.

There will be a meeting of some of the residents of the Third Ward at the store, northeast corner of Fourteenth and Market streets, at 8 o'clock tomorrow evening, of supporters of Victor H. Metcalf, aspirant for Congress for Third Congressional District of California, to discuss ways and means to effect his nomination. You are invited to be present and bring with you any friends who may be of the same mind. There will be good speaking and a male quartette.

Yours truly,
J. E. CONE,
E. S. DOWDLE,
Committee.

PARDEE AT HAYWARDS.

There will be a Pardee meeting at Haywards to-night. Speakers are as follows: Dr. Ellis, William N. Friend, S. W. Congdon, B. F. Woolner, Judge Allen, Dr. G. C. Pardee. A quartette will also be present.

TWO SIDES AT ONCE.

The Emeryville Republican Club, which was organized recently at Thirty-seventh street and San Pablo avenue, is to hold a regular meeting tonight and invites both Pardee and Davis supporters to be present and talk for their respective favorites.

TO PERPETUATE A FAMOUS NAME.

Son of the Late Gen. Grant Wants to Become United States Senator.

U. S. Grant of San Diego is in San Francisco and is attracting a great deal of attention, more especially because of his avowed determination to stand as a candidate for United States Senator.

It is known that the gentleman's mother, the wife of the great general, expressed a desire some time ago that the name of Grant should not be permitted to cease to be associated with the conduct of public affairs, and that it was her wish that one of her sons should become a United States Senator. The expression met with the approval of all who heard it, and they agreed to do all within their power to assist U. S. Grant to secure the appointment from California.

Among those to whom the desire was conveyed was Senator Hanna. The Senator's secretary is now in San Francisco, and it is said that his appearance there has been occasioned by a desire to carry out his principal's wish by aiding Grant as far as he may in a political manner.

It is understood that Vanderbilt of New York and a number of wealthy men of the same place will aid Grant both by their influence and in other ways and make a campaign even more noted than was that which resulted in the election of the late Senator Stanford.

REAR ADMIRAL KIRKLAND IS ON HIS DEATH BED.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

VALLEJO, Cal., Aug. 11.—Rear Admiral Kirkland was very low today, the physicians having to resort to artificial respiration to keep him alive. He has since rallied. He is so weak that he is unable to raise the blood accumulating his throat. Dr. W. E. Taylor, who was summoned by wire, came up from San Francisco. He does not hold any hopes. Admiral Kirkland may pass away at any moment. Everything possible is being done to preserve quiet. Orders have been given not to sound the bells in the Navy Yards. The physicians are not inclined to talk.

NEGRESS TRIES TO JUMP OFF THE PIEDMONT

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—Edith Quinn, a negress, who was evidently out of her mind, attempted to jump overboard from the ferryboat Piedmont on that vessel's 10:50 trip from the Pier. A lady passenger noticed the girl's strange actions and grabbed the would-be suicide before she could get over the rail. She is detained by the police.

RECOGNIZED BY A FLEECED VICTIM.

R. C. Craft Overhauls a Bunco Man Who Defrauded Him.

R. C. Craft, an employee of the State Board of Harbor Commissioners, and who was formerly a grocer at the corner of Eleventh avenue and Krouss street in this city, recognized William Andrews in San Francisco, who is wanted in San Luis Obispo on a number of charges of embezzlement, as a man who about two years ago passed a number of bogus checks upon him.

At that time Andrews went under the name of Bennett. He opened a small account with the Union Savings Bank, and had a check cashed by Craft. This was honored at the bank, but two later checks in similar amounts cashed by Craft, were dishonored.

Andrews will be taken to San Luis Obispo by Deputy Sheriff Cook to-morrow to answer to charges of felony and misdemeanor embezzlement and defrauding an innkeeper.

MORRIS UNGER FOUND GUILTY.

Judge Allen found Morris Unger guilty of petty larceny in the Police Court this morning.

Unger, who is a peddler, stole several packages of laundry, and when arrested had on a shirt which belonged to Charles Mitchell. When asked where he got the shirts Unger said he brought them from Australia. Afterward he said his partner gave them to him.

When Unger took the stand this morning he professed innocence and said his partner was alone responsible for the trouble. He had gone to Stockton since and had committed suicide.

The evidence was so direct in both cases against him that the Judge found him guilty as charged and continued the case till tomorrow for sentence.

MISS MAY WHEELER IS COMMITTED TO STOCKTON

Mary L. Wheler, who taught in the Lincoln School for ten years, and became insane through the loss of her position and distress over the death of her mother, has been sent to Stockton Insane Asylum.

HOLQUIN MAY SURRENDER TO OUR FORCES.

Without Food and Menaced by Gomez the Spanish Are in a Desperate Condition.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Little expectation is entertained of the receipt of the Spanish answer to the latest proposition to-day. Because the negotiations have narrowed down to a point where the Spanish answer, if affirmative, as expected, would simply bestow upon the French Embassador the authority to sign the protocol, and can be returned in very few words. A few persons still believe the answer may be received to-day, but the majority, basing their judgment on the well-known procrastination of the Spanish officials, have no hope of so prompt an answer. The note itself, embodying the agreement reached yesterday by Secretary Day and Embassador Cambon, was all filed with the telegraph companies before midnight last night, but being in cipher and subject to many delays, owing to numerous translations, it could scarcely have been placed in the hands of the Madrid authorities before noon to-day, allowing for the difference in time between Washington and Madrid.

If any one phase of the campaign could influence the Spanish Government to speedy action in the consummation of this protocol, it would be the attitude of the Cubans under Gomez in the northern part of Santiago province, just outside of the line marking the territory conceded to the United States in Toral's surrender. The officials here have known that the Spanish garrisons in Holguin and in some smaller towns on the north coast and in the interior were in desperate straits for food and war supplies, and had suffered an enormous percentage of loss from disease, and had not our own forces under Shafter been checked in their operations by the epidemic of fever, a strong column would have been thrown out to the northward and have forced a surrender of all these scattered detachments of Spanish troops.

Now, however, Lieutenant Barnes, under Gomez' orders, has determined to forestall the American commanders in this movement, and it is reported the rebels have recouped several small towns evacuated by the Spanish and are pressing at the doors of Holguin.

The matter has given some concern to our military commanders, as this Cuban effort, if successful, may result in soon bringing our Government to a pass where it must find itself obliged to recognize the government set up by Gomez in his march or come to an open issue with the insurgents and forbid them from conducting further operations, except where sanctioned by the managers of our own campaign.

As is the case at Manila, so it is believed at Holguin, the Spanish commander would much prefer to surrender, if obliged to surrender at all, to the United States authorities, and not to the Cubans.

There are political reasons why the Spanish Government should impress this course upon its military commanders, seeking, as it has done, to induce the United States to assume sovereignty over Cuba instead of accepting a Cuban government. Therefore, this condition at Holguin, if known to Blanco, may induce him to take steps to surrender the place to any authorized American officer. It is intimated that the surrender on the basis would not cease at Holguin, and the rumor was afloat to-day that Havana itself has surrendered, but this failed of confirmation to all points where such news naturally would find its way.

If these conditions are known to the Spanish Government at Madrid, the fact may have an important bearing in hastening the action of the Sagasta Ministry upon the pending proposition from the United States Government.

AMERICANS WIN ANOTHER BATTLE IN PORTO RICO.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The War Department late this afternoon received the following:

"PONCE, Aug. 11 (via Bermuda, Aug. 11.)—Secretary of War, Washington: The following message received from Schwan, camp near Hormigueros, Aug 10: Advance guard, including cavalry, of this command, while reconnoitering northwest of Rosario river, near Hormigueros, developed strong Spanish force which lay concealed in hills north of Mayaguez. In general engagement that followed Lieutenant Byron, Eighth cavalry, my aide-de-camp, was wounded in the foot, and Private Fornberger Company D, Eleventh infantry, and another private were killed, and fourteen enlisted men were wounded. It is reported that most if not the entire Spanish garrison of Mayaguez and surrounding country, consisting of 1,000 regulars and 200 volunteers, took part in the engagement. We drove the enemy from their position, and it is believed, inflicted heavy loss. A wounded Spanish lieutenant was found in the field and brought into our lines. Conduct of officers and men beyond all praise. I propose to continue my march on Mayaguez at an early hour tomorrow.

(Signed) "'SCHWAN.'
"MILES."

GENERAL ERNEST CAPTURES COAMO.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The War Department late to-day gave out the following delayed telegram:

"PONCE, Aug. 9.—Secretary of War, Washington: The following was received from General Wilson:

"General Ernest's brigade captured Coamo, 8:30 this morning. Sixteenth Pennsylvania, Colonel Hulings commanding, led by Lieutenant Colonel Biddle of my staff, having made a turning movement through the mountains, striking the Aibonito road half a mile beyond town, captured the entire garrison of Coamo, about fifteen men. Spanish commander, Illegot, and Captain Lopez killed. Our loss reported six wounded, only one severely. Men and officers behaved excellently, Colonel Hulings and Colonel Biddle especially. This is a very important capture, and well executed. Names of wounded as soon as received here."

COAL PASSER KILLED IN FIGHT WITH DONS.

KEY WEST, Fla., Aug. 11—12:20 P. M.—One more name has been added to the small list of the navy's war victims. Emanuel Kourouris, a Greek, a coal passer on the gunboat Bancroft, was shot and instantly killed during a sharp engagement with Spanish riflemen at a point of land jutting into Cortis bay, on the south coast of Pinar del Rio. It is not known how many Spanish lives paid for his, but the Spanish loss was undoubtedly severe. The Bancroft was cruising about Cortis bay on blockade duty when a sail was seen close to the land about ten miles to the northward. The gunboat's steam launch was armed with a one-pounder, and Lieutenant Henry B. Wilson, with fourteen men, all carrying rifles, was sent in to intercept the stranger. She turned out to be a Spanish schooner.

When first observed, the Spaniard lay near the wreck of the Santo Domingo, recently sunk by the Eagle, but by the time the steam launch reached that point the schooner had worked into a port and a party of Spaniards, including a body of soldiers, was attempting to haul her ashore. The launch stood boldly in, and a brisk fire from her one-pounder speedily scattered the crowd. The Spaniards took refuge in high grass on the right shore, but in spite of the fact that the party in the launch was ignorant of the enemy's strength, the Americans went ahead with their work with admirable coolness.

A desperate fight followed between the crew of the launch and the Spanish rifleman, in which Kourouris was killed. The Spaniards were driven off, and their ship sunk. Later the Bancroft proceeded to the Isle of Pines, sank a Spanish sloop and captured a schooner loaded with wood and charcoal.

C. W. Kinsey, Dealer in Fine New Style, Household Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, Etc.
"Modern" furniture bought, exchanged or sold on installment payments. We give "green" trading stamps. 465-467 Thirteenth street.

GERMEA
FOR BREAKFAST.

CHAS. H. SPEAR
(Of Berkeley)
Candidate for re-election to the office of
County Recorder,
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

Tribune Classified

Tribune Classified is a Short Cut to the Buying Public.

Tribune Classified is an easy priced advertising medium in every department.

RATES.

One cent per word for 1 insertion.
Two cents per word for 3 insertions.
Two and one-half cents per word for 6 insertions.

Line rate per month......................50c

SITUATIONS WANTED.

½c per word for 1 insertion.
1c per word for 3 insertions.
2c per word for 6 insertions.

For discounts on term contracts, address
ADVERTISING MANAGER TRIBUNE.

BUSINESS PERSONALS

TRUNKS MOVED, 25c each. 424 Tenth st.

FURNITURE WANTED—We will give you more cash for your furniture and household goods than you can get anywhere. J. A. Munro & Co., 1517-19 Park st., Alameda, general auctioneers, Tel. red-423.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

FURNISHED front room with alcove, suitable for bedroom and parlor or single room. 1019 Clay, corner Eleventh.

FOR RENT—Four or five comfortably furnished rooms with bath; one floor of house; rent reasonable; no children. 403 Twenty-third st.

SUNNY furnished rooms in private family; with or without board; references exchanged. Address 1315 Franklin st., Oakland.

LARGE, sunny suit, with two beds, for two gentlemen; well furnished; facing on Washington st. Brunswick Hotel.

SUNNY bay window suit on first floor; well furnished; every convenience. Brunswick Hotel.

866 CASTRO ST.—Upper floor; three sunny rooms, completely furnished for housekeeping; bath; no children; rent reasonable.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS in the new office building, 406 Thirteenth, cor. Franklin.

TWO FURNISHED housekeeping rooms, $10; two unfurnished, closets, sink, laundry and yard, together or separate, $1 each. 864 Washington st., Oriental Hotel, Oakland.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

FOR RENT—Four or five pleasant unfurnished rooms. 1375 Franklin st.

ROOMS AND BOARDING.

FIRST CLASS room and board for two; terms very moderate; large bay window suit facing on Washington st. Mrs. Lamb, Brunswick Hotel.

WANTED TO BOARD—One or two little girls; a pleasant home and best of care will be given; references exchanged; terms reasonable. Address for particulars, E. R., box 3, this office.

A PLEASANT ROOM and good board in comfortable home; French spoken at table if desired. 1724 Tenth st.

NICE, SUNNY ROOM with board for two gentlemen. Apply at 913 Tenth st., Oakland.

ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—Gentleman and wife with little girl desire sunny suit and board in refined family. L. B., box 2, Tribune.

WANTED—One or two sunny furnished or unfurnished rooms, with board; boarding house or private family; East Oakland preferred. Address "Teacher," 156 East Twelfth st.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A snap; eight room modern house; fruit; flowers. Call 2223 Andover st., near Plymouth Ave. Church.

FOR RENT—Cottage, furnished or unfurnished 1518 Seventh ave., one block from electric cars.

COTTAGES CHEAPER THAN SINGLE ROOM RENT—A chance to make a selection from our list of 3, 4 and 5 room cottages, large yards, with or without stables; only ten minutes' ride on cars from 14th street; good neighborhood; high, healthy location; rent $5.50 to $10; city water included; the cottages must be seen to be appreciated. R. J. MONTGOMERY, 1112 Broadway.

ELMHURST—Seven room house on electric car line near Jones ave.; well and city water; stable; fruit; shade trees and flower garden; cement and gravel road and walks. Inquire of Mrs. E. J. Haney, Elmhurst.

HALLS TO LET.

GRAND ARMY HALL to let. Apply to C. Jurgens, 1116 Broadway.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

COSY HOME in Golden Gate; large lot 80x270; fruit trees; splendid place for poultry; cheap. Apply J. J. O'Rourke, 902 Broadway, Oakland.

FOR SALE—At a bargain; a four room modern cottage with lot 27½x116 ft.; on Twenty-third ave.; near two electric car lines; good location; street work all done; price $1,200; mortgage of $780 may be assumed. Albert Schmidt, 1122 Thirteenth ave., East Oakland

$1,300—A NEARLY NEW house; two story; six rooms and bath; lot 50x150; fruit trees; barn; best part Fruitvale; easy payments. Pleitner, agent, Fruitvale station.

OFFICE TO RENT.

SUNNY OFFICES and rooms to let, with or without board; reasonable rates. 1116 Broadway.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

COTTON BROS. & CO., bridge builders and general contractors, engineers and builders of all kinds of bridge work; pile driving and wharf building. 478½ Tenth st., Oakland; telephone 814.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, or will trade—Two lots on Mountain View ave., Elmhurst; 50x141 each; situated three blocks from power house. Address D. G., box 1, Tribune office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A ladies' small gold watch; open face. Return to 1063 Broadway and receive reward.

LOST—August 8, 1898, brown and white water spaniel dog, with scar on back; white on tip of tail. Finder will please return to E. J. Mulvey, 749 Market st.; liberal reward.

MUSICAL.

TEACHER of piano, organ, mandolin, guitar, banjo and violin. 120 Fifth st., bet. Madison and Oak sts., Oakland.

SITUTIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

GERMAN WOMAN wants work by the day. Please call 360 Eighth st.

HOLLAND'S Employment Office—Registration free. Mrs. T. J. Holland, 512 Fifteenth st., Oakland. Help of every kind and nationality. Tel. 576 black—6 bells.

RELIABLE male and female help for all kinds of work, of all nationalities, furnished promptly by leaving orders with J. P. Johnston & Co., 872 Broadway, Okd.

MRS. CATTELL'S Reliable Employment Bureau; established many years; 524 Eighth st.; only referenced help sent out; German, Scandinavian and all nationalities on hand; male and female; telephone 5291 black.

PRIVATE Employment Office—Mrs. L. C. Marvin, removed to 1159 Washington st.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

FIRST CLASS WAIST HAND wanted; none other need apply. 578 Twelfth st., up-stairs.

WANTED—A girl for general housework; twelve in family; no washing. Address 945 Chestnut near Tenth.

WOMAN wishes work by the day; washing and ironing, house cleaning or cooking. Apply 959 Webster st., Oakland.

WANTED—A first class cook, wages $30; a girl for general housework, wages $25; a competent nurse for infants, woman preferred, wages $25. Call at Marvin's Hair Store, 1159 Washington st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

WANTED—By gentleman, position as nurse, companion or attendant; will travel. Address T. H., box 8, this office.

ATTORNEYS.

BENJAMIN F. BERGEN—Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 1003½ Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

STREET, J. F., Attorney. Telephone blue 824.

C. H. TEBBS, Attorney-at-Law, 1003½ Broadway, rooms 26-27.

MARTIN & ROBINSON—Attorneys-at-Law, rooms 15 and 16, 921 Broadway.

BREARTY & WHITE, Attorneys-at-Law, 1004 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

BROOKS & HARGIS, Attorneys-at-Law, Parrott bldg., San Francisco. Telephone Jessie 801.

A. L. & P. C. BLACK—Attorneys-at-Law, Room No. 8, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.; with John Yule.

PHIL M. WALSH, Attorney-at-Law, City Justices' Court building, S. E. corner Broadway and Eighth sts.

GEORGE W. LANGAN, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Livermore, Cal.; practices in all courts.

BEN F. WOOLNER, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law and Notary Public. 1003½ Broadway, rooms 7 and 8.

CLINTON G. DODGE, rooms 15 and 16, 908 Broadway.

FOX & GRAY, Attorneys-at-Law, Pacific Mutual building, entrance 6, fourth floor, San Francisco.

FRICK & GOODCELL, Attorneys-at-Law, Blake & Moffitt building, rooms 49-52.

GEORGE E. DE GOLIA, 967 Broadway, northeast corner of Ninth st., Oakland, room 2, telephone No. 82.

JOHNSON & SHAW, Law Office, 911 Broadway, rooms 2, 3 and 5.

MELVIN C. CHAPMAN, Attorney-at-Law, has removed to 905 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

SNOOK & CHURCH, Attorneys-at-Law, room 8, District Attorney's office, Court House.

NYE & KINSELL, Attorneys-at-Law, 861 Broadway.

R. M. FITZGERALD, Attorney-at-Law, 854½ Broadway, rooms 1 and 2, Oakland.

SAMUEL BELL McKEE JR., Attorney-at-Law, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

MEDICAL.

A TREATMENT that restores all cases of monthly irregularities, from whatever cause, in a few hours; safe and sure at all times when others have failed; kind aid and sympathy; travelers helped instantly; no instruments used; home in confinement; consult free the reliable specialist; pills, $1; self cure, $5. Mrs. Dr. Wyeth, 208 Turk st., nr. Jones, San Francisco.

A BLESSING to ladies suffering from irregularities and diseases peculiar to their sex; latest improved method of treatment; never fails; perfectly harmless; free from any bad effects; never makes them sick to make them well; travelers helped immediately; prices to suit the times; home in confinement. Dr. and Mrs. Davies, 1228 Market st., S. F.; consult free. French regulating pink pills, $2.

DR. C. C. O'DONNELL—Office and residence, 1206 Market st., San Francisco; office hours, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 7 to 8 P. M.; particular attention paid to diseases of women and children.

PHYSICIANS' DIRECTORY.

DR. E. J. BLAIR, physician and surgeon; residence and office 567 Fourteenth st.; hours 8 to 10 A. M. and 7:30 to 3 P. M.; telephone main 155.

D. D. CROWLEY, M. D., surgeon; office Central block, 1062 Broadway, Oakland.

OCULISTS.

HAYWARD G. THOMAS, M. D.; office Central Bank building, Fourteenth and Broadway; hours 10 to 4.

HORSESHOER.

EDMUND GATES—Horse-shoer and blacksmith, San Leandro road, corner High st.; horses properly shod, $1.25; plain shoeing, $1; special attention paid to horses that wear out hind shoes too rapidly; light tire setting, 50c each; new steel buggy tires, per set, $5; all kinds of jobbing and repairing at reasonable rates.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED—D. F. McDonald & Co., 463 Ninth st.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos, jewelry, live stock, merchandise, machinery, etc., by private party. 457 Ninth st.

MONEY TO LOAN on Furniture, Pianos or Stock. J. H. Edson, 1209 Broadway.

HAIR DRESSERS.

THEATRICAL WIGS—Artistic wig making to order. Mrs. L. C. Marvin, 1159 Washington st.

HYPNOTISM.

HYPNOTISM—Sick subject wanted; fare paid; Thursdays. 2267 Clinton ave., cor. Oak, Alameda.

REAL ESTATE.

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
WILLIAM J. DINGEE,

901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.

Gilt Edge Investment.—Pays 6 per cent net on the capital invested; absolutely safe; secured by first mortgage. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

GENUINE BARGAINS.

$1,500—Cottage and lot on Brush st.; six rooms and bath; high basement; cost present owner $2,500; easy terms if desired; street work all done; house in excellent condition. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$600—Fifty feet front on Twenty-second st. bet. San Pablo ave. and Market st.; street work all done: cement walks laid; easily worth $1,000; to see it is to buy it. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$180—On a macadamized street in Oakland; choice building lots for $6 per front foot; two lines of electric cars and not far from local trains; fine neighborhood; unquestionably cheapest lots in city. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$2,000—Cottage on Brush st. near Fourteenth; lot 25 feet front; house of six rooms and bath; all in good repair; east front; a bargain. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

WANTED—A piece of business property, centrally located, worth from $8,000 to $12,000, mortgaged; the owner can exchange his equity for a fine piece of residence property, clear of incumbrance. What have you to offer?

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
WILLIAM J. DINGEE,

901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.

BARGAINS.
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$3,150—Modern flats; well located; rented $32 per month; convenient and desirable.

$850—Neat four room cottage; Peralta st., near Fourteenth st.; in first class order.

$2,500—Two story house, eight rooms; good order; rents $22.50; central location; Tenth and Grove sts.

$5,500—Cost owner $8,500; Broadway business corner; fair building; rents $25 per month; bank mortgage $3,000; on account of going East owner will exchange equity for clear real estate.

$1,100 each—Two cottages, six rooms and bath each; lot 25x100; rents $10; location south of Seventh near Grove st.

$1,400—A bargain on easy terms; $150 cash, $15 month; fine seven room cottage at Twenty-third ave. (would cost more to build); lot 37x140; being sold for the bank rather than rent it; see this.

$3,000—West st.; a modern cottage home, six rooms below and two above; well built; lot 35x100; make an offer.

$1,000—Two story seven room house and stable; lot 25x133; near Thirty-second and San Pablo ave.

$4,500—Foreclosure compels a sacrifice; corner 60x75; seven room cottage; choicest and central location; four blocks of Eleventh and Broadway; any offer considered.

$2,750—Only $750 cash, balance to bank at 8 per cent; cost owner $4,500; fine modern bay window cottage, five rooms, barn; corner lot 100x125; fronts Piedmont car line; a special bargain.

CHEAP LOTS—

$650—45x104, near Twenty-ninth and Telegraph; sacrifice.
$140—25x100; Temescal, near two car lines.
$1,600—40x100, Twenty-first near Telegraph.
$650—50x140. Thirty-second near West.
$375 each—One or two acres at Elmhurst.
$1,500—45x100, on Telegraph near Twenty-ninth st.

LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,

Office and Salesrooms,

460-462 EIGHTH ST., Oakland, Cal.
460-462 EIGHTH ST., Oakland, Cal.

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THE FAMOUS
ADAMS' POINT PROPERTY
—In the—
HEART OF OAKLAND.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We announce the offering of the first subdivision of the famous "Adams' Point Property."

Thousands all over the State have picnicked under and admired the magnificent old oaks during the past forty years on this property. All the streets are graded, curbed, sewered and macadamized; cement walks are now being laid; ornamental shade trees will be planted; in fact, every lot free of cost to purchasers; gas and water pipes are laid on both sides of every street; this property is surrounded by the residences of Senator George C. Perkins, Chas. M. Cooke, Frank C. Havens, W. W. Whitman, R. George Zahn, Chas. Olney, A. F. Coffin, E. P. Flint, John L. Howard and many other fine homes; a combination of lake, bay, hill and city views such as no other property commands; lots are from 130 to 160 feet deep; no improvements of a less value than $3,000 allowed; prices from $20 to $40 per front foot; special prices and special terms will be made with the first twenty purchasers.

Call at once while you can have the best selection.

Carriages to show the property always ready. Send for illustrated souvenir containing views on and about the property.

LAKE SHORE LAND CO.

A. H. BREED, Manager, 1070 Broadway, Oakland.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

MRS. WEST, Trance Medium, consults on all business affairs; spiritual magnetic healer; card readings, 25c; short time only. 1017 Franklin st.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

UPRIGHT PIANO for sale cheap. Enquire 1011 Kirkham st.

FOR SALE—Two acres of tobacco plants ready for harvesting. For information apply to Albert Rhoda, upper Fruitvale, near Hermitage.

$35—A $70 WHITE Sewing Machine; latest style and been used one week only. A few second hand machines from $4 to $25. 380 Thirteenth st., corner Franklin st.

FOR SALE—TEN R.I.P.A.N.S. for 5 cents at druggists; one gives relief.

Small Organ For Sale.
A little gem, at H. Schellhaas, 405 Eleventh st.

REAL ESTATE.

SOME CHOICE PROPERTIES
SOME CHOICE PROPERTIES
SOME CHOICE PROPERTIES
SOME CHOICE PROPERTIES

FOR EXCHANGE
FOR EXCHANGE
FOR EXCHANGE
FOR EXCHANGE

A fine home on Ninth st. between Broadway and Oak; nine rooms and bath; a bargain; at $3,500, and owner will take a cottage valued at $2,000 to $2,500 or a good lot in part payment.

Pretty cottage on Grove st. near Thirty-third; five rooms and bath; all modern; no mortgage; owner wishes place near local station and will pay or assume mortgage for difference.

Broadway business property, valued at $8,500; mortgaged to bank; owner will trade for city or country property clear, or with small incumbrance.

BELDEN & COOK
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The Leading
REAL ESTATE DEALERS
—And—
INSTALLMENT HOME BUILDERS

1112 BROADWAY Near
1112 BROADWAY Thirteenth St.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,
THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,
THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,

458 NINTH STREET.
458 NINTH STREET.
458 NINTH STREET.

$2,750—Comfortable cottage of six rooms; lot 27½x100; on San Pablo ave. near Twenty-fifth st.; future business property.

One of the most elegant homes in the city will be offered by us for a short time at one-half its cost, account of owner's departure; full particulars at our office.

$12,500—Fifteen acres fine fruit or vegetable land; very desirable for subdivision into residence lots or for suburban residence; situate close to elegant homes in Seminary Park; comfortable house, barn, fruit trees, etc.

$260—Lot 34x134, in Teachers' tract, Berkeley; cheap.

$750—Choice corner lot in East Oakland Heights; fine elevation; good view.
$2,200—Lot 60x100 on Telegraph ave.

Property of all kinds, business, residence, inside and outside, at the lowest prices.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,
THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,

458 NINTH STREET.
458 NINTH STREET.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

AN EXCELLENT opportunity to purchase an established cycle business, including the agency for a high grade wheel, bicycle material, full rental line, and repair stock, tools, etc.; in the city of Oakland; prominent location. Address A. P., box 8, this office.

FOR SALE—An established saloon, with fine bar, glass, pictures, counter, chairs, etc., and well supplied with liquors; no agents. See the owner, Eighth and Alice, and get a big bargain.

FOR SALE—Half interest in undertaking and furniture business, on account of going East. Apply Robert Bleakley, 2129 Center, Berkeley.

DENTISTS.

A FULL SET OF TEETH, $5; painless extracting; see our combination plate; thin as paper; warranted 10 years; teeth without plates; crown and bridge work our specialty; teeth implanted or transplanted; fillings, 50c; crowns, $3.50; all work painless and warranted. Chicago Dental Parlors, 24 Sixth st., S. F.

J. M. DUNN, D. D. S.—Dental parlors, 1103½ Broadway, rooms 14-16, Union National Bank building, Oakland, Cal.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FLOUR AND MILLSTUFFS.

FLOUR—Family extras, $4.40@4.50; bakers' extras, $4.15@4.25 per bbl.

MILLSTUFFS—Prices in sacks are as follows, usual discount to the trade: Graham flour, $3.25 per 100 lbs; rye flour, $2.75 per 100; rice flour, $7; cornmeal, $2.50; extra cream cornmeal, $3.25; oatmeal, $4.25; oat groats, $4.25; hominy, $3.25@3.50; buckwheat flour, $4@4.25; cracked wheat, $3.75; farina, $4.50; whole wheat flour, $3.25; rolled oats (barrels), $5.80@6.20; in sacks, $5.60@6; pearl barley, $4.75; split peas, $4.25; green peas, $4.50 per 100 lbs.

HAY AND FEEDSTUFFS.

MIDDLINGS—$18@20 per ton.

FEEDSTUFFS—Rolled barley, $25@26; oilcake at the mill, $31@31.50; jobbing, $32@32.50; cocoanut cake, $24@25; cottonseed meal, $28@30 per ton; cornmeal, $23@23.50; cracked corn, $24@24.50.

BRAN—$15.50@16 per ton.

HAY—Wheat and oat, $14.50@16.50; oat, $13@15; barley, $13@14.50; alfalfa, $12@13; clover, nominal; wheat, $17@17.50 for good and $14@16 for lower grades, island barley, $12.50@14.

STRAW—60@85c per bale.

BEANS AND SEEDS.

BEANS—Bayos, $2.75@2.90; small whites, $2@2.15; large whites, $1.90@2; pinks, $2.50@2.60; reds, $2.60@2.75; blackeye, $2@2.25; butters, $1.60@2; limas, $2@3; pea, $2@2.15; red kidneys, $2.50@2.75 per ctl.

SEEDS—Brown mustard, $4@5 per ctl; yellow mustard, $4.25; flax, $2@2.05; canary seed, 2¼@2½c per lb; alfalfa, 3@5c; rape, 2¼@2¾c; hemp, 2¾@3c; timothy, 5@5½c.

DRIED PEAS—Niles, $1.75@2; green, $2@2.10 per ctl.

POTATOES, ONIONS, VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—Salinas burbanks, 75c@$1.10; new potatoes, 40@65c for early rose and 50c@$1.10 for burbanks in sacks.

ONIONS—New, 40@50c per ctl for red and 55@70c for yellow.

VEGETABLES—Green peas, 3½@3c lb; string beans, 2@3c; bay squash, 25@35c box; green peppers, 35@65c lb; green okra, 40@60c; cabbage, 50c per ctl; carrots, 30@50c per sack; garlic, 2@2½c lb; cucumbers, 20@25c per box; Vacaville tomatoes, 25@50c per box; egg plant, 30@60c per box.

EVAPORATED VEGETABLES—Potatoes, sliced, raw, 12c per lb in lots of 25 lbs; sliced dessicated, 16@18c; granulated raw, 18c; onions, 60c; carrots, old, 13c; new, 18c; cabbage, 30c; sweet potatoes, 30c; turnips, 25c; string beans, 30c; tomatoes, 50c.

POULTRY AND GAME.

POULTRY—Live turkeys, 15@17c for gobblers and 14@15c for hens; geese, per pair, 75c@$1; goslings, $1@1.25; ducks, $2.75@3 for old, $2.50@4 for young; hens, $3.50@4.50; roosters, young, $5@6; roosters, old, $4.25@4.50; fryers, $5@5.50; broilers, $3.50@4 for large and $2@3 for small; pigeons, $1.25@1.75 per dozen for young and $1.25@1.50 for old.

GAME—Nominal.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

BUTTER—Creamery—Fancy creameries, 23@24c; seconds, 21@22c.

Dairy—Choice to fancy, 20@21c; second grades, 16@19c.

Eastern Butter—Ladle packed, 14@15c per lb.

CHEESE—Choice mild new, 9@10c; Cream Cheddar, 10@11c; Young America, 9½@10½c; Eastern, 12@13c.

EGGS—Ranch eggs, 21@23c per dozen; store eggs, 14@17½c; duck eggs, 10@21c.

DECIDUOUS AND CITRUS FRUITS.

DECIDUOUS FRUITS—Strawberries, $4@6 per chest for large and —— for small berries; apples, 35@60c box for common, 75c@$1 for No. 1; blackberries, $2.50@4 crate; plums, 40@60c per crate and 25@50c per box; apricots, 40@65c per box and 40@65c per crate for royals; peaches, 25@65c per box and 60c@$1 per basket; crabapples, 25@40c per box; raspberries, $5@6 chest; Bartlett pears, 75c@$1 per box and $25@35 per ton for No. 1 and 25@50c per box and $15@22.50 ton for small and inferior stock.

CITRUS FRUITS—Navel oranges, $1.25@1.50; seedlings, 75c@$1.25; lemons, $1.25@2 for common and $1.25@2 for good to choice; Mexican limes, $3.50@4; California limes, in small boxes, 40@50c; bananas, $1.25@2 per bunch; pineapples, $3@4 per dozen.

PROVISIONS.

CURED MEATS—Bacon, 8½c per lb for heavy, 9c for light medium, 10½c for light, 11c for extra light and 12½@13c for sugar cured; Eastern sugar cured hams, 10½@11c; California hams, 9½@10c; mess beef, $10.50 per bbl; extra mess beef, $11; family beef, $12; salt pork, $9; extra prime pork, $10; extra clear, $17@17.50; mess, $15; smoked beef, 12@12½c per lb.

LARD—Eastern tierces quoted at 6c per lb for compound and 7¼c for pure; pail, 8c; California tierces, 5½c per lb for compound and 7c for pure; half barrels, 7¼c; 10 lb tins, 8c; 5 lb tins, 8¼c.

COTTOLENE—Tierces, 6⅛@6⅞c packages, less than 300 lbs—1 lb pails, 60 in a case, 9¼c; 3 lb pails, 20 in a case, 8⅝c; 5 lb pails, 12 in a case, 8½c; 10 lb pails, 6 in a case, 8⅜c; 50 lb tins, 1 or 2 in a case, 7⅝c; wooden buckets, 20 lbs net, 8¼c; fancy tubs, 80 lbs net, 7⅝c; half barrels, about 110 lbs, 7⅝c per lb.

SAN FRANCISCO MEAT MARKET.

BEEF—First quality, 6½c; second quality, 5½@6c; third quality, 4½@5½c per lb.

VEAL—Large, 4@5c; small, 6@7c per lb.

MUTTON—Wethers, 7@7½c; ewes, 6@6½c per lb.

LAMB—Spring, 7@8c per lb.

PORK—Live hogs, 4c for large and 4¼c for medium; stock hogs, 2@3½c; dressed hogs, 5½@6½c.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BAGS—Calcutta grain bags, 4⅜c; wool bags, 26@28c; San Quentin, $4.85.

COAL—Wellington, $8 per ton; new Wellington, $8; Southfield Wellington, $7.50; Seattle, $6; Bryant, $6; Coos Bay, $5; Wallsend, $7.50; Scotch, $10; Cumberland, $10.25 in bulk and $11.50 in sacks; Pennsylvania anthracite egg, $14; Cannel, $10 per ton; Rock Springs, Castle Gate and Pleasant Valley, $7.60; coke, $12 per ton in bulk and $14 in sacks.

SUGAR—The Western Sugar Refinery fine crushed, 7c; powdered, 6½c; dry granulated, 6⅜c; confectioners' A, 6⅜c; magnolia A, 5⅞c; extra C, 6⅜c; golden C, 6⅛c per lb; half bbls ¼c more than bbls, candy granulated, 6c; California A, 6⅜c; and boxes ½c more.

DRIED FRUITS, NUTS, RAISINS, ETC.

RAISINS—2@2½c for 2-crown, 2¼@2¾c for 3-crown, 3@3½c for 4-crown, 3@4c for seedless sultanas, 2½@3c for seedless muscatels and $1@1.15 for London layers; dried grapes, 4c.

DRIED FRUITS—New prunes, 3½@4c; prunes, 4¾@5c for 40-50's, 4¼@4½c for 50-60's, 3¾@4c for 60-70's, 3¼@3½c for 70-80's, 2¾@3c for 80-90's, 2@2½c for 90-100's; new peaches, 6½@7c; old, 4½@6c; peeled, 10@12½c; apricots, 5@6½c for royals and 7@8c for good to fancy moorparks; evaporated apples, 7½@8c; sun-dried, 4½@5c; black figs in sacks, 2@2½c; plums, 4½@4¾c for pitted and 1¼@1½c for unpitted; bleached plums, 5@5½c; nectarines, 4@5c for prime to fancy; pears, 2½@4½c for quarters and 3@5½c for halves, according to color, etc.

NUTS—Walnuts, new, 6c for hardshell and 7c for softshell; almonds, 3@4c for hardshell and 6@7c for softshell and 8½@9c for paper-shell; peanuts, 4@5½c for hardshell, 4@6c for softshell; pecans, 6½@8c; filberts, 9½@10c; Brazil nuts, 8@9c per lb; cocoanuts, $4.50@5 per 100.

HONEY—Comb, 9@10c for bright and 6@7c for lower grades; water white extracted, 5½@6c; light amber extracted, 4¾@5¼c per lb.

BEESWAX—24@26c per lb.

HIDES, TALLOW, WOOL AND HOPS.

HIDES AND SKINS—Heavy salted steers, 10c; medium, 9c; light, 8½c; dry calf, 17c; culls and brands, 12c; deerskins, good summer, 25@30c per lb; goatskins, 27½@30c each; kids, 5@10c; medium, 30c; winter, 10c; sheepskins, shearings, 20@30c each; short wool, 30@40c each; medium, 60@80c; long wools, 90c@$1.10 each.

TALLOW—No. 1 rendered, 3¼c per lb; No. 2, 2@2½c; refined, 4½@4¾c; grease, 2c.

HOPS—1897 crop, 9@12½c per lb.

WOOL—Fall clip—San Joaquin, defective, 8@10; southern mountain, 9@11; free northern, 12@14c; Eastern Oregon, 10@12c; Valley Oregon, 15@17c.

OFFICIAL RECORDS.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1898.

DEEDS.

Sept 14, 97—Sarah R Yoakum to H C Morris, Bklyn Tp, lot 1 blk A, Fannie Davenport tract, $10.

Aug 6, 98—H C Morris to John Dahl, Bklyn Tp, lot 10 blk 19, Warner tract, $10.

Aug 8, 98—Henry Z and Sarah M Jones to Max A W Hubert, Bklyn Tp, lots 29 and 30 blk 4, Allendale tract, $10.

Aug 9, 98—Adam and Frances Jacobs to Same, Bklyn Tp, lot 31 blk 4, Same, $400.

Aug 10, 98—Geo Cottrell to Madeline Connor, Okd, N 14th st 90 E West st E 50x N 117.6 blk H, North Okd Assn.

Same to Same, Okd, S 8th st 40 W Brush st W 35 x S 100 being the W 35 ft lots 16 to 18 blk 96, $10.

Aug 4, 98—Mary E Knowles to Mary L Rhodes, E Okd, lot 5 blk N, Knowles and Potter sub Kennedy tract, $300.

Aug 10, 98—Levitt H Cox to Willie Lucy Cox, Okd Anx, N 37th st 242.50 E West st E 26.50 x E 147.50 being lot 21 blk B, Major Given tract, gift.

June 15, 98—Chas Harrison to M Shanatenhouse, Bklyn Tp lot 35 Gem tract, $10.

Aug 6, 98—Union Savings Bank to E Nusbaumer, Bklyn Tp, N Monroe or 16th st 325 W Fruitvale av W 40 x N 158.5 being lot 10 blk A Church tract, $10.

Aug 13, 97—Paul J and Eugenie C Avhens to Louis and Caroline C Schaffer, Murray Tp, 80 acres being the E ½ of SE ¼ of Sec 13 Tp 3 S R 2 E subj to mtge, $10.

PROBATE.

5,766—Aug 1, 98—Est Frank Enos, decree vesting following ppty to Louise L Bettencourt, NW 15th av 65 SW E-15th st SW 35 x NW 75 blk 16, San Antonio, E Okd.

MORTGAGES.

Aug 9, 98—Max A W Hubert to Adam Jacobs, Bklyn Tp, lots 29, 30, and 31 blk 4, Allendale tract, 2 years, 8 per cent, $400.

Aug 9, 98—Lucena Parsons to Oakland Bank of Savings, Okd Anx, lot 9 blk C, Parsons Golden Gate tract, $700.

Aug 1, 98—Ada P and Jessie S Roberts to Continental B & L Assn, Okd Anx, N Grace av 120 E Lowell st N 95.91 E to E line Plot 43 V and D Peralta S 43 W to beg, being lot 5 blk L Same, 7 years, 6 per cent, $1,100.

Aug 10, 98—Madeline Connor to Geo Cottrell, Okd, N 14th st 90 E West st E 50 x N 117.6 blk H, North Okd Hd Assn.

Same to Same, S 8th 40 W Brush st W 35 x S 100 blk 96, 2 years, 8 per cent, $3,000.

Aug 8, 98—E Nusbaumer to John McRae, Bklyn Tp, N Monroe or 16th st 325 W Fruitvale av W 40 x N 158.5 blk A, Church tract, 1 year, 8 per cent, $1,200.

July 30, 98—Antonio and Teresa Basso to G B Cordano, Okd, S 3d st 75 E Castro st E 75 S 97.2 W 50 S 2-10 W 25 N 100 to beg blk 23, 4 years, 5 per cent, $1,500.

July 9, 98—Fredk and Marie Bormann to The Theo Gier Co (a cptn.) Bklyn Tp, .35 of an acre beg at NE cor 3.26 acre tract of Contra Costa Co, thce E along a curved line with a radius of 217.50 ft on S line right of way Highland Park and Fruitvale R R 62.70, th SW 250 NW 70 NE 244.50 to beg.

Same to Same, Bklyn Tp, beg at NE cor above described land, th SW 250 SE E-2 N 238 to a pt on 1st course named distant 12 ft S from pt of beg.

Same to Same, Bklyn Tp, use of strip of land as a right of way along both sides of railroad track of line Highland Park and Fruitvale R R Co, from the line of Haley av to tract 1st herein described, 1 year, 8 per cent, $150.

DEEDS OF TRUST.

Aug. 9, 1898—A. W. & Maria B. Gamble to H. Sevening & J. E. Baker trs Alameda Savings Bank, Ala, N Central av 614-10¾ E from the dividing line bet Chipman E 111.687 acre tct and Aughinbaugh 223.374 acre tct N 148-5½ x E 40, being ptn Chipman E 111.687 acre tct, $750.

Aug. 10, 1898—John H. Lange to Isaac L. Requa & W. W. Garthwaite trs Okd Bank of Svgs, E Okd, SE 19th av 35 SW E-26th st SW 70 x SE 117.6 blk 84, Northern Addn to Bklyn; SW E-26th st 117-6 SE 19th av SE 30 x SW 140 blk 84, of above Map, $550.

Aug. 5, 1898—Marcia A. Sharp to J. West Martin & Wm. G. Henshaw trs Union Svgs Bank, Okd, W Myrtle st 311-10 N from center 24th st N 28-2 x W 125, $500.

RELEASES.

Aug. 9, 1898—Rebecca M. Bodecker by atty to Henry Z. & Sarah M. Jones, Bklyn Tp, 583 m 177, Lots 29, 30, 44 and 45 blk 4; Lots 22 and 23 blk 12, Allendale tct, partial, $300.

Aug. 5, 1898—Hibernia S. & L. Socy to Mary H. Simpson, Okd, 497 m 60, S Simpson av 775.9 W Telegraph av W 27-6 x S 106.33, being ptn Simpson tct, partial.

July 22, 1898—Same to Albert & Emma Behneman, Ala, 527 m 176, N Buena Vista av 179-11 W St. Charles st N 150 x W 50 blk K, Map of ppty Columbus Bartlett at Mastick Station, $600.

Aug. 10, 1898—John A. Jones to John McRae, Bklyn Tp, 465 m 371, Lot 10 blk A, Church tct, $2000.

EXECUXTION.

14,441—Aug. 10, 1898—T. W. Sigourney vs. J. H. Bockemann, NW Todd st and Stanford av NE 105 W to W line lot 15 S to N Todd st E to beg, ptn blk F, Paradise Park, Bkly, $103. Writ issued from Justices Court, Okd Tp.

ATTACHMENTS.

15,412—Aug. 10, 1898—J. P. Cogswell vs. M. D. W. Stockham et al, E Watts 40 N 45th st N 40 x E 125 blk 2 Coggeshall tract W of San Pablo av, Okd Tp; $40. Writ issued from Superior Court Ala.

ASSIGNMENTS.

Nov. 27, 1896—Damos Massonabe to Pierre Trouillet, assigns 534 m 352 made by Anna Massonabe June 30, 1896, for $3,035, NW Milvia st and Berkeley way N 145 x W 45 Bkly; $500.

AGREEMENT.

Jan. 27, 1897—W. F. Goad with W. H. Chapman, to convey 12.22 acres beg at post on SE side 40 ft surveyed road running through the prune orchard and leading to the ranch house, said stake being marked "W H C—R—M D N," thence along side of road SW 190.1 ft SW 128.3 ft to post marked "R—169," th SE 84.5 ft to post marked "R—170," th SE 174.3 SW 300 SE 816 NE 500.5 NW 1415 to beg, Instal, 7 per cent; $2,256.

BUILDERS' CONTRACTS.

July 30, 1898—J. P. Robertson, owner, with J. C. Caldwell, contractor, architects, Cunningham Bros. To erect a frame building on lot 6 blk 8 map of T. M. Antisell's map of Villa Lots, Bkly. Frame up and roof sheathed, $576; first coat plaster on, $576; completed, $575; usual 35 days, $576; total, $2,303. Bonds, $576; E. R. Tutt and J. A. Marshall, sureties; limit, 75 working days; forfeit, $3 per day. Plans and specifications filed.

Aug. 9, 1898—Lee E. Andrews, owner, with Robert McBeth, contractor; architect, none. All work for a 2-story frame building on N Isabella st 400 W San Pablo av W 25 x N 139-2¼, Okd; frame up, $412.50; brown coated, $412.50; completed, $412.50; usual 35 days, $412.50; total, $1.50. Bonds, $486; Wm. F. Hockins and C. Clausen, sureties; limit and forfeit, none. Plans and specifications filed.

CHATTEL MORTGAGES.

Aug. 10, 1898—Fannie L. Baxter to D. R. McPherson, furniture, etc., at 1457 8th st, Okd, 1 year 1 per cent per month; $1,000.

Aug. 6, 1898—Geo. H. Denison to Mrs. M. G. Denison, personal ppty on ranch adjoining the ranch of A. D. Pryal on the N, Okd Tp. On demand $325.

SUPERIOR COURT ACTIONS.

15,412 D 3—J. P. Cogswell vs. M. D. W. Stockham et al, attachment, $400; Z. N. Goldsby.

14,413 D 2—Madeline Condon vs. Ernest N. Condon, divorce; W. H. L. Hynes.

15,414 D 1—W. B. White vs. estate Julia A. Steele et al, board and care of horses, $483; H. B. Griffith.

15,415 D 3—John A. Carbone vs. Marguerite B. Carbone, divorce; Fred L. Button.

JUDGMENTS.

4,947—M. S. Armstrong vs. Madella Armstrong, decree of divorce.

14,997—J. C. Schmidt et al vs. Wm. J. Schmidt, of dismissal.

ESTATES.

5,820-D 4—Estate of John H. Abbott, application for probate of will by Carrie A. Kercheval, real and personal property; attorney, F. L. Button.

6,821-D 4—Estate of Geo. C. Woodsum, application for letters of administration by Ellen E. Woodsum, real and personal property $1,500; attorney Thos. F. Graber.

5,822-D 4—Estate of Daisy M. Johnson (minor), application letters of guardianship by Andrew Johnson, claim $100; attorney, Robert Edgar.

5,823-D 4—Estate of Wm. Brown, application for probate of will by Fannie Brown, real and personal property; attorneys, Gibson & Woolner.

5,824-D 4—Estate of Lucy C. Michelson (minor) application for letters of guardianship by J. P. Michelson, legacy $1,000; attorney, C. D. Knight.

5,825-D 4—Estate of Jos. Lind (minor) application for letters of guardianship by Alexander Lind, int in estate Annie Lind $300; attorney, C. L. Colvin.

Miss Shorey and Mr. Griswold at First M. E. Church, Friday August 12th.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Galindo Hotel—J. Ralph Pruett, P. B. Pruett, George and Clifford Pruett, Pendleton; David Buckner, Savor; John G. Buswell, Klondike; Edward J. Mullcihy.

Crellin Hotel—V. S. Hatfield, Sacramento; R. W. Johnson, San Rafael; E. B. Hudson, Cincinnati; W. W. Young, Sacramento; E. W. Potter, Sacramento.

Metropole Hotel—O. N. Guedan and wife, Fort Wayne; J. P. Burnham and wife and Miss L. M. Burnham, Portland.

Albany Hotel—Mrs. Wilson and daughter, Oakland; W. Green, Oakland; Dr. F. Leniers.

COURTS ADMIT NEW CITIZENS.

Frank C. Austin, Thomas Kearney, James Walker, James Lorri and James Rye were today admitted into citizenship of the United States.

20 Bedroom Suits 20

At our store. Direct from manufacturers. They say, sell them right quick; will send carload in short time. Bargains tomorrow, at H. Schellhaas' old store, 408 Eleventh st.

White Hair Matresses

Wool and spring beds, best and cleanest in town. H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh near Franklin. Telephone 852 blue.

"My Cake Is Dough."
Did not use Sperry's Flour.

PARDEE MEN MEET IN THE FOURTH WARD.

Open Air Rostrum and Four Rousing Speeches.

Workers Pledge Support to the Native Son of California.

The Republican supporters of George C. Pardee held an open air meeting at Seventh and West streets last night, where an enthusiastic crowd assembled around a blazing log fire and listened to four rousing speeches which were very pleasantly interspersed with selections by a brass band. The rostrum was nothing less than a large dray, wherein sat the speakers of the evening. After a short session, the platform with its contents sped away to other ports.

Dr. Pardee was called upon to open the meeting, and he responded amid a din of applause. The speaker said in substance:

"I do not think it necessary to make any explanation or offer any apologies for appearing before the voters of the Fourth Ward. It was in this ward that I spent my boyhood days. It was here that I spent the four years of my college life. It was here that I spent the happiest days of my life—the days most free from cares and responsibility.

"When I came here, Market street was out in the woods. Many a time I stole out with my poor old father's shotgun and went out to try a shot right around this section.

"You, therefore, know who I am. My record is an open book which any of you may read. I am frank to say that I want to be Governor of my native State, and I ask you if you think there is proper timber in me to fit me for the Gubernatorial chair, to help me attain my desire.

"I think I can just about fill that little chair at Sacramento. If I can't fill it, we have another man in Alameda county who can, and that is Mr. Davis. I am in this fight for Alameda county and if I can't get a solid delegation I want Davis to have it. If the other fellow, Mr. Davis—and no man dare say a word against him in my presence—gets a majority of the delegates, let us give him all. I will give him my entire support. I have tried to get him to make the same proposition, but he will not do it. Probably he thinks he can go to Sacramento and get a nomination without the unanimous support of this county; or with a minority of its delegates. No man has ever done so; and none will ever do so.

"I say Mr. Davis is a good man. I hope there will be no acrimony develop between Mr. Davis and myself. I hope this campaign will be carried to a successful issue for Alameda county. I will give to Mr. Davis my entire support if he gets more delegates than I do. I ask you if that is not loyal to Alameda county. We must win the fight. In order to do this it will be necessary to send a solid delegation. A split delegation will be laughed off the convention floor. I have advocated this proposition on the stump and in private for many weeks. My opponent, however, will not accede to any such a proposition.

"There is nothing left for me to say. You know who I am. I simply ask you to cast your little vote for my delegates at the primaries next Saturday."

Assemblyman Frank Leavitt followed Dr. Pardee.

"Dr. Pardee has left very little to be said in his favor," remarked Leavitt. "He has covered the whole ground. He has told of his candidacy and of his opponent's candidacy. He has told you what he proposes to do and he has told you what he wants you to do.

"It doesn't make any difference what side of the fence George C. Pardee is on, you always know where to find him. You don't have to go beating around the bush to find where he stands.

"Mr. Davis is an excellent gentleman. I can say many nice things in his favor; but for every one thing that I can say for Mr. Davis, I can say two for Dr. Pardee.

"Dr. Pardee wants a solid delegation and I think he should have it. All of my friends are lined up for Pardee, and I shall do everything in my power for him. If he does not get all the delegates, I think he should withdraw in favor of Davis, and I think Davis should reciprocate."

William Pitman next took the rostrum and spoke as follows:

"I'm a Republican. I am for George C. Pardee for Governor of this State. If there is ever a time in this State when every Republican ought to put his shoulder to the wheel and support the principles of the party, it is this year. The Republicans have educated this State and have built it up. They should not now forsake it.

"I do not see why we cannot take up a man whom we love; a man who has a heart as big as the Lookout Mountains, and make him Governor of this State.

"I have nothing to say against the opponent of Dr. Pardee. I would not know him if I should see him. But I am for George C. Pardee, first, last, and all the time. We could not put a better man in the chair than George C. Pardee, and I hope he will get a strong vote from this district."

Frank Barnett followed and said in substance:

"I believe the interests of our country are subserved by the success of the Republican party. I have from the beginning announced myself in favor of the candidacy of George C. Pardee. We have the record of his work. What more can we want? I believe it will be an honor to the representatives of the Forty-eighth Assembly District to be able to say that they supported George C. Pardee in his fight for the Governorship of California. Before this is over, I hope we shall have the privilege of saying that the Governor of this State hailed from this Assembly District and from the Fourth Ward."

William S. O'Brien in conclusion announced that Attorneys Charles E. Snook and Lincoln S. Church were billed to speak, but owing to other engagements were detained. He therefore moved that it be the sense of the meeting that it support George C. Pardee in his fight for the chief executive's chair of the State and particularly at the approaching primaries. The motion was carried, and with a loud "Hurrah!" for George C. Pardee, the meeting adjourned.

J. W. Metcalf and Miss Kellogg, Friday, August 12, First M. E. Church.

Oakland Tribune

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AT FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH.

OUR EASTERN OFFICE.

The Eastern Office of The Tribune is located at 230 Temple Court Building, New York City. Complete files of The Tribune may be found there. Visitors always welcome. E. KATZ, Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

Dewey—"Rip Van Winkle."
Alcazar—"Camille."
Columbia—"His Absent Boy."
Morosco's—"The Cherry Pickers."
Tivoli—"Faust."
Orpheum—High Class Vaudeville.
PICNICS AT SHELL MOUND PARK.
August 14—United Lodges of Hermann's Sons, to 11 P. M.

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11—Weather forecast: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday, with scattered thunder storms this afternoon and tonight in mountains; fresh west wind.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 11, 1898.

Does the possession of money make a man brave, or does it make him a coward?" asks Editor Will S. Green of the Colusa Sun. Well, he is State Treasurer now—he ought to know.

The vermiform appendix is now said to be the long-looked-for missing link. There is no question about its being a link between the pocket of the surgeon and the patient, and a golden one, too.

Hobson will probably soon have an opportunity to participate in another engagement. All the girls in the country seem to be setting their caps at him, and he will indeed have to be a corker if he can successfully withstand the sieges.

Mr. Hilborn has just discovered that battleships are "the pride of our navy," otherwise, why did he in 1896 vote against the recommendation of the Secretary of the Navy to build six; cut down the number to four, and prevent the building of one on the Pacific Coast?

Oakland gets some attention in the Evening Journal of Jersey City, which says that "One of the San Francisco papers meant to mention one of the local church picnics as a huge success, but the naughty compositor left the 'e' off the huge, and now all the Oakland girls are kicking."

Dawson City is said to have a population now of 25,000. It can be put down as a sure thing, too, that 24,000 of them are living on the capital they took into the country with them, and that by this time next year they will be wishing they had never heard of the place.

The corporations are by no means escaping the war tax as it was feared they would. It is said to cost the Southern Pacific Company about $3,500 a month to affix stamps on receipts for packages. The telephone company, too, is contributing well in the thousands monthly, and was one of the few corporations to voluntarily assume the tax without a word of protest.

The new bankruptcy law is being taken advantage of all over the country, several thousand cases having been already filed. The first man in Chicago to take advantage of the law had $36,400 of liabilities, and offered a $25 watch as his assets. If by any chance that watch was a Waterbury, it will take a long time to wind up his affairs.

The new war bonds are holding their own, and those who thought that the rate of 104, at which they were quoted as soon as the subscription closed, would soon sag, must be surprised to find that the securities have an upward, rather than a downward, tendency. It is figured by financiers that they will probably reach 106 before the premium limit is topped.

"Mr. Hilborn has secured an appropriation for the completion of the Oakland harbor," so says Mr. Hilborn. Our Senators, Perkins and White, deserve the whole and sole credit for placing the harbor under the continued appropriation plan. When that was accomplished the annual appropriations for the completion of the work follow as a matter of course. So says Senator Perkins.

A movement has already been started in the East with the object of preventing a recurrence of the unseemly incidents that occurred the last time the America cup was raced for. It will be remembered that on that occasion the contending boats were considerably bothered by the flotilla of excursion craft, a large proportion of which succeeded in getting in the way of the racers. One suggestion is to have the trophy raced for so far out at sea that it will be impossible for small boats to make the trip, but this is being cried down as tending to remove the popularity and prestige of the event. However the matter is arranged, it is certainly but right that a better system of protection be effected.

WHAT MR. HILBORN HAS DONE FOR ALAMEDA COUNTY

The Tribune has no desire to say harsh things of Mr. Hilborn, and will not do so. It has no desire even to criticise his public career, and would not do so except that he insists upon posing as the world's greatest Congressman and inviting attention to his legislative accomplishments. Mr. Hilborn is a good enough man in his place, but his place is not in Congress. He proves it both by what he has done and what he has failed to do. While he owes everything to Alameda county, he owns nothing in her and has done nothing for her. Our harbor matter is a debt due to Senator Perkins. He has said so and we know it to be true. It is also true that he has twice passed appropriations in the Senate for a public building in Oakland and Hilborn has done nothing with them in the House. All that Alameda county has received in six years at Mr. Hilborn's hands is nothing.

We can't be expected therefore to grow greatly enthusiastic over the fact, if it be a fact, that Mr. Boutelle has called Mr. Hilborn a right bower. We don't care much in California for Mr. Boutelle's card games, so that it makes little difference to a suffering constituency whether Mr. Boutelle calls Mr. Hilborn a right bower or a megatherium. If Mr. Boutelle insults him, Mr. Hilborn ought to fight, if he thinks there is powder enough in the country.

How can we be expected to lift the tops off our heads in applause over the fact that "solely on the persistent and untiring efforts of Mr. Hilborn" he secured for the navy yard at Mare Island $22,000 for a paint shop, $162 for a bath house, $3,000 for a wash-house, $8,600 for an extension of the oil house," and other such thrilling deeds. We are quite satisfied that what the Government needs at Mare Island it will get, with or without Mr. Hilborn; but the things Alameda county and other parts of the district may need, they will continue to need so long as we have to depend upon his efforts to attain them.

One peck of trouble has already been prepared for the next State Legislature, for the sheepmen propose to make a big fight there for legislation in their interests. The stockmen of the valley who are accustomed to drive their sheep to the mountains at certain seasons of the year, complain that they are over-taxed under the present system. In Siskiyou county, for instance, they have to pay 15 cents a head for their sheep and in Siera and Plumas counties 5 cents a head. In order to regulate this matter better, the sheepmen are therefore forming a State organization, to be known as "The California Wool-Growers' Protective Association," and think it will be strong enough to get them what they want at Sacramento.

The Philadelphia Times is devoting considerable of its valuable editorial space to appeals in behalf of the lobster, the point being that the practice of broiling that toothsome crustacean alive is a brutal one and should be stopped. There certainly is much to commend in the crusade. On the bill of fare of almost every first-class restaurant in San Francisco or Oakland can be seen the item "half a live broiled lobster." The unfortunate shellfish is literally broiled alive, just to please a fancied taste and the agonies it suffers must be terrible. Stop the practice and kill the lobster with a knife before throwing it on the gridiron—that's the manly view of it.

There will be general satisfaction expressed if President McKinley decides to name ex-President Harrison as one of the Peace Commissioners. General Harrison possesses all the requirements of statesmanship necessary for so responsible a position and if, as is claimed, three of the other Commissioners will be Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, our Minister to Spain; Richard Olney, who was Secretary of State during Cleveland's last administration, and ex-United States Senator Edmunds of Vermont, a more able and representative body of Americans could not be imagined.

There will be a big drop in salaries at the Philippines if the United States should decide to run the place under a territorial Governor. The outside limit of his pay would be $6,000 a year, whereas Spain has been paying her chief representative there $40,000 per annum. There have evidently been lots of opportunities, too, to make a little money on the side, for Weyler is said to have cleared up nearly a million during the four years of his incumbency as Governor at Manila.

Thirty-five duels have already been fought over the Dreyfus affair, and no one has been hurt yet beyond what a strip of sticking plaster would heal. Even Zola must be ashamed of his countrymen for their idiocy in this regard and it would be a boon if some modern-minded Frenchman would either abolish their absurd code duello altogether or else make it count for something. As it is now, it makes them the laughing-stock of the world.

They say that Vienna is the most delightful city in the world to dwell in, and Thackeray tells of the old gentleman who went there with the intention of simply passing the day, but remained the rest of his life. An outsider hasn't much chance there, though, judging by a decision just made by the courts there, holding that a guest at a hotel cannot have redress if a servant retains the guest's baggage for non-payment of tips.

AMUSING LITERATURE.

Nothing in recent political literature has been quite so amusing as Mr. Hilborn's campaign card with the assigned causes why he should be renominated. They seem, however, to have been given out in seriousness, and perhaps should be so treated. Let us glance at some of them.

"A Congressman's influence is measured by his experience." That may be the measure of Mr. Hilborn's influence. But in the case of any other man it is measured by his ability, energy and integrity, but as Mr. Hilborn may not like such measures, let that pass.

"No new man, however able, can fill his place at this present time." No new man that had any ability would want to fill his place. He would make a place that would be a credit to himself and his constituency.

"He is an authority on warships; the pride of the nation." This is indeed a modest claim. Does it rest upon the fact that in 1896 he appeared and defeated the Secretary of the Navy's recommendation for six battleships—voted for a lesser number and thereby deprived the United States of a needed armament and prevented the building of another upon this coast? Or does it rest on his public declaration made here in Oakland that he "could take a canopener and punch a hole in any of our battleships." It is true that our warships are the pride of our nation; but except for Mr. Hilborn's vote on the Naval Committee we would have had more of them in our hour of need.

"In our hour of trial he proved equal to the emergency." What emergency has he been equal to and how did he prove it? By declaring when we were on the verge of a foreign war that we had not powder enough for a single shot from our guns. A declaration which, if false, should forever damn him, and which, if true, should never have been shouted into the ears of our Spanish enemies—a declaration which gave him some notoriety and brought upon him a bitter denunciation from that great soldier and statesman, General Lew Wallace.

"He is a tireless worker." That he is such during campaign times nobody disputes, but he so exhausts himself then that he is unable to do anything for this county or even to remember it until the next campaign comes around.

"Chairman Boutelle has publicly acknowledged that Hilborn is his right bower." Boutelle is not here to answer to this charge, but it is believed he has been misquoted; that what he did say is: "Hilborn is a right bower, left bower, big and little casino and joker. In short, a painted deck of pasteboard cards."

But why waste more time over such trivialites. The voters of the district will not cast their ballot in accordance with what Mr. Hilborn dreams the people think of him.

The Republicans of the great county of Alameda give unmistakable evidence that they have had enough of Mr. Hilborn. He has been given a fair trial and has always been found wanting. In six years he has accomplished nothing. When such men as Page and McKenna represented us there was no question of their renominations. Their ability and their services won the gratitude of the party which renominated without thought of opposition. Mr. Hilborn's weakness, in contrast to this, invites continued opposition and demoralizes a strong Republican district. A Democrat would have more than a good chance of defeating him if he should be renominated. A Democrat has done it in the past.

According to the Napa Journal, the assessment rolls of the various counties of California, as returned by the Assessors this year, show a general falling off of values as compared with the figures of last year, except in the mountain counties, where a slight increase has been made. This is accounted for by the fact that in the mountain counties there has been a considerable development of mines, while in the valley counties there has been a shrinkage in values, due to the protracted drought which caused a shortage of crops.

A leading New York steamship agent says that the first-class cabin passengers sailing from United States and Canadian ports to Europe this year have numbered 8,000 less up to date than for the same period last year. Good news. The statement means that at least $8,000,000 has been diverted into American channels that would have otherwise gone to European storekeepers, hotel proprietors, and transportation companies, for this class of tourists easily average $1,000 each.

The Springfield rifle should be retired from every armory as fast as possible, now that it has been tried and found wanting. The description accorded to it by Major General Breckenridge, the Inspector General of the army, tells the story in perhaps the best way. He pronounces the Springfield "A begrimed and suicidal blunderbuss upon the battlefield." Even bankrupt Spain was able to arm her troops with modern weapons, so surely we can.

Agricultural co-operative associations have proved a great success in France, about 2,000 being in operation there at the present time, with a membership estimated at 600,000. Our own farmers are gradually finding out, too, that the only way they can properly protect their interests is by consolidation, and the raisin pools, orange compacts, and walnut-growers' associations out here in California show that a unification of strength is fast going on.

A MARITAL MIX-UP.

The Supreme Court decision holding that the tugboat marriages that have cut so prominent a figure of late years in California are null and void, will create consternation in a good many homes where those who were united in that manner have been living under the fancied security of legal protection. Now, however, that this has been withdrawn from them, they will be under the necessity of marrying again, for by the decree of the highest court of the State, they do not, nor have they at any time, occupied towards each other the legal relation of husband and wife.

Apart from the legal aspect of the case, the moral effect will be widely beneficial. The fact that California was favored with a coast line of course brought into fashion the custom of ignoring the local laws and going three miles out to sea, where, according to the general belief, a marriage could be solemnized that would be just as binding as if all the forms on land were followed. This subterfuge was generally adopted by those who were either too young to be married under the State laws or else found some other legislative impediment in their way, as, for instance, the enactment by the last Legislature that divorcees cannot be married except to each other until a period of one year has elapsed from the time their divorce was obtained.

When in August, 1897, Superior Judge Allen of Los Angeles, in deciding a test case that was brought before him, held that a tugboat marriage was null and void, an endless fund of discussion was created throughout the State. The principal point upon which those who opposed his ruling relied was Section 63 of the Civil Code, which says: "All marriages contracted without this State, which would be valid by the laws of the country in which the same were contracted, are valid in this State."

The whole bottom is knocked out of this argument, though, by the Supreme Court decree, which is written by Commissioner Chipman and is concurred in by Justices McFarland, Temple, and Henshaw. Attention is primarily directed to the fact that there is no written law by which marriages at sea are legal and binding, and this being so, they certainly cannot come under the category of marriages valid by the laws of the country in which they were contracted. As against this, though, it might be argued that the common law is by statute declared the law of this State and that by it marriages at sea are valid. Very true, but only as a matter of necessity and it surely cannot be maintained that the California tugboat marriage have been of necessity in the real sense of the expression.

In addition to this particular decree, though, the Supreme Court voices itself on another matter that has been much discussed in connection with our new divorce limit. In order to evade the restrictive provision a large number of people have been in the habit of making trips to Oregon and Nevada, getting married there and then returning to California. Claim has been made that these marriages too are void, but the Supreme Court certainly thinks otherwise, for, in the opening paragraph of the present decree, it declares, "If the marriage in question can find support by the laws of any country having jurisdiction of the parties at the place where the marriage was performed, we should feel constrained by our code rule and well-considered decisions to declare it valid here, even though the parties were here domiciled at the time and went to the place where they attempted to be married for the purpose of evading our laws which they believed forbade the bans."

"Mr. Hilborn has secured an appropriation for a dry dock at Mare Island." Are we to believe that the United States Government would need a dry dock there and yet would suffer for the lack of it, except for Mr. Hilborn? It strains one's credulity. But Mr. Hilborn omits to tell us why he has not secured a public building for Oakland with six years of "influence," notwithstanding the fact that Senator Perkins twice passed the appropriation in the Senate. Sacramento, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Santa Cruz, San Jose, Stockton all have their public buildings. The Congressman who secured them did not want eight or ten years in which to do it. They were new men, but they had ability and energy.

The farmers of Kansas subscribed for five million dollars' worth of war bonds. They have got so much money there now that if Jerry Simpson tried to make another "sockless" campaign he would be hooted out of the State. He couldn't appeal to them that way as being one of themselves, for Kansas farmers nowadays wear silk socks, and diamonds, according to the reports coming from there since they tackled their big harvest.

There will possibly be an opportunity to knock out some of those convention proxies from the interior of the State, for it is a sure thing that many of those sending them will be ignorant of the fact that under the new revenue law, to make them valid each must bear a ten-cent war stamp. This innovation will doubtless lead to some unexpected troubles when the delegates get down to work.

Hood's Pills

Stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure biliousness, headache, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, etc. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Most healthful leavener in the world. Goes farther.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

"The present efficiency of our navy is largely due to me," Mr. Hilborn's circular modestly proclaims. This is the same navy about which Mr. Hilborn made the public declaration in Oakland before the Anti-Civil Service League in November, 1897, that he could take a can-opener and open the armor furnished to our navy. Such was his opinion of the Oregon then. Now one would be led to believe that he, and not the Scotts, had built that magnificent vessel.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

Mr. and Mrs. Ronald P. Gleason have returned from a summer vacation spent on the McCloud river.

Miss Francis Butz of Visalia is on a visit to Mrs. R. H. Havens, 1883 Clay street, prior to her departure for Portland, Or.

Mrs. W. H. Lawrence of Los Gatos is stopping in this city.

Miss Emma Davies and Miss Ethel de la Montanya have returned from Saratoga, where they have been spending the summer.

W. C. Haines is at the Vendome, San Jose.

Mrs. M. Allen is at the St. James, San Jose.

Mrs. Charles Perkins and daughter of this city are guests at the home of J. F. Zollner of Napa.

The Rev. and Mrs. John Barr and daughter of Red Bluff are in this city.

Dr. Carpenter has returned from Martinez.

Professor Wickson has returned from Southern California, where he started a southern series of institutes.

Professors Loughridge, Fowler and Wickson left today for Pacific Grove to commence a series of Farmers' Institutes north of Tehachapi.

Mrs. J. C. Wright, Mrs. John Berry and party have returned from a camping trip in the Santa Cruz mountains.

Rev. W. Sherer is expected home from Sausalito in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Coulter of Batavia are visiting Mrs. T. R. Dean on Kittridge street.

B. E. Hooper has returned to college.

John C. Merriam has returned from his vacation at Mount Olivet.

Professor Wm. Haskell has returned from an outing at his ranch near Kent. He spent the vacation rusticating and farming.

Professor Irving Stringham has returned from his vacation at Santa Monica. He left his family there to return after a month's time.

Professor Joseph Le Conte returned this week from a rustication at the farm of Mr. Charles Wilkinson in Sonoma county.

Professor A. B. Pierce is moving to Francisco street from Channing way.

Mr. C. W. Fredricks, who has been in town for the past three months, has returned to his home at Lawrence, Kansas.

J. S. Matheson, the popular manager of the Pacific Congress Springs, was visiting friends in Oakland yesterday.

SENATOR VEST NOW LYING AT DEATH'S DOOR.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 11.—A special to the Post Dispatch says: United States Senator Vest of Missouri, now spending the summer vacation at Asbury Park, New Jersey, is critically ill. He has been in poor health for several months. The last few days he has been failing rapidly and this morning his condition was alarming. The physicians summoned to his bedside give but little encouragement to the stricken statesman's friends and family.

HOSPITAL CANDIDATES.

Henry Drummond, a florist, residing at the Golden Eagle Hotel, has been admitted to the Receiving Hospital.

Pope's Illness Not Serious.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ROME, Aug. 11.—Dr. Lapponi and all the Vatican authorities confirm the report that the Pope's illness is slight. The doctor did not stay the night at the Vatican. The Pontiff shows symptoms of gastric inflamation, but he partook of nourishment last evening and was in excellent spirits. He rose at 5:30 and celebrated mass. Dr. Lapponi visited the Pope at 8 o'clock this morning.

THE GENUINE "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are sold only in boxes. They are wonderfully effective for Coughs and Throat Troubles.

Venerable Pastor Dies.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WELLINGTON, Mo., Aug. 11.—Rev. A. A. Moore, pastor of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, and father of General Milton Moore of Kansas City, now at Chickamauga with the army, is dead at his home here. Rev. Moore was 87 years of age and was born in Eastern Tennessee.

A Fish Removal.

W. J. Pueiz informs his patrons that he will remove his fish store in a few days to 1239 Broadway, from 423 San Pablo avenue.

Order your coal from Davie & Williams, Thirteenth and Webster streets; telephone main 54.

DEMOCRATS WILL BALLOT THIS EVENING.

Primaries to Be Held in All County Precincts.

Apportionment of Delegates For the Coming Convention.

The Democratic club rolls for the registration of members of that party who desire to vote at the Democratic primaries, which will be held in the various precincts of the city and county tonight, closed last evening.

The registration was very light, contrary to expectations. This was charged to two circumstances—first, the fact that there was no contest to arouse the enthusiasm or enmity or both of the members of the party; and, secondly, there was only one enrolling book in each ward.

The registration was heavy only in the Second and Third wards, in each of which places about 300 votes were polled. In the Sixth ward only about sixty names were placed upon the roll.

The primaries tonight in the city, at the several ward clubs, will open at 7 o'clock and continue open until 10 o'clock P. M.

In Alameda and the outlying precincts of the county, the open primary system will obtain.

The primaries in the city will be held at the following places:

First ward—J. C. Bullock's, 1686 Seventh street.

Second ward—James Sullivan's, 938 San Pablo avenue.

Third ward—Fifteenth and Market streets, Kennedy's coal yard.

Fourth ward—P. Gallagher's, Seventh and Brush.

Fifth ward—359 Twelfth street.

Sixth ward—Ryan's printing office, 401 Seventh street.

Seventh ward—633 East Twelfth street, corner Thirteenth avenue.

Temescal—Telegraph avenue and Fiftieth street.

The test for voting at the primary is: "I am a Democrat and I will support the nominees of the Democratic party at the election to be held on the 8th day of November, 1898."

All persons participating in club or primary elections must be citizens of the United States, on the Great Register of the county and duly qualified to vote in the territory for which the particular election is held.

The county is entitled to forty-three delegates in the Democratic State Convention which is to assemble in Sacramento on the 16th of this month.

The number of delegates to be selected in the various precincts of the city and county will be as follows: First, 3 delegates; Second, 4; Third, 3; Fourth, 3; Fifth, 2; Sixth, 3; Seventh, 3; Alameda, 4; Berkeley, 3; Oakland township, 3; Brooklyn township, 2; Eden township, 3; Washington township, 1; Murray township, 3; at large, 3.

It is not expected that there will be very much rivalry at tonight's primaries, because there is a union of sentiment that Maguire will be the next Gubernatorial nominee of the party.

Green's California Tea.

A purely vegetable remedy for pain in the back, headache, biliousness, dizziness, indigestion, flatulence and heartburn. Price 25 cents. All druggists.

Plumbing by Planer

is done to last. Lowest prices. Prompt attention. Anywhere in Oakland. Call up telephone black-14. 1203 San Pablo.

The Hammam departments for ladies and gentlemen at the Piedmont Baths are the most elaborate and luxuriously fitted up of any this side of Chicago. Take Piedmont cars.

A Cool Thing

Can always be had at Lehnhardt's cosy ice cream parlors. Ice cream, ice cream soda and French candies made from the purest materials. Order your ice cream for the Sunday dinner or parties; delivered in bricks or freezers to any part of the city. Tel. main 497. 1153 Broadway, near Fourteenth street.

Horsemen, Attention!

If you want an experienced veterinarian and do not wish to take chances, send for Dr. G. W. Stimpson, 698 Twenty-fourth st.

PERSONAL NOTICE.

I will do your upholstering and furniture repairing and refinishing, make anything in the line you may want to order. Will clean and relay your carpets, do your carpenter work or repair anything about the house promptly and at reasonable rates. Long experience guarantees good work. Call or leave your order at 916 Franklin st. H. J. LEWIS.

James E. Pepper, a celebrated whisky, on sale by E. F. Thayer, 464 Eighth street.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Your Butter and Cream

Might as well be honest—Grocer's Butter is weeks old; ours is hours old. Yet the prices are identical—and our Cream is first-class.

NEW JERSEY FARM CREAMERY
J. BETTENCOURT & CO.
PROP'RS
979 MARKET ST. COR. TENTH
5 TEL. RED 1704

"Save the baby! Never mind the house or the furniture or anything else; only save the baby!" This is the instinct of every mother's heart. Every woman who hopes some day to be a mother ought to realize that the health and perhaps the very life of her prospective little one is put in peril by everything which weakens or impairs her own physical condition.

It is a prospective mother's duty to keep herself as well and strong as possible and avoid all over-exertion and fatigue during the expected time. Never mind if the housework or any other work is neglected: Save the baby!

Every mother should obtain the strengthening, health-giving support of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It gives elastic endurance to the special organs and nerve-centers involved in motherhood.

It makes the coming of baby perfectly safe and comparatively painless. It fortifies the system against relapse, promotes abundant nourishment for the child and increases its natural constitutional vigor.

It is the only medicine devised expressly by an educated, experienced physician to cure the weaknesses and diseases of the feminine organism. No other preparation accomplishes this purpose with such scientific thoroughness and permanence.

A complete account of its extraordinary restorative effects in the most obstinate difficulties, is given in one chapter of Dr. Pierce's thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," which will be sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps, to pay the *cost of mailing only*. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. For a handsome cloth-bound copy, send 31 stamps. It is a complete medical library in one volume. It is written in plain English and is easily understood by the non-professional.

AMUSEMENTS

DEWEY OPERA HOUSE
HARRY JACKSON, Sole Proprietor and Manager
ALL THIS WEEK
A Dramatic Treat
Grand Scenic Production
RIP VAN WINKLE
Harry Jackson as Rip. Kate Jackson as Gretchen
New Scenery, New Costumes, New Pieces.
Prices 10c, 20c & 30c. Boxes 50c.

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Two fast trains daily with through sleepers to Chicago without change.
Only one change to New York and Boston.
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To Chicago in 3½ Days
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Through Pullman and Tourist Sleeping Cars daily.
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Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago.
Through Tickets to all Eastern Points.
L. J. WARNER, Passenger Agent

MEAT QUOTATIONS—Retail Prices.

Loin Steak	10c
Tenderloin	10c
Leg Mutton	10c
Mutton Chops	10c to 12½c
Pork Roast	8c, 10 and 12½c
Pork Chops	10c and 12½c
Pickled Pork	8c and 10c
Beef Roast	8c to 12½c
Beef Stew	6c
Mutton Stew	6c
Veal Stew	6c and 7c
Veal Roast	10c to 12½c
Mutton Shoulders	6c
Spring Lamb	10c and 12½c
Corned Beef	6c and 7c

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Special rates 2 Boarding Houses, Hotels and Restaurants.

Bulk Coal Oil
60c Per Can
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THE "Warner" Special
C. G. FIELD, - Oakland Cyclery

THIRD WARD PARDEE AND METCALF RALLY.

A Warm Indorsement of Their Respective Candidates.

Councilman Cuvellier Pays Tribute to Dr. Pardee's Worth.

PRAISE FOR VICTOR METCALF.

Judge Talcott Tells Why That Gentleman Should Be Sent to Congress.

The Metcalf and Pardee meeting held by the Third Ward Republican Club at Thirteenth and Center streets was a great success. Early in the evening bonfires were built, a drum crops secured, and by the time everything was ready an audience had assembled that filled the hall to overflowing.

President George Fitzgerald selected the names of Wm. Gross, H. D. Talcott and D. J. Mullins to be submitted to Dr. Pardee for the selection of delegates from this district to the Sacramento Convention. He then called upon the first speaker of the evening, Councilman Cuvellier.

Mr. Cuvellier said he had lived in West Oakland a number of years and he liked it so well that he was like the little boy Captain "Billy" Barnes had told about at the meeting of the Young Men's Republican League, the Third ward was good enough for him. He was glad to see so many young men beginning right by standing with the Republican party. This party had always stood for humanity, for American labor, for the oppressed, for sound money, and the name of the Republican party is synonymous with all that is good and honorable.

The speaker then went back into the history of the United States and recited incidents leading up to the birth of the Republican party. He told of the effect of the Civil War upon the young men of the South and how the influence of a Republican administration had wrought great changes in the commercial conditions of that part of the nation lying south of the Mason and Dixon line.

Continuing, he called attention to the fact that the promises of the last campaign were being fulfilled and that President McKinley was a true exponent of a government of the people, for the people and by the people. He called attention to the necessity for good faithful work at the primaries Saturday.

The question of local issues was then taken up and discussed at some length. The speaker said he was a Pardee man. Mr. Davis might be a good man, but Dr. Pardee was good enough for him. He was a man who was known as the poor man's friend, and if he shook hands with you before election you could go to Sacramento after election, and if he were elected he would know you just the same and greet you with a warm, hearty handshake. He further stated in this connection that Dr. Pardee had the confidence of the people and was a man of honest convictions who had the energy as well as the means to carry them out.

Mr. Cuvellier then spoke of the manner in which President McKinley had carried on the peace negotiations with Spain, and he called the attention of the club to the fact that he had taken the American people into his confidence while Spain was criticising his actions in this regard. Spain had asked to have the peace negotiations carried on by diplomats, but McKinley had given the terms of peace, at the same time informing the Dons that they had been licked and if the terms were not accepted the Americans would keep on thumping them until they did accept them.

Wm. Gross was then called upon and made a short address, during which he said: "We sent a young man from this ward to the Board of Health several years ago and he proved to be such a good man that we afterward elected him to the Council. He proved himself to be such a fine man that we then elected him Mayor. He was such a grand success as Mayor that we now propose to elect him to the Gubernatorial chair. That man is Dr. Pardee, whom I have known for over twenty years. He is a man still in the prime of life, who has ample means to carry out anything he may undertake, and everybody knows that the interests of the people will be looked after by Geo. C. Pardee. No matter what a man's garb may be, if Dr. Pardee once knows you he will always know you, and that is the kind of a man we want for Governor.

Judge Talcott was called upon next and said in part:

"I have already spoken at another meeting to-night, but it would give me much pleasure to address you. I am out for two good men—Metcalf and Pardee. There is no question but that we need just such a brainy man as George Pardee to head our ticket, for we have to fight a counterfeit Democratic party—it is now called the Popocratic party—and Dr. Geo. C. Pardee is just such a man as we need to fight such a combination.

"Dr. Pardee has been in the Council; he has also been Mayor, and he has always been the friend of the oppressed—you will always find him a good, clean man. These men before me know the great power which lies at the primaries. Impress it upon your friends and fellow Republicans that they should by all means be on hand Saturday. Send the delegates who are for Dr. Pardee to the convention at Sacramento, and you will elect a man who has means enough to fight with and who has brains enough to fight.

"When Dr. Pardee first decided to enter the race, he said to Mr. Davis: 'If you get the majority in the primaries, I will turn to and help you all I can, for we want an Alameda county man for our next Governor; but if I should get the greater number of votes, will you do likewise?' To this, Mr. Davis said he would make no agreement, as he did not expect to get his support in this county. This means that the Alameda county delegation will go to Sacramento divided, and if Mr. Davis goes to the convention that way he will kill himself politically, deader than the traditional cat.

"I want the men here to go to the polls Saturday and get their friends to go also, and we will give Pardee such a majority that Davis will never forget it.

"During the last few months the promises of the Republican party have been fulfilled and the party should be sustained. We can sustain this party in no better manner than by sending George C. Pardee to the Gubernatorial chair and Victor H. Metcalf to Congress.

"Victor Metcalf was a schoolmate of my brother, and I have known him as a school boy and a man. While at Yale he was a member of the boat crew, also the military company, and was devoted to athletics. That is the reason he is so straight. It has been said that he 'puts on dog,' but Victor Metcalf never 'put on dog' in his life. He was a good, clean boy, and he has grown up to be a good, clean man. There is no man easier to approach than Mr. Metcalf, and he has the ability, coupled with a commanding presence, which will win for him recognition when he goes to Washington. If we send him to Congress, he will accomplish more in one term than Hilborn will in a century.

W. H. H. Hynes was then called upon, and spoke at some length in regard to the history of the Republican party, and then took up the candidacy of Victor H. Metcalf for Congress. He said in part:

"The success of the Republican party depends upon the men we place in nomination for office. It is our duty as loyal Republicans to place on our tickets the names of the strongest men available. There is no position more important than that of Congressman, and it is necessary, therefore, that the man for Congress should have ability and strength as well as principle; a man who, if he makes a promise, will fulfill it; a progressive man, who will be able to command the respect of his associates. There is no man better fitted to fill that position than Victor H. Metcalf of the city of Oakland. If we name Victor H. Metcalf we will have a candidate who will sweep all before him and roll up such a majority as the district has never known.

"It is our duty to elect men who will best fill the requirements of office. It has been urged as a reason for Mr. Hilborn's return that he is on the Naval Committee, but I am informed that any member from this district will be put upon that board because we have a Navy Yard.

"The question has been put to Mr. Metcalf: 'If we elect you to Congress, will you make it your life work?' If a man is able to successfully fill the position of Congressman, he should be retained in office. Mr. Metcalf has signified his willingness to give up his practice and devote his life to the work required of him at the nation's capital.

"I have made a personal canvass of this ward, and find it stands almost two to one for Metcalf."

Jack Cronin was then called on and made a few remarks, after which Mr. Gross stated that in a house-to-house canvass of a portion of the ward he found twenty-two voters for Metcalf, six for Hilborn and one non-committal.

Mr. Cuvellier then said that Mr. Metcalf had promised him to introduce a bill, if he were elected, that would make it possible for a young man who enlisted in the navy to rise to the same rank as a private could in the army—that is, Second Lieutenant.

The meeting then adjourned to Monday evening, at which time it will formally endorse a candidate for Congress.

CHEESEMAN NOW CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Verdict of Coroner's Jury Fixes the Blame.

Etta M. Payne Swears to the Complaint This Morning.

Frank H. Cheeseman has been accused of the murder of Henry Brooke by the Coroner's jury which heard the testimony at the inquest held last evening. This verdict was based upon the conclusion that Cheeseman was sane when he killed Brooke.

Sergeant Green and Eugene Voorhies, bar-keeper at Wright's saloon, Seventh and Washington streets, where Cheeseman was arrested, testified that the murderer acted as a sane man. Green declared that his prisoner's conduct was that of a man somewhat intoxicated.

By deposition taken at the Receiving Hospital, Etta Payne, the wounded girl, recited her story of the crime. She admitted that her parents had warned her against going with Cheeseman, yet she had written three letters to him during the past four weeks and had met him twice. Mrs. Brooke, pale and weeping, narrated details of the shooting. Anthony G. Salvador, a soldier of the Eighth Regiment, told of his meeting with Cheeseman at the Time Card Saloon, Seventh and Webster streets, a short time before the murder occurred. A. G. Batten, a contractor, and brother-in-law of Cheeseman, resident at Elmhurst, said he had warned Brooke against his relative, who had been keeping Company with Etta Payne said:

"From what I had seen of the girl, I thought my brother-in-law was not the right kind of man to be going with her. Brooke tried to heed my advice, but I have heard Etta say that the people who talked about Frank were more crazy than he. Cheeseman was at the Ukiah Insane Asylum about two months. He shot himself about eighteen months ago in an attempt to commit suicide. He has acted in a peculiar manner since he was released."

Dr. S. H. Buteau testified that Brooke's death was caused by the bullet wound presumably inflicted by Cheeseman, and the matter was given to the jury. In a few minutes the following verdict was returned:

"We, the jury, do find that the name of the deceased was Henry J. Brooke, a native of England, aged about 52 years, that he came to his death at No. 163 Seventh street, Oakland, Cal., at about 8:30 P. M. August 8, 1898, and that death was caused by a gunshot wound in the heart inflicted by the hand of Frank H. Cheeseman with murderous intent, and we do hereby charge the said Frank H. Cheeseman with the crime of murder."

Cheeseman was not present at the investigation, but when told by the police officials what the verdict was expressed no surprise.

Etta Payne, the wounded girl, swore to a complaint this morning charging Cheeseman with the murder of Henry J. Brooke. Cheeseman will be arraigned before Judge Allen tomorrow morning, and a date set for his preliminary examination.

Chief Fletcher has had two men constantly with Cheeseman, who has protested against this watch. He has made no outbreaks since his arrest.

WARM FRIENDS OF METCALF IN THE SEVENTH.

Emil Nusbaumer Tells of the Candidate's Supporters.

Hundreds Pledge to Vote For Him at the Primaries.

SURE OF THE NOMINATION.

How the Candidate Will Carry the Other Counties in the District.

There was a rousing meeting last night of the friends of Victor H. Metcalf, who aspires to the Congressional nomination from the Third District. The gathering was held in Castle Hall on Twenty-third avenue, near East Fourteenth street. It was called to order by Attorney Nusbaumer, who, with a number of others, has been devoting himself to furthering Mr. Metcalf's political interests in that part of the city.

Mr. Nusbaumer told of the work done for Mr. Metcalf in that ward. He said that a careful canvass had been made, and that thus far 520 voters in the ward had signified their intention of casting their ballots for delegates favorable to Mr. Metcalf. Before the day set for the primary, he said, at least 100 more would sign the pledge. This, he said, showed a sentiment in favor of Mr. Metcalf, there being about 1,200 votes in the district. He said also that there had been a marked change in the sentiment towards Judge Hilborn. "I do not thing Judge Hilborn has done as much for this county as he should," the speaker said, "as much as a younger man would do. You know when you come in contact with four or five hundred Congressmen it takes a man of industry, speed and energy to obtain what his district demands. It is claimed by Mr. Hilborn that to him was due the credit of having the Tidal Canal measure put upon the continuous contract system. The record does not bear him out. To Senators Perkins and White is due the credit. It was those gentlemen who, when the bill came before the upper house, had that clause incorporated and the bill sent to conference.

YOUNGER MAN CAN DO MORE.

"The judge says that the war being on we should not change Congressmen at this time for the reason that it would interfere with the plans of the Navy and other departments. I say a younger man can do more. The claim has been put forward by the judge that he has all of the outside delegates pledged to him and that he needs but thirteen of Alameda's delegates to assure him the nomination. I know that Yolo will deliver its delegates, at least seven of the eight, to Mr. Metcalf. Again, in Contra Costa we expect to hear that the delegates are for Mr. Metcalf. We know that there is not a contest being made by the judge there.

"We expect to get enough of the sixty-eight delegates in Alameda to nominate Mr. Metcalf. It is possible, however, that in the Seventh ward there will be a silent vote, which we are not counting on, and it behooves us to do our duty here."

S. L. CHURCH SPEAKS

Lincoln S. Church said: "The Republicans of the Third Congressional District will soon be called upon to select a Congressman. Alameda county is entitled to this nomination. The Third Congressional District is entitled to be represented by a man who is a true statesman and an acknowledged leader of men. He must be a man whose character is above reproach and his position in the community must serve as his endorsement. It behooves us to carefully weigh and consider the qualities of those who desire our franchise. I have no word of criticism or praise concerning Judge Hilborn. He has not committed any grave errors, but we want a man in whom we can repose confidence in his ability and activity. We know that Mr. Metcalf will fulfill all requirements. He is no political upstart. He has lived here for years. You can make no mistake in casting a ballot for delegates who will support Mr. Metcalf at the convention. I believe to a man we should support Mr. Metcalf. Let us rally to his standard, and I assure you we will never have occasion to regret our choice."

Mr. Metcalf having arrived, he was called upon to address the meeting. He said: "This has been a particularly trying day for me and I did not think I would be able to be present, but my friend Judge Nusbaumer insisted on my appearing.

"I made up my mind some time ago to seek the nomination to Congress, partly on the solicitation of my friends and partly because I desired the office. I believe that the time has past when the office seeks the man, and deem it honorable for any man to seek office, depending on his constituents to elect him.

"I have a great interest in Oakland. When I came here I had but $10, and what I now have I owe to Oakland. I have a small interest in the cotton mills here, and on account of the lack of facilities we have to pay 50 cents a ton more for coal than is paid in San Francisco. A short time ago we got a part of a cargo of jute, and it cost $900 more than it would had we proper facilities. The south got $1,000,000 for San Pedro, but we have been struggling for twenty-two years for the improvement of our harbor. I believe the improvement of the tidal canal and the harbor to be of paramount importance.

GREAT RESPONSIBILITY.

"Nobody appreciates more thoroughly than I do the responsibility of this position of Congressman. I realize that momentous questions will come before the next Congress. We know that every heart throbbed when from across the sea came the news of Dewey's victory. I believe this country is entering upon a new era. A change is about to be made in our traditional policy, a change that means a great deal to California. I believe that what American valor has gained we should retain, and especially the Philippines. The retention of those islands means the upbuilding of a great merchant marine. If it is my good fortune to be chosen, I assure you that all my energies will be used to attain this end.

"My address is necessarily brief, for reasons you will all appreciate. I believe I will be nominated, and I know if nominated I will be elected."

The meeting adjourned with three cheers for Mr. Metcalf.

FUSE WORKS MAY BE REBUILT IF IT IS DESIRED.

Board of Supervisors Has No Prohibitive Powers.

Fruitvale and Melrose May Petition For City Annexation.

The Board of Supervisors as a committee of the whole met this morning to discuss some method of controlling the manufacture and storage of gun powder. A delegation from residents of Fruitvale was present to protest against the rebuilding of the works of the Western Fuse and Explosives Company at Melrose, which were recently destroyed in an explosion.

E. H. Marwedel, P. H. Blake, W. W. Judson and others were present. The Supervisors expressed themselves as individuals as being strongly opposed to the re-erection of the works, but declared that the law gave them as a Board no power to disbar the company from rebuilding.

"Until last week I did not believe that the company intended to rebuild," said Talcott. "Now, I think we should discuss this matter very thoroughly, and I would like to hear what Mr. Marwedel has to say."

Marwedel asked that the Board pass either a restrictive or prohibiting ordinance. He said that President Lukens had lost $75,000 in the explosion which gave an idea of the amount of powder kept at the works. He declared it was an absurd proposition to have a menace to life and property in a thickly settled population.

"If we can't get protection from the county," said Judson, "we will petition to join the city of Oakland, which will give us municipal protection."

"There is a remedy outside of this Board," said Blake. "We will appeal to the Board of Equalization to reduce property values and will sell the property to the State. The State will give us relief if you won't."

Wells didn't like the tone of Blake's voice and declared that it was threatening but Blake explained that it was no disrespect to the Board that animated him, but he felt strongly on the subject.

District Attorney Snook read the law on the subject and stated that the Board had the right to regulate the storage of powder, but that the regulations must be reasonable and must not prevent the manufacture of gun powder.

"You can prescribe rules and regulations for storing the powder," said he, "but it is an impossibility to restrict the re-erection of the works."

"What effect would it have if this portion of the county became annexed to the city of Oakland?" asked Wells.

"None as far as I can see," answered Snook. "The municipal laws would not prohibit the manufacture of gun powder. There are two or three fuse works in San Francisco."

"The city and county of San Francisco are one and there are plenty of sand hills away from habitation over there where the works could be located," remarked Marwedel. "I understand from Mr. Snook's interpretation of the law that the Board is limited in declining to grant permission for the erection of the works, but it can regulate the amount of gun powder stored. Now if the Board would adopt an ordinance making the amount the company could use daily very small, the works would probably not be rebuilt."

"But we can't interfere with their legitimate business," said Wells.

"You can make the restrictions so as to protect the residents," said Judson.

The subject was discussed further, but no action was taken. Supervisor Talcott suggested that all parties interested in the matter meet next Tuesday at 10 A. M. in the Board rooms. The Judson Dynamite and Powder Company, Melrose Fuse Works, Merritt's Fuse Works and the Judson Chemical Works will be requested to be represented at this meeting.

RUSSIA ADOPTS DYNAMITE GUNS.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ST. PETESRBURG, Aug. 11.—It is announced here, in view of the success which has attended the use of dynamite guns in Cuba, that the minister of marine proposes to adopt such weapons on four Russian warships. Their use will be extended if they turn out to be satisfactory.

New Japanese Mattings

daintily and airily colored are shown in our salesrooms, in jute and linen warp, facsimiles of carpets in pattern. The Japanese are artistic magicians. Everything they touch is charmed into beauty. Their mattings for 1898 exhibit new color effects in blue, green and red, the nearest to carpet effects of anything we have ever shown. The air of coolness they give, their durability and their wonderful inexpensiveness make them irrisistible for summer rooms.

SCHREIBER FURNITURE CO.
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Opp. Narrow Gauge Depot.

MARVELOUS SEA GUNNERY AT SANTIAGO.

English Paper Pays a Tribute to Our Prowess.

Americans Would Have Won With Conditions Reversed.

LESSONS OF THE GREAT BATTLE.

Heavy Batteries and Accurate Fire Are Bound to Insure the Victory.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—The Daily Telegraph today contains a telegraphic description of the naval battle at Santiago from its special correspondent at Siboney. Under date of July 4th in which the writer presents some considerations showing the terrible potency with which the United States ships and crews disposed of the enemy, the feebleness of the Spanish defenses, and the lessons which other nations can draw from the results of the battle." The correspondent says: "The Spaniards were no doubt outmachined, but the damage, personal and material, that they inflicted on their opponents was so small in proportion to the weapons at their command that I am convinced had the conditions been reversed the American sailors would still have won, though of course, at an immensely increased cost.

The battle also proves that it is useless, or worse than useless, because it gives a false security, to have modern ships and modern guns unless the men who are to work them are thoroughly trained in their use. In the Spanish navy such a thing as target practice was rarely heard of and the gunners were only indifferently and infrequently drilled. In the American navy, on the other hand, target practice and thorough drill were incessant. The result was that when the day of battle came the American gunners were able to give an exhibition of markmanship in sea gunnery that has never been equaled in the world, and which the sailors of no other navy, not excepting even the almost over-trained gun captains of the French navy, can hope to excel or even to equal. Training and training alone is the essential. European races are nearly all equally courageous, and all equally well armed, but victory must rest with that military organization which best prepares its men during the time of peace.

So far the lessons of the naval portion of the American war are:

That fast battleships are employed.
Have big batteries on board.
Teach the men to shoot well.

As for personnel, the Anglo-Saxon can beat anything that floats.

The battleship is, and must be, the great arbiter in naval warfare. Protected or partly protected cruisers will be helpless except against their own class, and then victory will go to the ship that keeps the most rapid and most accurate fire. The ship with the heaviest battery stands the best chance of success, other things being equal; and it is to be regretted that our own naval authorities do not armor ships as heavily as some of our neighbors, in proportion to their tonnage. We devote, no doubt, increased space to coal and reserve ammunition; but as Lord Beresford says: "It's no use having tons of ammunition on board if you have not guns to shoot quickly at your enemy when he appears."

TARIFF SCHEDULE CABLED MILES.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Up to 11 o'clock today there were no important peace developments at the White House and no indications of immediate further progress in the situation. Secretary Alger and Attorney General Griggs had a brief conference with the President during the morning, at which there was a full discussion of the proposed government of Porto Rico. While the conference was in progress a telegram of instructions for the guidance of General Miles in collecting tariff and other duties in Porto Rico was sent, after approval by the President. The new duties will be similar in general outline to those put in force preliminarily at Santiago. A regular tariff schedule for Porto Rico will be prepared soon.

Secretary Alger smiled at the Boston report that Blanco had already surrendered, and said it was the first he or the President had heard of it. He also took occasion to deny reports that any orders had been issued to commanders in the field to rest on their arms pending the signing of the protocol. Secretary Alger was asked if it was not within the range of possibility in the event that precautionary word were not sent to Manila and other remote points that an important engagement might take place after the signing the protocol. He said that it was barely possible such a thing might occur.

EQUIPPING NEW POSTAL SERVICE.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Four skilled employes of the Postoffice Department, whose thorough knowledge of all branches of the postal service has caused their selection, will sail on the Yale from New York for Santiago, where they will augment the force now controlling the military postal service there. The men are H. P. K. Muscheck and Hugo R. Ridenman of New York, Stephen O. Bridge of Baltimore and T. K. Mackey Jr. of Washington. Five other employes have been notified to hold themselves in readiness to go next week to such points in our new military service as the department shall direct. Harrison G. Sells of Buffalo, Lewis J. Robinson of Appleton, Wis., J. H. Weber of Boston, W. H. Clifford of Pittsfield, Miss., and H. B. Lemicke of Savannah are those chosen.

Columbia River Salmon Pack.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ASTORIA, Or., Aug. 11.—The salmon fishing season on the Columbia river closed at midnight. The season's pack amounts to 315,000 cases, which is 75,000 cases below the pack of last year.

SKILLFUL COOKS' DUTY.

Should Make Food Taste and Look Well.

The true science of cookery is to select proper and nourishing ingredients and then prepare them in such a manner as will please the taste, and incidentally the eye.

The most valuable food will not long agree with a person if its taste is disagreeable. This does not argue that all nice tasting articles are nutritious and nourishing. However, it is the duty of all food experts to produce delicious food and from the best possible ingredients, and to have a comprehensive knowledge of the laws of digestion and assimilation.

Grape-Nuts, the new food, made by Postum Cereal Co., Lim., Battle Creek, and now on sale at grocers, is thought to be the highest type of scientifically made food thus far produced.

It possesses the delicate sweet of grape-sugar, with a new and peculiar flavor of a most winning character, while the processes of manufacture have brought the food to such a condition that it is absorbed by the system in a most natural and healthful manner.

The Drum.

Is the place for beer on tap, and for all other drinks, served quietly. Rooms for families. M. T. Conway, formerly with W. M. Watson & Co., 564 Washington. Telephone red 2146.

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1355 PARK ST., ALAMEDA	BLACK 684

Goods Delivered Promptly

As to Fish

It will pay you to read our little lectures on fish commencing Aug. 15, '98 in The Tribune.

F. J. EDWARDS,
Washington St., bet. 8th & 9th.

Hardware

Means many things most people want. Watch this space for a series of Hardware Talk s.

SMITH'S HARDWARE CO.
Broadway, bet. 11th & 12th

NOTICE.

NOTICE—All persons are hereby cautioned not to trust any one on account of the Tribune Publishing Company without a written order signed by an officer of this corporation. Any indebtedness incurred without said order will not be recognized.
TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO.,
By W. E. DARGIE, President.
Oakland, January 1, 1898.

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Private Laboratory
No Charge for Consultation.

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Modern Methods.
Thousands Cured at Home.

Sufferers who treat with this great medical institution have many advantages. The five doctors who compose the staff are all specialists, and all consult when a cure is undertaken. The latest and most improved methods, remedies and appliances are used. Call or write for Symptom blanks and book for men or women.

English and German Expert Specialists.
A Staff of Skilled Physicians and Surgeons.
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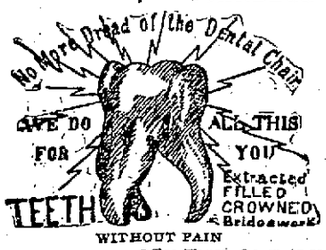

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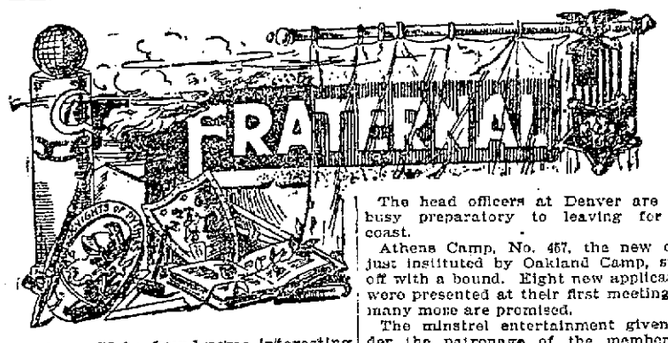

Below will be found some interesting events in the fraternal world which have transpired during the past week:

Knights of the Maccabees.

Argonaut Tent meets this evening at Pythian Hall. The following subject will be discussed by the members of the Tent:

"Resolved, That Oakland should own her own water works and electric light and gas works."

A musical and literary programme has also been prepared by Sir Knight Arthur G. Bouterious, and a full attendance of members is requested.

Several candidates will be initiated by the new degree team next Thusday evening. Seven new members were initiated during the month of July.

F. and A. M.

The second degree will be conferred at 7:30 o'clock to-morrow evening in the hall of Live Oak Lodge No. 61, F. & A. M.

Knights and Ladies of Honor.

A movement is on foot to celebrate the twenty-first anniversary of the order in San Francisco in October, and a meeting was held last evening in the office of the grand secretary, at which the matter was discussed.

Grand Army of the Republic

Appomattox Post No. 59 has decided to change its meeting nights to the first and third Friday evenings of the month instead of Thursday night.

Lyon Post No. 8 will hold a camp fire for members and old soldiers and sailors on the 30th inst.

Next Tuesday evening, Appomattox Post will pay a fraternal visit to Lyon Post.

Last Tuesday evening, Commander Sabbe and a delegation from Appomattox Post visited Lookout Mountain Post at Berkeley. The Department Commander and staff were present.

United Workmen.

The regular meeting of Pacific Lodge No. 7, A. O. U. W., takes place this evening at A. O. U. W. Hall, 1169 Broadway.

There will be a special meeting of Pacific drill team this evening.

By direction of the Supreme Lodge, war assessment No. 1 has been levied and is due this month. This is for the purpose of paying losses resulting from the present war for those who are killed or who die from wounds or disease contracted while in the army. Full rate members pay 50 cents, and half rate members 25 cents.

OAK LEAF LODGE.

Oak Leaf Lodge, No. 35, A. O. U. W., had a large attendance at its meeting Monday evening.

Several applications for membership were received, and committees of investigation on the same were appointed.

During the recess Brother Pushie sang a beautiful solo in his usual grand manner, and Brother Hall gave a dramatic recitation with his usual histrionic ability.

The recorder read an elaborate communication from the grand master workman upon matters pertinent to the order.

By a unanimous vote of the lodge Past Master Workman Lehnert was requested to deliver the lecture at the next initiation.

Remarks were made by Brothers Ingersol, Miers, Jordan, Isaacs, Harris and Heath.

Woodmen of the World.

Athens Camp No. 457 was organized at Loring Hall on Monday evening, Aug. 1st. The following officers were elected and installed: Past Consul Commander, D. A. Sinclair; consul commander, Dr. J. L. Pease; adviser lieutenant, J. C. Williamson; banker, W. H. Robertson; clerk, R. M. Brown; escort, W. E. Heathorn; watchman, Clement Frank; sentry, A. B. Fately; managers—E. B. Meek, Dr. M. M. Enos, G. C. Hunt.

At the close of the installation ceremony, which was conducted by General Organizer George K. Rogers, Head Manager I. J. Boak proceeded to institute the Camp, delivering to the officers the ritual and other paraphernalia of the order.

The Camp has started with nearly forty charter members.

On Monday evening, August 7th, the new Camp was invited to meet with Oakland Camp No. 94.

Eight more applications were received for the new camp.

The applicants will meet every Monday evening during the present month with Oakland Camp, and on the first Wednesday evening of September will move into Loring Hall (small hall) which will hereafter be their place of meeting for some time to come.

They will meet every Wednesday evening.

On Sunday, August 14th, at 2:30 P. M., all members of Athens Camp are requested to meet at Mountain View Cemetery to take part with other Camps in the annual memorial services of the order.

OAKLAND CAMP.

All interest is centered on the coming Head Camp session, which is to be held in San Francisco, beginning on Monday, August 22d, continuing through the week and possibly longer. The programme of entertainment as arranged by the committee in San Francisco will consist of reception and ball on Monday evening, excursion on the bay Wednesday, exemplification of ritualistic work by the officers and degree team of Oakland Camp, No. 94, Wednesday evening, banquet at the California Hotel Thursday evening, a union picnic at San Lorenzo Grove Saturday and a drive through Golden Gate Park with lunch at the Cliff House on Sunday.

The sessions will be held in Pioneer Hall, to which all members of the order in good standing will be welcome.

The committee representing the sixteen camps of Alameda county has practically completed the arrangements for the picnic on Saturday, August 27th. This is a union picnic of all the camps of San Francisco bay and vicinity and will undoubtedly be the largest picnic ever held in Northern California.

There are at the present time in the neighborhood of 3,000 Woodmen in San Francisco and Alameda county, and those with their families and friends, it is expected, will tax the capacity of San Lorenzo Grove to its utmost and a pleasant time is anticipated.

An electric train of ten or twelve cars will leave Seventh and Washington streets immediately after the arrival of the 10 o'clock local from Oakland pier. Regular cars will be run every half hour thereafter. The crowning event of the day will be a log chopping contest between the three champions of California, Oregon and Washington.

The head officers at Denver are very busy preparatory to leaving for the coast.

Athens Camp, No. 457, the new camp just instituted by Oakland Camp, starts off with a bound. Eight new applications were presented at their first meeting and many more are promised.

The minstrel entertainment given under the patronage of the members of Oakland Camp was a decided success and will net the camp quite a handsome sum.

Next Sunday, at 2:30 P. M., the neighbors of Oakland, Berkeley and Alameda will meet at the gates of Mountain View Cemetery and from there proceed in a body to unvail and dedicate three monuments that have been erected during the last year to the memory of deceased members of the order. A large attendance is expected. Consul Commander T. M. Robinson of Oakland Camp will act as marshal, W. H. Waste of Berkeley will read the poem and Head Manager I. I. Boak will deliver the oration.

Knights of Pythias.

A most interesting session of Piedmont Lodge was held on last Monday night, August 8th.

A full attendance of the members was present, including several visitors during the business of the evening.

The page rank was conferred on Stranger Reed in a manner which reflected much credit on the new officers, for which, under the head of good of the order, they received well merited praise from the visitors.

Owing to a vacancy in the office of prelate, Brother Shaw was nominated, elected, and installed in office by District Deputy T. H. Whalley.

Brief remarks were made by Brother J. P. Abbott of Stockton, Kheth of Battle Creek Lodge of Michigan; Guns and O'Neill of Oakland Lodge, No. 103.

Next Monday night, August 15th, Pages Reed and Emerson will be charged in the rank of esquire. A cordial invitation is extended to all sojourning members of the order, as well as those of local lodges to be present on the occasion.

Young Men's Institute.

Oakland Council No. 6, is to give a grand ball early in November.

Council No. 8, Y. M. I has several applications to act on for its next meeting.

Grand Director R. H. Hammond has returned from a trip on official business to Council No. 42, Watsonville, where he was well received and, greatly enjoyed the comforts of that hospitable council during his stay.

Delegate-Elect Alex McKinnon is a candidate for Grand Director.

Council No. 24 had a large attendance at its last meeting, among whom were many visiting members.

Council No. 31 will seek honors in the coming convention.

Grand Director R. H. Hammond aspires for one of the grand vice presidencies in the grand council.

The grand council of the Young Men's Institute will convene Monday, August 29, 1898 at San Jose.

On the morning of the first day, the delegates in a body will attend mass.

In the afternoon, the fourteenth grand council will organize and listen to the reports of the officers who have administered the affairs of the Y. M. I. in this jurisdiction since the adjournment of the thirteenth grand council at Santa Rosa in August, 1897.

In the evening, a grand ball will be given to the delegates under the auspices of Council No. 2. This ball promises to be the social event of the season.

Tuesday morning and afternoon will be devoted to matters of importance to the Y. M. I.

In the evening, the delegates will be entertained by the Young Ladies' Institute, No. 32, and an open-air concert will also be given.

Wednesday morning and afternoon will be given over to business. In the evening, the fourteenth grand council banquet will take place.

On Thursday morning, the grand Y. M. I. parade will take place, the grand council adjourning in time to take part.

In the afternoon, the general Y. M. I. reunion and barbecue will occur in the park. Dancing and other amusements will be the order of the day.

Friday will be given up to finishing the business of the session, and Saturday will see the work of the fourteenth grand council completed and go on record as history.

Native Sons.

District Deputy Grand President C. Bolderman installed the following newly elected officers of Eden Parlor of Native Sons at Haywards last Tuesday evening: Past president, J. Stanton; president, Carlkw kwigfibmnbm ton; president, Carl Neudeck; second vice-president, William Akerman; third vice-president, Ed. Nicolaisen; secretary, A. V. Morgan; financial secretary, Dr. H. Powell; trustee, Henry Ritter.

The remaining officers not installed are requested to be present next Tuesday evening, when the District Deputy will install them.

An adjourned meeting of the joint committee of Native Sons, representing the various parlors of San Francisco, Oakland, and Alameda, was held last night in the building on Mason street to make further arrangements concerning the celebration to be held in San Jose on the 9th of September. Charles E. Mooser of Presidio Parlor presided, and Robert W. Martland of Sequoia Parlor acted as secretary.

A. L. Morgenstern of Halycon Parlor, Alameda, said that he had received an informal assurance that no San Jose hotel would raise rates, and that there would be beds for all the delegates in attendance.

Degree of Honor.

The attendance at Ivy lodge No. 4, Degree of Honor, A. O. U. W., Wednesday evening was the largest of the season. One new member was initiated. The officers did extremely well, this being their first performance of the initiatory rites and ceremonies since going into office.

The business meeting was shortened in order to allow the new attraction committee to present its programme, which was undoubtedly the best ever presented to the lodge.

The hall was beautifully decorated for the occasion with flags, banners and garlands.

The programme was entitled "A Patriotic Evening of the Degree of Honor, A. O. U. W."

Upon the chairman of the evening, Past Chief of Honor Mrs. Cogan, taking the chair she was greeted with rounds of applause, as everybody expected something exceptional, as the sister is one of the most talented members of the Degree of Honor in California. Nobody was disappointed in his or her expectations, as the programme of the evening was the best ever presented before Ivy lodge.

The little patriotic speeches and readings which were rendered during the evening were the clever emanations of the chairman.

The programme was as follows, every number being loudly encored: "The Star Spangled Banner," on the piano, by Sister Holmes, the "History of Our Flag," reading by Sister Van Court; patriotic reading by Sister Butler with customary artistic ability; "Columbia," sung by Sister Littlefield, everybody joining in the chorus.

Sister Julia Jacobson gave a short descriptive sketch of Barbara Freitchie, which was the prettiest thing of the evening and was very prettily rendered.

Sister Cogan rendered several whistling solos of patriotic airs, which were greeted with loud applause.

The programme was concluded with the tableau of "The Goddess of Liberty" waving our flag on high.

Past Chief of Honor Mrs. Hodges impersonated the goddess and looked the character to perfection.

The calcium lights, which were operated by Sister Littlefield and Brother Cogan, added greatly to the effect as the tableau was concluded every one in the audience, amidst great enthusiasm, arose and sang with one accord, "America."

Every one present received a souvenir of the occasion; the brothers being presented with a flag lead pencil and the sisters receiving a souvenir picture of Old Glory and Admiral Dewey. A rising vote of thanks was tendered to the chairman of the evening and to the other members of the committee, Sisters Littlefield, Hodges, Van Court and Jacobson, for their patriotic programme.

Upon lodge reconvening, Past Chief of Honor Mrs. Carr presented her final report upon the last entertainment, which was accepted and the committee was discharged with a vote of thanks.

The new attraction committee for next Wednesday evening, Past Chief of Honor Mrs. Marks, Sisters Chloupek and Kitty Gartner, will most undoubtedly present an enjoyable programme.

Brother Merwin made a grand patriotic speech upon the great good done the American nation by such evenings as those given by the patriotic evening committees.

Remarks were also made by Past Chief of Honor Mrs. Wood, Sister Young of Silver Star, Brothers Herrick, Preston, Mitchell, Isaacs and Holmes.

Sister Woods was given, by a unanimous vote of the lodge, permission to use the property of the drill team for the purpose requested.

SOCIETY WILL ASSIST IN THE WORK OF CHARITY

Big Fete Arranged By the Young Lady Workers.

A military garden fete, brilliant and fascinating, is to be given on August 20th next at the new Piedmont Club House, by forty-six members of the Young Ladies' Relief Society. The affair, as it is now planned, will be a great undertaking, but there is no lack of energy, enterprise and determination behind it, and its success is therefore an assured fact. The beautiful grounds of the Club House are to be full of booths, and a score of odd surprises are in store for the hundreds of guests who are to be in attendance. The Boys in Blue from both this city and across the bay will take an active part in the fete, and they will be greatly in evidence about the grounds which are to be converted into a veritable fairyland. A complete programme now in course of preparation is soon to be announced.

A reception conducted by all of the young members of the Fortnightly set will be held in open air. Flowers, music, refreshments, entertainments and exhibitions will round out the day, and it is estimated that fully 1,000 tickets will be used for the affair.

The young ladies in charge of the fete, and who will personally attend to its many departments, are the Misses Jean Howard, Grace Gorrill, Irene Baker, Florence Sharon, Gertrude Allen, Alma Brown, Jane Rawlings, Sadie Hale, Mary Randall, Helene Bell, Ada Brown, Evelyn Craig, Marion Randall, Miss Kirby, Daisy Cartwright, the Misses Plau, Florence Edoff, Alice Knowles, Belle Carpenter, Anita Lohse, Miss Gage, Olive Midleton, Bertha McElrath, Caroline Coit, Sallie Quinan, Ione Foro, Pauline Fore, Camille Johnson, Florence Louden, Elizabeth Edelyn, Miss McCormick, Sue de Fremery, Harriet Kittredge, Florence Mayhew, Gertrude Gould, Claribel Munsell, Miss Rooney and others.

White duck and pretty outdoor costumes will be a feature of the afternoon's display. In the evening, a myriad of colored electric lights will lend a tone of brilliancy to the big party.

The proceeds of the affair will go toward the purchase of food and clothing for the ten families which the young women of the Relief Society are now caring for. Each of these families was left here helpless and destitute by some volunteer soldier, but each has now been cared for, provided with a house, food, clothing, money, medicine and medical attention, and will be so maintained by the young girl workers until the absent husbands return from the front.

A large sum of money is expended each month in this work, and thus far the young women have raised it by their own contributions and outside subscriptions. At least fifty helpless and forlorn people depend upon these girls now for sustenance, and it remains for the public to lend its best aid in order that the self sacrificing work may be coped with.

BERKELEY NEWS

BERKELEY, Aug. 11.—Charles Calkins, the son of Lieutenant Carlos G. Calkins of the Olympia, has been missing from his home in Berkeley since Tuesday morning. Shortly before 8 o'clock he was playing in the yard of the family residence at 2710 Haste street with his brother. He took his books under his arm and started for school. From that time he has not been seen by his relatives, although a schoolmate claims to have seen him shortly before 9 walking along Shattuck avenue.

The teachers at the Alston Way School state that young Calkins did not appear for recitations yesterday morning. On the previous day he had appeared rather listless and inattentive. He had, however, had no serious trouble with his lessons.

This morning the family of the missing boy began to believe that he was the suicide who jumped from the narrow-gauge ferry boat yesterday. Young Calkins answered to all descriptions of the victim, who has been described as having been about 17 years of age, well dressed, and wearing a cap. The Berkeley boy was 15, but large for his age, and wore a cap.

University students are beginning to arrive, and all is in readiness for the opening of college. President Kellogg said to-day:

"There are some grounds for anticipating a falling off in the attendance of students. The continuous hard times might reasonably be expected to arrest the usual large annual increase in the number of students. Last year the increase was 100, and in five years the student population has practically doubled. The first effects of hard times was to augment the attendance, the discouraging outlook in business and agricultural pursuits inclining young people to qualify for something else. There must come a time, however, when actual lack of resources will keep a proportion of the youth of the country at home."

ALAMEDA NEWS.

ALAMEDA, Aug. 11.—Two youths named James Edwardson and William Garrat were arrested last night about 12 o'clock while in the act of robbing the saloon of F. S. Crandall on Park street. They had entered the room occupied by the barkeeper, stolen the keys to the saloon, and were busy selecting what they desired when the proprietor of the place happened to pass, and hearing a noise made an investigation and caught the youths. The only thing found in their possession were some cigars, they not having had time to bundle up anything else. The young men are well connected.

Found—A hirsute tonic will grow a good head of hair in four months; will cure dandruff; stop hair from falling out in one week; restores faded and gray hair to original color in three months. New York Hair and Scalp Specialists, 476 Thirteenth street, Oakland.

The Anheuser-Busch Saloon
Is a resort for gentlemen. There are sandwiches, frankfurters and any sort of lunch to order, with a surety of nice association. Bandle & Sonderleiter, props. Ninth st. near Washington.

The Emeryville Road House, Capt. Gardner prop'r, with every accommodation for travelers, including private rooms, music room, etc., is open for business. Thirty-seventh st. and San Pablo ave.

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Telephone 852 Blue.
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The Oakland Grotto
Is a quiet place for gentlemen; finest liquors and cigars; club room; opening on July 30, 1898. Collier & Company, proprietor. Northeast corner of Eighth and Broadway.

Kuck's Inlet
Is not in Alaska. It is on Twelfth street, between Broadway and Washington streets. Never mind the numbers. It is a gentleman's resort. There is music, Anheuser Busch beer direct from the East. Any lunch to order, and a dining room for families. C. H. Kuck.

24
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FOR BILIOUS AND NERVOUS DISORDERS
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BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove obstructions or irregularities of the system and cure Sick Headache. For a
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IN MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN
Beecham's Pills are
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And have the
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of any Patent Medicine in the World.
25c. at all Drug Stores.

I having been a patient under the care of the California Willow Bark Institute at Oakland, California, Dr. A. B. Barnes, Medical Director, for four weeks, for the liquor habit, I feel it due to the Institute, as well as a pleasure to myself, to add my testimonial, hoping it may aid some other poor fellow. I have no craving or appetite for alcoholic stimulants. The California Willow Bark Institute have done as they agreed to with me, and I am glad to say I am now cured of the disease of dipsomania and drunkenness.
Respectfully,
JACK PARSONS.
652 Webster St., Oakland, Cal.
CALIFORNIA WILLOW BARK INSTITUTE,
1020 Oak Street, corner Eleventh.
A purely vegetable cure for Dipsomania, Opium, Morphine And Tobacco habits.

Arpers' Oil
Against the Combine
Ask Your Dealer For It.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Be a Strong Man!
Man, Why do you not be just to yourself. Why do you not do as you would advise your best friend to do, get back the power you have wasted.
Dr. T. D. HALL'S RE-INVIGORATOR stops all Losses in 24 hours. Cures Nervous Debility, Wasting Away, Emissions, Impotency, Losses and all weaknesses arising from errors of youth and excesses; $2 per bottle. 3 bottles for $5, guaranteed to cure.
All the many ailments of women successfully treated.
Private Diseases of all kinds quickly cured. Recent cases in a few hours.
Call or write, DR. HALL'S Medical Institute, 855 BROADWAY, near 7th Street, OAKLAND, CAL.
Cures guaranteed. Hours 10 to 12, 2 to 5, 7 to 9.
Museum of Anatomy open daily. Free to men.

PALACE PORTER
is recommended by leading physicians in Alameda County.
Delivered in Kegs, $1 50
Palace Brewery Central Avenue Bet. 2d and 3d Aves. ALAMEDA, CAL.
Telephone No. 181 Red.
L. SCHULER, Prop.

A merchant whom I know always has a supply in his desk at the office. I have seen them in his traveling bag. In a drawer of his dining-room sideboard there is a constant supply. Once I saw some in his fishing kit; for he is something of a sportsman, and he generally can fish one up from his waistcoat pocket on occasion. The Tabules seem to be with him in about as constant demand as tobacco with a sailor. I asked once how he could have such frequent use for RIPANS TABULES, and he told me this: "If something in business annoys me it upsets my stomach, but a Tabule taken at the time neutralizes the bad influence. When I travel I am apt to be troubled with constipation, but a Tabule at night insures a pleasant and healthy movement in the morning. If I drink a glass of wine too much, or eat a dessert that has a tendency to upset me, a Tabule is an antidote. When fishing in the sunshine threatens a headache, a Tabule cures the tendency; and what is good for me is often just as great a boon to a chance companion. For that reason I always have them within reach. They don't cost much, and they never do any harm. I would no more think of depriving myself of their beneficial ministrations than I would of going without my frequent bath or occasional cigar. Since I first learned about Ripans Tabules and their wide application, I have had fewer sick days and life has more zest in it."

BROWN & McKINNON Merchant Tailors (CLOSEST) IN OAKLAND.
We carry a full line of desirable staple goods and latest novelties.
SPRING GOODS JUST IN.
Evarts Block - - - 1108 BROADWAY

POORMAN
Repairs Stoves, Garden Hose, Pumps, and also does a general Plumbing business. See him before having your work done.
Tel. White 991. 7th & Adeline Sts

TEETH Gold Fillings 50c, upwards; Crowns, $2.50 upwards
Bridge Work $3.50 per Tooth, up.
Silver Fillings 25c, up. Plates $2.50 up.
OAKLAND DENTAL PARLORS,
1003½ BROADWAY, Corner Tenth, ROOM 3. Tel. Red 3895

D. JACOBS MERCHANT TAILOR Good Workmanship and Perfect Fit Guaranteed
425-14th St., Adjoining Macdonough Theater
Cleaning, Repairing and Dyeing—We call for and deliver goods.
LADIES' TAILORING A SPECIALTY.

Saddle Rock Restaurant P. KISICH PROPRIETOR
TELEPHONE No. 439. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. 463 TWELFTH ST

Dr. AMBROSE SANDER

the Reliable Specialist, has Reopened his Offices at
908 Washington Street
Bet. 8th & 9th Sts., over the Central Market.
OFFICE HOURS:
9 to 12 A. M.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.
DISEASES OF WOMEN confidentially and successfully treated.
No diseases peculiar to Ladies' delicate organization is beyond my sure control.
PRIVATE DISEASES of both sexes a specialty.
ALL BLOOD DISEASES QUICKLY CURED
CONSULTATION FREE.
Medicines by treatment furnished free of charge.
TERMS REASONABLE.

The PIONEER FRENCH BAKERY
M. & J. LONGE, Proprietors.
N. E. Corner Tenth and Webster Sts.
OAKLAND, CAL.
First quality French bread delivered to all parts of Oakland, Berkeley and Alameda. Loaves made to order for camping parties. French rolls made to order.

N. Y. LING
CHINESE TEA and HERB SANITARIUM
Describes all kinds of Diseases by feeling of the pulse.
Recently from the Pekin China Medical College.
555 SEVENTH ST,
Bet. Clay and Jefferson Sts. Oakland, Cal.
Office Hours—9 to 12, 1 to 5, 6 to 9.
CONSULTATION FREE.

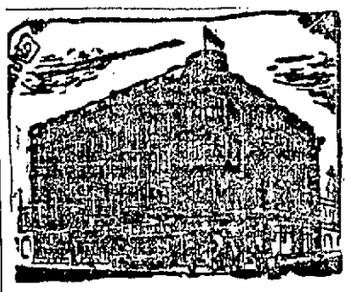
IF YOU WISH
To enjoy the day properly you must order your Sunday dinner from
L. C. BEEM,
New City Market,
S. E. Cor. 12th and Washington Sts.
TELEPHONE 251.

LOUISVILLE RESTAURANT
—French and Family Dinners—
BANQUETS, PARTIES,
LADIES' DEPARTMENT
Open Till 12 P. M.
910 BROADWAY John Slavich

HOTELS.

GALINDO HOTEL
Mrs. B. ALLEN, Proprietress
EIGHTH STREET
Bet. Broadway and Franklin, Oakland, Cal.

The Leading and Largest Hotel in Oakland.
Table First-class in every respect. Sample Room for Commercial Travelers. Liberal Terms to Permanent Boarders.
American Plan. Rates—$1.50 and $2.00 Per Day.



HOTEL CRELLIN
The Most Favorably Located and Leading Hotel of Oakland. Corner Tenth and Washington streets, Oakland.

A Mon Chateau
A First-Class Family Resort
Dinners and Banquets to order. Accommodations for private picnics, bicycles parties, etc. Garden with summer houses. Take Piedmont Electric Cars to Pleasant Valley Road.

The former proprietors of the
HUFF HOUSE
are now located at the
METROPOLE
6 TURK STREET
Junction Market and Mason, San Francisco, and would be pleased to see their old friends.

Summer Resorts

PACIFIC CONGRESS SPRINGS
Santa Clara County.
THREE HOURS FROM S. F. VIA Los Gatos; 6 months round trip ticket, $4, or via Santa Clara, $3.50. New swimming tank, 180x75 feet, and other improvements.
Hot and cold mineral baths.
Climate, scenery and location unequaled.
JOHN S. MATHESON, Manager.

IF YOU ARE SEEKING FOR A DELIGHTful and healthful resort for the Summer months for your family, not so remote from town but that you can be with them without neglecting your business.
If you are in search of a good table and comfortable sleeping apartments only 1½ hours' travel from San Francisco with half hourly communication day and evening.
If it is your wish to confine your Summer's outing by a moderate outlay, your attention is directed to HAYWARDS PARK, at the terminus of the Oakland, San Leandro and Haywards Electric Railway, or
If you are fond of tenting here you will find a large number of commodious platforms arranged conveniently to the Hotel Dining Room on one of which you may erect your tent.
A choice musical program is rendered every Sunday afternoon on the verandas of the Club House. The cars of the company run into the Park. The monthly commutation rate is only $3.00, room and board $8.00 per week; board for campers $5.00 per week. Campers and roomers have the same service from attendants.
Address MRS. DORA SHANE,
Haywards Club House.

EDUCATIONAL.

MISS HORTON'S SCHOOL
Cor. 12th & Filbert Sts.
OAKLAND
Fifteenth year opens August 1, 1898.
Pupils of both sexes. Kindergarten, Primary, Grammar and High School grades.
Accredited by the University of California.
Sec or address SARAH W. HORTON, Principle 964 Eighteenth Street.

MILLS COLLEGE AND SEMINARY
Reopens Aug. 3rd. 32nd Year.
Confers degrees, grants diplomas. Seminary work accredited to the Universities. Rare opportunities offered in music, art and modern languages. Terms moderate.
Address, MRS. C. T. MILLS, Prest., Mills College P. O., Alameda Co., Cal.

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY
Alameda, Cal.
Next term begins August 2, 1898.
Young men thoroughly prepared for college in shortest time possible. Pupils are not obliged to take all the subjects of any particular course. The teaching is efficient, the influences surrounding the pupils are excellent.
W. W. ANDERSON, Principal.

Children's Class in Singing and Physical Expression
under the direction of ALEX. T. STEWART and Mrs. CARRIE PROSS SNYDER will be resumed Thursday, August 4th, at 3:45 P. M., at the parlors of the First Methodist Church, 14th and Clay streets. By special arrangement
MR. W. L. TOMLINS
of Chicago, the famous child trainer, will have entire charge of the class for three weeks, commencing Aug. 15, two lessons per week, Monday and Thursdays. This will be the only children's class conducted by Mr. Tomlins during his visit in Oakland. Tuition $1.00 per month, payable in advance. For the extra lessons under Mr. Tomlins, an additional fee of fifty cents will be required. For further particulars enquire of Alex T. Stewart, 517 Central Bank Building.

A Place for Gentlemen Who Like Good Good Liquor
GALINDO HOTEL BAR
BOUQUET & FRAME
EIGHTH ST., bet. Broadway & Franklin
Telephone 2387 Black.

PARDEE MEN RALLY IN THE SECOND WARD.

Milton Hall Crowded By Friends of the Doctor

Many Speakers Give Reasons Why He Should Be Governor.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING.

Pardee Addresses the Voters and Says Kind Words For W. R. Davis.

Dr. Pardee's Second Ward friends last night packed Milton Hall to show what they think of his candidacy for Governor. It was by far the most enthusiastic meeting held in that Ward during the campaign.

Dr. H. B. Mehrmann opened the meeting by introducing the chairman, Dr. George L. Eaton. Dr. Eaton expressed his pleasure at presiding over such an earnest and enthusiastic meeting, and then introduced Prof. Inskeep as the first speaker. The professor said that one great characteristic of the American people was their readiness to break precedents. Washington broke a European precedent when he warned his countrymen against entangling alliances. Monroe did the same thing when he enunciated the doctrine which bears his name. McKinley had broken a heavy precedent by declaring that the European colonial system shall not become a nuisance at our doors. Dr. Pardee, too, was a precedent breaker. As Councilman and Mayor of Oakland he had broken the record by the courage and energy with which he attacked intrenched abuses. And his boldness had been crowned with success. As Governor he would map out and carry through the same programme of honest and fearless administration.

In Europe they train diplomats and politicians, and there seemed to have grown up in some quarters an idea that only a lawyer had a right to aspire to the Governorship. That was a mistake. There was such a thing as having a one-sided development. We want a man who will heal the sore spots in the body politic, and who is better qualified for that duty than a medical man.

Dr. Pardee never thought twenty-four hours a day too much time to devote to the city if necessary, when he was Mayor, and the people could look for the same fidelity to their interests with him in the Governor's chair. Born in Oakland, educated here, a man of broad views, generous sympathies, and great ability, he was an ideal candidate.

Major Bromley, the next speaker, said Professor Inskeep had expressed his sentiments and used up all his ammunition, so he would make way for other speakers.

S. W. Condon said all were interested in the question of who should be the standard bearer of the Republican party this year. It was agreed that whoever got the majority in the primaries next Saturday should go to Sacramento with a solid delegation behind him. If this understanding had been violated, it was not Dr. Pardee's fault. Our county had the Governorship in its grasp if only it united on one man, and he hoped Dr. Pardee would be that man.

Dr. Pardee entered the hall at this point, and as he started toward the platform, the audience cheered vociferously. His remarks were, in substance, as follows:

"It is hardly necessary that I should say, what is the truth, that I feel deeply flattered by the kindness of your reception. I feel that I have many friends among you, and I see the faces of men who knew me when I was a boy—who used to call me Georgie, and who I hope still do so. I always feel glad to address the Second Ward. It is the Second Ward which moves the city of Oakland. That is a literally true statement, because all the power houses which furnish power for all the electric and cable cars in the city are located here, [Laughter], and on those cars the people move about from place to place. The Second is the largest ward; it was a large ward before the recent annexation, and now that it has come to occupy an even quarter of the whole surface of the city, it is larger than ever, and delegates who assemble in convention will inquire more anxiously than before, 'What is the Second Ward going to do?'

"I hope the Second Ward will see in me sufficient good, sufficient backbone, to make a good candidate for Governor of the State. Should it do so and honor me by casting its ballots for me, it is not necessary to say I would feel exceedingly proud of the honor. I have been asked why I dared to aspire to be Governor? There is nothing to be ashamed of in that aspiration. I have been accused of being forward, and have been told I should give way to my betters. I will leave that for the people of Alameda county to settle. [Applause.] If they should decide adversely to me, I shall bow to the decision and be a good citizen in the future as I have tried to be in the past.

"I am for an Alameda county man, and I hope I shall be that man. If the voters say my opponent is the better man, I shall agree with them. If they say Mr. Davis is a good man, I hope they will also say Pardee is just a hair's breadth better. I don't want much advantage over Mr. Davis, because a man who sets out to be better than William R. Davis has to be a very good man indeed. And Mr. Davis is a good man. I permit no man in my presence to attack him, nor would I permit anyone when I was present to stand on a platform and call him names.

"I have said a hundred times, in all public and private places, that I want the Alameda county delegation to go to the State Convention solid for some candidate. I have said this in my waking hours, and I think I have dreamed it so often that I can say it has been on my mind twenty-four hours a day. If the delegation hopes to accomplish anything it must go united; if it desires to come back licked, let it go split. The convention will refuse to settle any of the quarrels of Alameda county; it will say to our delegation, 'Go home and settle them for yourselves; fight them out at home and come here united, and then we will talk with you.' I have been saying for twelve months that if I can't get the nomination I want Mr. Davis to get it, but has Mr. Davis said the same? (A voice, 'No.') I will offer a big reward for any one who has heard Mr. Davis say that.

"The thing for Alameda county to do is to say: 'This thing must be settled here one way or the other; the man who gets a majority of the delegates shall get the delegation solid.' If you will get the two candidates together and say, 'Here, you must settle it,' then it will be settled."

Hon. Guy C. Earl said that, like our armies in the field, the Republicans needed a valiant leader who would head the charge to victory. Such a chief was George C. Pardee, pre-eminent wherever he was placed. As showing Dr. Pardee's innate love of justice and courage to combat oppression, Mr. Earl said that years ago he and the doctor were schoolboys together in Oakland. As is always the case in public schools, some of the larger boys were inclined to play the bully and tyrannize over the weak and timid. Woe betide the boy who tried anything of that sort when young Pardee was around. In his manhood he had carried the same spirit into the Council and the Mayor's office, as sundry powerful and insolent corporations had good reason to remember. The citizens of Oakland would never forget how Dr. Pardee had arrayed himself against the most powerful political force in the State, and by his courage and energy in the battle for the Oakland water front had hastened by a generation the development of this city's potential commercial resources. We want such a man for Governor. He stands for the educational interests of the State and the improvement of our public school system—a matter of transcendent importance to all good citizens. Mr. Earl's speech was greeted with cheers.

Addresses were also made by Henry A. Melvin, John A. Sands, Bert Swan, Welles Whitmore and P. M. Fisher.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars; free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Thibault and the Barnes.

E. F. Thibault (years an expert bicycle repairer) is in business for himself with the agency for the "Barnes" (the white flyer). It would be prudent for bicycle buyers to see his wheel; it would be a pleasant duty for his friends to call at his agency, 375 Twelfth street.

Liquors For Families.

Furnished and delivered free. Purity and quality guaranteed. Landregan Bros., 912 Broadway. Telephone main 576.

The Parlor

Is a quiet, clean, prime quality saloon conducted by Gus Sinkwitz, for years with Kuch's Inlet, and by Louis Kunmeyer. Corner Ninth and Washington.

The Oakland Loan Office.

Loans money on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols and articles of every description. Sells all kinds of musical instruments at cost. Pays the highest price for old gold and silver. Now at 966 Washington street, bet. Ninth and Tenth streets.

The Narrow Gauge Market.

The Narrow Gauge Meat Market, Garner & Son, prop'rs, sell prime meats below down-town prices, and invite the patronage of contiguous residents. Cor. Webster and Ninth streets.

Is Your Coal Bill High.

Tesla X at $7.50 per ton will please you. Tesla coal, $6.50. Prompt delivery. Tesla Coal Co., Tenth and Broadway.

Patronize H. Schellhaas

And get trading stamps. High chairs at low prices. 408 Eleventh st.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Frank P. Thwaites, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Frank P. Thwaites, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator, at the office of L. S. Church, room 3, County Court House, Oakland, Cal., which said office the undersigned selects as his place of business in all matters connected with said estate of Frank P. Thwaites, deceased.

CHAS. E. SNOOK,
Administrator of the estate of Frank P. Thwaites, deceased.

Dated, Oakland, Aug. 4, 1898.

CANDIDATES' ANNOUNCEMENTS

W. B. PRINGLE
Candidate for
Assembly-51st Assembly Dist.
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

J. J. HANIFIN, JR.
Announces himself a candidate for
County Clerk
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

W. H. CHURCH
Announces himself a Candidate for the office of
Supervisor, Third Dist.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

J. R. TALCOTT
Announces himself a Candidate for the office of
Supervisor, Second Dist.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

E. L. LAWRENCE
Candidate for
Justice of the Peace
[Present Incumbent]
Brooklyn Township
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention

CANDIDATES' ANNOUNCEMENTS

GEO. C. HUNT
Republican Candidate
—FOR—
SHERIFF
OF ALAMEDA COUNTY
Resident of Oakland 26 years and one of the Republican Deputies under Ex-Sheriff McKillican.

FRANK C. JORDAN
(Present Incumbent)
Candidate for re-election to the office of
COUNTY CLERK
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

S. G. HILBORN
Candidate for **CONGRESS**
Third Congressional District
Subject to the Decision of the Third Congressional Republican Convention.

ROBERT KUERZEL
Announces Himself a Candidate
—for—
COUNTY TREASURER
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

CLINTON G. DODGE
Candidate for
Assembly—51st Assembly Dist.
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

WM. H. KNIGHT,
Candidate for the office of
Public Administrator.
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

GEO. L. NUSBAUMER
(Incumbent)
Candidate for the Office of
COUNTY SURVEYOR
of Alameda County.
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

P. M. FISHER
Candidate for
County Superintendent of Schools
OF ALAMEDA COUNTY.
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

H. W. LYNCH
Candidate for
County Superintendent of Schools
OF ALAMEDA COUNTY.
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

S. D. WATERMAN
(Principal of Berkeley High School)
Candidate for
County Superintendent of Schools
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

THOS. M. ROBINSON
Announces Himself a Candidate
—FOR—
TAX COLLECTOR
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

ROBERT N. RISDON
Announces Himself a Candidate
—FOR—
County Auditor
Subject to the Decision of the Republican County Convention.

JAS. A. WEBSTER
(Formerly County Treasurer)
Announces himself a Candidate
—for—
COUNTY CLERK
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

W. S. HARLOW
Announces himself a Candidate
—for—
SHERIFF
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

J. J. ALLEN
Candidate for
District Attorney
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

JAMES B. BARBER
Announces Himself a Candidate
—FOR—
Tax Collector
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

J. CAL EWING
(Fifth Ward, Oakland)
—Candidate for—
AUDITOR
Subject to the Action of the Republican Convention.

ROBERT EDGAR
Announces himself a Candidate
—for—
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
Of Oakland Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

HENRY A. MELVIN
Announces himself a candidate for
District Attorney
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

SUMMONS.

In the Justice's Court of Oakland township, in the county of Alameda, State of California.

JOHN STEWART, Plaintiff,
vs.
B. J. DAVIS, Defendant.

The people of the State of California send greeting to B. J. Davis, defendant:

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the Justice's Court of Oakland township, county of Alameda, State of California, and to answer before the undersigned Justice, at his office in said township, the complaint filed therein, within five days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within the city and county, township or city in which this action is brought, or if served out of said township or city, but in said county, within ten days; otherwise within twenty days.

The said action is brought to recover of and from you the sum of $273.50 alleged to be due from you to plaintiff herein for and on account of money had and received at the township of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, from plaintiff, within two years next before the commencement of this suit, and costs of suit, as per complaint on file in my office, to which reference is hereby specially made. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to so appear and answer said complaint, as above required, said plaintiff will take judgment against you for said sum, $273.50, together with costs of suit.

Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand this 14th day of June, 1898.

FREDERICK C. CLIFT,
Justice of the Peace of said Township.
No. 453 Eighth street, Oakland, Cal.

ORDINANCE NO. .....

An Ordinance Granting to T. S. Bullock, His Successors and Assigns, for a Period of Fifty Years From and After the Date of This Ordinance, the Right, Privilege and Permission of Erecting and Maintaining On and Along Certain County Roads and Highways, and Over Certain Public Lands, in the County of Alameda, State of California, Poles for the Maintenance of Wires Thereon, to Be Used for the Conducting of Electric Currents and Electric Power of All Kinds; Together With the Right to Substitute Other Contrivances for the Said Purposes.

The Board of Supervisors of the county of Alameda, State of California, do ordain as follows:

Section 1.—Whereas, T. S. Bullock, in behalf of himself, his successors and assigns, has heretofore obtained a franchise, privilege and permission to erect and maintain poles for the maintenance of wires thereon to be used for the conducting of electric currents and electric power of all kinds over and through the counties of Amador, Calaveras, San Joaquin and Contra Costa, and is desirous of connecting the termini of said system through said four counties with the termini of the said system at a point to the west of, and beyond the most western point in the line, for which franchise is asked for by him, hereby and hereunder; in other words, hereby asking for the extension of its line of poles and wires over the route hereinafter described between termini of a larger system in which said poles and wires are used for the purposes aforesaid.

And Whereas, It duly appears to this Board that, in the nature of things, there can be no competition for the privilege herein asked for, and it would be impossible for any other person or corporation to acquire the right to construct and own and operate as a distinct and independent franchise and privilege that part of said system for which the particular franchise is hereby asked for, to connect the two ends of said system as aforesaid, and that, therefore, no advertisement for bids is necessary.

Now, therefore, there is hereby granted to T. S. Bullock, his successors and assigns, for a period of fifty years from and after the date of this ordinance, the right, privilege and permission of erecting and maintaining on and along one side of the county roads, public streets and highways in the county of Alameda, as directed by the Board of Supervisors, and on and over the land belonging to the county of Alameda, used for public use therein, and as hereinafter described and set forth, poles similar in character and dimensions to the telegraph or telephone poles now generally used for the maintenance and carrying of wires thereon, to be used for the conducting of electric currents and electric power of all kinds, and by all of the devices now used or which may be hereafter used for the transmission and conducting of electric currents and electric power, together with the right and privilege of changing the said poles, and substituting therefor such other contrivances as may be hereafter used for the purposes of conducting electric currents and electric power; provided, however, that such other contrivances shall in no way infringe upon or diminish the use of the said roads and streets or public roads, any more than the said poles shall so diminish and infringe upon the said roads and streets and lands when erected thereon.

Section 2.—Upon said streets, roads and highways the said poles shall be erected and maintained at the outer line or lines thereof, and in such manner as not to interfere with the free use of said roads and said streets or of travel thereon.

Section 3.—The erection of the said poles and the placing of the wires thereon shall be done to the satisfaction of such officer as shall by law have charge of the said roads, and the said streets. Said wires shall be placed at least ten feet higher than any existing wires on any of said roads unless otherwise ordered by said officers.

Section 4.—In consideration of the granting of and acceptance of the franchise hereby granted, said Bullock, his successors and assigns, promise and agree, and as one of the conditions, covenants and considerations hereof, that they will permit, during the term of said franchise, the county of Alameda, at the nearest available point on a line of wire, to take from said wire sufficient quantity of electricity that when conveyed to the County Infirmary of said county, situated near the town of Haywards, in the same county, to light one hundred and twenty-five incandescent house lights of not more than sixteen candle power brilliancy, free of charge for such electric currents; and that the main line described in subdivisions one and two of section five shall be completed within three years.

A failure to comply with any of the conditions of this ordinance shall work a forfeiture of the rights, privileges and permissions herein granted.

Section 5.—The description of the said roads, public streets and highways, and public lands for which said permission and franchise is granted as aforesaid is as follows, to-wit:

1. Beginning at a point in the Oakland and Haywards county road where the county road No. 958 leading from the County Infirmary tract intersects the same; thence running in a general northerly direction along said county road No. 958 leading to County Infirmary tract, and thence across the said County Infirmary tract in a general northeasterly direction to the north boundary line of said tract.

2. Beginning at a point in the town of Haywards in the road leading from Haywards to Oakland; thence running westerly along said Oakland and Haywards county road, passing through the town of San Leandro to where the said road intersects the city limits of Oakland.

3. Beginning at the junction of Crow Canon and San Ramon roads, being county road No. 1,875; thence running along said road No. 1,875 to where said road intersects the county of Contra Costa.

As said roads are so shown and delineated upon and by the records of Alameda county.

Section 6.—This Ordinance shall take effect fifteen days after its passage and publication for one week in the "Oakland Tribune."

Passed and adopted by the following vote this 8th day of August, 1898:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Roeth, Wells and Talcott—4.

Noes—None.

Absent—Mitchell—1.

Attest:
(Seal) FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
J. R. TALCOTT, Chairman Board of Supervisors.

(Endorsed): Filed Aug. 8th, 1898. Frank C. Jordan, Clerk.

LEGAL.

PROCLAMATION.

State of California,
Executive Department,
Sacramento, July 30, 1898.

Whereas, The Legislature of the State of California, at its thirty-second session, beginning on the fourth day of January, A. D. 1897, two-thirds of all the members elected to each of the two houses of said Legislature voting in favor thereof, proposed the following described amendments to the Constitution of the State of California, to-wit:

Amendment Number One.

(Being Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 41.)

A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to section eighteen of article eleven of the Constitution, in relation to revenue and taxation, by which it is proposed to amend said section to read as follows:

Section 18. No county, city, town, township, board of education or school district shall incur any indebtedness or liability in any manner or for any purpose exceeding in any year the income and revenue provided for it for such year, without the assent of two-thirds of the qualified electors thereof, voting at an election to be held for that purpose, nor unless before, or at the time of incurring such indebtedness, provision shall be made for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on such indebtedness as it falls due, and also provision to constitute a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof on or before maturity, which shall not exceed forty years from the time of contracting the same; provided, however, that the city and county of San Francisco may at any time pay the unpaid claims with interest thereon for materials furnished to and work done for said city and county during the forty-third and forty-fourth fiscal years, out of the income and revenue of any succeeding year or years; provided, that any and all claims for making, repairing, altering, or for any work done upon or for any material furnished for any street, lane, alley, court, place or sidewalk, or for the construction of any sewer or sewers in said city and county are hereby excepted from the provisions of this section; and in determining any claim permitted to be paid by this section, no statute of limitations shall apply in any manner; and provided further, that the city of Vallejo, in Solano county, may pay its existing indebtedness incurred in the construction of its water-works, whenever two-thirds of the electors thereof voting at an election held for that purpose, shall so decide. Any indebtedness or liability incurred contrary to this provision, with the exception hereinbefore recited, shall be void.

Amendment Number Two.

(Being Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 10.)

A resolution proposing to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of the State, by adding a new section, to be known and designated as section seven and one-half, article eleven thereof, providing for the framing, by the inhabitants of counties, of local county government acts for their own government. The said proposed new section to read as follows:

Section 7½. The inhabitants of any county may frame a county government act for their own government, relating to the matters hereinafter specified, and consistent with, and subject to, the Constitution and laws of this State, by causing a board of fifteen freeholders, who have been, for at least five years, qualified electors of such county, to be elected by the qualified electors of such county, at any general or special election, whose duty it shall be, within ninety days after such election, to prepare and propose a county government act for such county, which shall be signed in duplicate by the members of such board, or a majority of them, and returned, one copy thereof to the Board of Supervisors or other legislative body of such county, and the other copy to be sent to the Recorder of deeds of the county. Such proposed county government act shall then be published in two papers of general circulation in such county, or if there be not two such papers, then in one only, for at least twenty days, and within not less than thirty days after such publication it shall be submitted to the qualified electors of such county, at a general or special election, and if a majority of such qualified electors voting thereon shall ratify the same, it shall thereafter be submitted to the Legislature for its rejection or approval, as a whole, without power of alteration or amendment, and if approved by a majority of the members elected to each house, it shall be the county government act of such county, and shall in such case become the organic law thereof and supersede any existing county government act, and all amendments thereof, and all special laws inconsistent with such county government act.

A copy of such county government act, certified by the President of the Board of Supervisors or other legislative body of such county, and authenticated by the seal of such county, setting forth the submission of such county government act to the electors, and its ratification by them, shall be made in duplicate and deposited, one in the office of the Secretary of State, the other, after being recorded in the office of the Recorder of deeds in the county, among the archives of the county.

All courts shall take judicial notice thereof. The county government act so ratified may be amended, at intervals of not less than two years, by proposals therefor, submitted by the legislative authority of the county, to the qualified electors thereof, at a general or special election held at least forty days after the publication of such proposals for twenty days in a newspaper of general circulation in such county, and ratified by at least three-fifths of the qualified electors voting thereon, and approved by the Legislature as herein provided for the approval of the county government act. In submitting any such county government act, any alternative article or proposition may be presented for the choice of the voters, and may be voted on separately without prejudice to others.

It shall be competent in all county government acts framed under the authority given by this section, to provide for the manner in which, the times at which, and the terms for which the several township and county officers, other than Judges of the Superior Court, shall be elected and appointed; for their compensation; for the number of such officers, for the consolidation or segregation of offices, for the number of deputies that each officer shall have, and for the compensation payable to each of such deputies, for the manner in which, the times in which and the terms for which the members of all boards of election shall be elected or appointed; and for the constitution, regulation, compensation and government of such boards, and of their clerks and attaches; also, to prescribe the manner and method by which all elections by the people shall be conducted; and may in addition determine the tests and conditions upon which electors, political parties and organizations may participate in any primary election.

Whenever any county has, in the manner and method herein pointed out, adopted any county government act, and the same shall have been approved by the Legislature as aforesaid, the directions of sections four and five of this article providing for the uniformity of a system of county governments throughout the State, and likewise providing for the election and appointment of officers, and the regulation of their compensation, shall not apply. Said county government act shall, as to any of the matters hereinabove provided for and declared by such county government act, not be subject to any law or amendment enacted by the Legislature, except by amendment first submitted to the electors and ratified in the manner hereinabove set forth.

LEGAL.

Amendment Number Three.

(Being Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 44.)

A resolution proposing to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of the State, by adding a new section, to be known and designated as section five and one-half, article six, thereby providing for the organization of a court, to be known as the Court of Claims. The said proposed new section to read as follows:

Section 5½. The Court of Claims shall consist of any three Judges of the Superior Court, who may be requested by the Governor to hold court at the regular terms thereof. The Court of Claims shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine all claims of every kind and character against the State, under such laws as may be passed by the Legislature, and its judgment thereon shall be final. The terms of the Court of Claims shall be held as follows:

In the city of Los Angeles, commencing on the second Monday of March;

In the city and county of San Francisco, commencing on the second Monday in July, and

In the city of Sacramento, commencing on the second Monday of November of each year.

The Judges holding such term of court shall receive no extra compensation therefor, but shall receive their actual expenses, to be paid out of the general fund of the State Treasury. The Legislature shall enact all laws necessary to organize such court, to provide the procedure thereof and to carry out the provisions of this section.

Amendment Number Four.

(Being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 37.)

A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of the State, amending article eleven, by adding a new section thereto, to be known as section number five and one-half, relating to consolidated city and county governments. The said proposed new section to read as follows:

Section 5½. The provisions of section four and five of this article shall not, nor shall any legislation passed pursuant thereto, apply to any consolidated city and county government, now existing or hereafter formed, which shall have become, or shall become, organized under section seven, or secure a charter under section eight of this article.

Amendment Number Five.

(Being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 36.)

A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment of section fifteen and section sixteen of article five of the Constitution of the State of California, by which it is proposed to amend said sections to read as follows:

Section 15. A Lieutenant Governor shall be elected at the same time and place and in the same manner as the Governor, and his term of office and his qualifications shall be the same. He shall be President of the Senate, but shall only have a casting-vote therein.

Section 16. In case of the impeachment of the Governor, or his removal from office, death, inability to discharge the powers and duties of his office, resignation or absence from the State, the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the Lieutenant Governor for the residue of the term, or until the disability shall cease. And should the Lieutenant Governor be impeached, displaced, resign, die or become incapable of performing the duties of his office, or be absent from the State, the President pro tempore of the Senate shall act as Governor until the vacancy in the office of Governor shall be filled at the next general election when members of the Legislature shall be chosen, or until such disability of the Lieutenant Governor shall cease. In case of a vacancy in the office of Governor for any of the reasons above named, and neither the Lieutenant Governor nor the President pro tempore of the Senate shall succeed to the powers and duties of Governor, then the powers and duties of such office shall devolve upon the Speaker of the Assembly, until the office of Governor shall be filled at such general election.

Amendment Number Six.

(Being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 38.)

A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to section six, article nine of the Constitution of the State of California, relating to grammar schools, by which it is proposed to amend said section to read as follows:

Section 6. The public school system shall include primary and grammar schools, and such High schools, evening schools, Normal schools and technical schools as may be established by the Legislature or by municipal or district authority, but the entire revenue derived from the State school fund, and the State school tax, shall be applied exclusively to the support of primary and grammar schools. Grammar schools shall include schools organized in a school district, or union of school districts, having more than one thousand inhabitants, in which a course of study shall be taught which will prepare pupils to enter the agricultural, mining or scientific department of the University of California.

Amendment Number Seven.

(Being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 34.)

A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to section two of article four of the Constitution, in relation to sessions of the Legislature, by which it is proposed to amend said section to read as follows:

Section 2. The sessions of the Legislature shall commence at twelve o'clock meridian on the first Monday after the first day of January next succeeding the election of its members, and shall be biennial unless the Governor shall in the interim convene the Legislature by proclamation. The Legislature shall then remain in session for twenty-five days, after which it must adjourn to some date not less than thirty nor more than sixty days from the time of adjournment. If the two houses fail to agree upon a time at which they will resume their session, the Governor shall, by proclamation, fix a date for such reconvening, which shall be within the limits above prescribed. Upon re-assembling, the Legislature shall complete its session. No pay shall be allowed to members for a longer period than seventy-five days, and no bill shall be introduced in either house, except at the first twenty-five days of the session, without the consent of three-fourths of the members thereof.

Now, therefore, pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution, and an act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An act to provide for

LEGAL.

the submission of proposed amendments to the Constitution of the State of California, to the qualified electors for their approval," approved March 7, A. D. 1883, the above described proposed amendments are hereby published and advertised to be voted upon, by ballot, by the qualified electors of the State, at the election to be held throughout this State on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, A. D. 1898.

The said proposed amendments are to be separately voted upon in manner and form as follows:

Each ballot used at such election must contain written or printed thereon the following words, whereupon the voter may express his choice as provided by law:

Amendment Number One, being Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 41, (exempting certain claims against the city and county of San Francisco, and the existing indebtedness of the city of Vallejo for the construction of its water works from the provisions of the Constitution requiring such claims to be paid from the income and revenues of the year in which they were incurred.) For the Amendment?	Yes	No
Amendment Number Two, being Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 10, (providing for framing local county government acts, by inhabitants of counties for their government.) For the Amendment?	Yes	No
Amendment Number Three, being Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 44, (providing for the creation of a Court of Claims to determine claims against the State, and to consist of three Superior Judges designated by the Governor to serve without extra compensation.) For the Amendment?	Yes	No
Amendment Number Four, being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 37, (exempting consolidated cities and counties, organized or to be organized, or holding a charter under the Constitution, from certain legislation in relation to counties.) For the Amendment?	Yes	No
Amendment Number Five, being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 36, (relating to office of Governor, providing for succession thereto in certain cases and removing disability of Lieutenant Governor from holding other office during term.) For the Amendment?	Yes	No
Amendment Number Six, being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 38, (relating to and defining grammar schools.) For the Amendment?	Yes	No
Amendment Number Seven, being Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 34, (providing for adjournment of Legislature for not less than thirty nor more than sixty days during each session.) For the Amendment?	Yes	No

Witness my hand and the Great Seal of the State of California, the day and year herein first above written.

JAMES H. BUDD,
Governor.

Attest:
(Seal) L. H. BROWN,
Secretary of State.

COMMERCE STREET OPENING.

Street Superintendent's Notice Requiring Payment of Assessment.

Office of
The Superintendent of Streets.
Oakland, August 3, 1898.

In compliance with law, notice is hereby given that on August 3rd, 1898, I received from the City Clerk of the City of Oakland a certified copy of the written report, assessment and plat accompanying the same, made by the Commissioners appointed by the City Council of the City of Oakland to assess benefits and damages and have general supervision of the proposed work and improvement of the opening of Commerce street in said city between the northern line of East Twelfth street and the southern line of East Twenty-second street, which said report, assessment and plat were filed by said Commissioners in the Clerk's office of said City Council, May 4, 1898, and passed upon, confirmed, approved and adopted by said City Council at a regular meeting thereof held on August 1, 1898, and that the assessment therein contained is now due and payable, and is a lien upon all the property contained and described therein as therein assessed.

Notice is also given that all sums levied and assessed in said assessment roll are due and payable immediately, and that the payment of each of said sums respectively is to be made to me within thirty days from the date of the first publication of this notice, to-wit: thirty days from August 4th, 1898, and that all assessments not paid before the expiration of thirty days will become and will be declared to be delinquent, and that thereafter the sum of five per cent upon the amount of each delinquent assessment together with the cost of advertising will be added thereto.

M. K. MILLER,
Supt. of Streets of the City of Oakland and Street Superintendent of the City of Oakland.

Dated Aug. 4, 1898.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Henry C. T. Strobel (known also as Henry Strobel), deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Henry C. T. Strobel, known also as Henry Strobel, deceased, and for the issuance to Sarah Strobel of letters testamentary thereon, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 15th day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, August 4th, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.
NYE & KINSELL, Attorneys for Petitioner.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of James Johnson, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of James Johnson, deceased, and for the issuance to Catherine C. Johnson of letters testamentary thereon, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 15th day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, August 1st, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.
GUNNISON, BOOTH & BARTNETT, Safe Deposit Building, S. F., Attorneys for Petitioner.

NOMINATION OF VICTOR METCALF ALMOST CERTAIN

More Newspaper Extracts That Show His Great Strength and Popularity in This District.

Appended are some more extracts from various papers throughout the Third Congressional District, all showing the rising tide of public sentiment in favor of Victor Metcalf for Congressman. His strength is increasing in geometrical ratio, and all signs point to his nomination. The nomination of a candidate possessing the elements of strength which Mr. Metcalf has shown means his triumphant election:

WASHINGTON PRESS.

The friends of Victor Metcalf are rallying around his standard in such numbers as to cause a cold chill to creep down the back of his opponents. They are a class of men who carry great weight in the counsels of the Republican party of Alameda county, and will certainly see that a gentleman is sent to Washington to represent them. There will be none of this "blowing your nose with your fingers on the floor in the presence of company" if you elect Victor Metcalf to Congress.—Press, Nov. 11, 1897.

ALAMEDA ARGUS.

The Hon. S. G. Hilborn has sent us an impressive circular with his picture in one corner. It is headed, "Why the Hon. S. G. Hilborn should be returned to Congress." Looking down its fair first page we find that one of the reasons is that "Chairman Boutelle of the Naval Committee has said publicly: 'Hilborn is my right bower.'" This is new ground. Two years ago Mr. Hilborn asked to be returned because he was the deuce—to fight the railroad. But he wants to go back this time because he is a right bower. The danger is that he may work the whole pack on the voters of the Seventh District. Two years hence he may come out as a pedro, and in the next following campaign as the joker. Our opinion, however, is that there will be no succeeding opportunities, for he will not be tray high this time. Much more that is instructive and intellectual might be writ en in the same strain. But it is sufficient to say that his nobs will get neither high, low, jack nor the game. Victor Metcalf can give him cards and spades and beat him out easily.—Argus, July 20, 1898.

NILES HERALD.

The Examiner of July 29 shows Hilborn up as he is. Two years ago he was elected to Congress from this Third Congressional District because the people thought he would fight Huntington's funding bill, though it was later seen that he simply voted against it but did not fight it in the least; and for that service he now is said to be flirting with the roalroad people and trying to get their support in his present attempt to again misrepresent this district in Congress.

Hilborn is a sly old fox, whose unreliability has at last been shown up. He is said to have been the author of the scandalous tapeworm ticket at Vallejo some years ago. His fellow members have no respect for him, and this district suffers accordingly. He has not accomplished any thing since he has been in Congress for his district, not even a postoffice building for Oakland—though if Senator Perkins got the appropriation through the Senate it would be knocked out in the House as soon as Hilborn was seen to favor it. About the time McKenna was expected to resign his seat in Congress to accept a seat on the bench, Hilborn came to Oakland from Solano county and occupied a couple of dirty little rooms in a tenement house in East Oakland and claimed Alameda county as a residence, because it was generally accepted that this county should name the next Congressman for this district. He thus fooled the people from the beginning, as he had no interests in Alameda county, but simply came here as a carpet-bagger to get office. Hilborn is from Solano county, and we believe it is high time we sent a man to Congress from Alameda county, whose population is almost double that of all the other counties in this district.—Herald, July 20, 1898.

DANVILLE SENTINEL.

Congressman Hilborn will have to dish out the post-offices at a lively rate in order to beat the Davis-Metcalf combination.—Sentinel, Nov. 20, 1897.

OAKLAND SATURDAY NIGHT.

Mr. Victor Metcalf is sending out a circular which ends with the following sentence:

"I take this means of making my candidacy known to you, and to say that I shall be pleased and honored if, on considering the situation, you may find it consistent with your views upon men, measures and the good of the district, to give me your support."

Accordingly Mr. Metcalf must prepare to be universally pleased and greatly honored,—for the men of the district are quite emphatic in their expression of opinion as to Mr. Metcalf's eminent qualifications for the position. Everything is going famously,—it could not look better for Mr. Metcalf's chances.—Saturday Night, July 16, 1898.

WINTERS EXPRESS.

The most formidable opponent of Hon. S. G. Hilborn for the next Republican nomination for Congress from this district is Victor Metcalf of Oakland. He has entered vigorously into the fight, and is a gentleman every way worthy of the high honor he seeks.—Express, Dec. 17, 1897.

DIXON TRIBUNE.

From present indications Congressman Hilborn will have a hard fight for renomination next year. The younger element of the party believe that one of their number would make a more active representative and are urging for the nomination of Victor Metcalf, a rising young Republican of Oakland. The contest will be an interesting one, as the two factions seem about equally divided.—Tribune, Oct. 29, 1897.

SAN LEANDRO REPORTER.

Congressman S. G. Hilborn, "the bold champion of the people and the fearless enemy of the corporations," arrived home from Washington this week. It is to be hoped that the Hon. Samuel will stay home in the near future.—Reporter, July 30, 1898.

WINTERS EXPRESS.

Victor Metcalf, of Oakland, candidate for the Congressional nomination from this district to succeed Hilborn, has been making a visit to Woodland, and as everywhere else charmed those whom he met. From indications he will capture Yolo county as he seems already to have secured Alameda and Contra Costa as his staunch supporters for the Republication nomination.—Express, Jan. 21, 1898.

NILES HERALD.

Grandma Hilborn, who so ably misrepresents this district in Congress, after six years of promises to the people of Oakland that he would secure an appropriation for a postoffice building, now makes the excuse that the war prevents consideration of such appropriations. Ye gods and little fishes! If our Congressman were a man, and had the respect of even half of his fellow congressmen, that appropriation would have been secured years ago. The longer we keep such an old, unreliable "fogie" the worse he gets and the less we get.—Herald, July 16, 1898.

ALAMEDA ENCINAL.

Last evening Linderman Hall was the scene of a very enthusiastic meeting in honor of Victor E. Metcalf, who has come so prominently before the people as a stalwart candidate for Congressman from the Third Congressional District.

About forty of the leading Republicans of this city assembled and numerous speeches were made. Dr. C. L. Tisdale was chosen chairman and Harvey Darneal secretary. The meeting was purely a Metcalf one, and it was the unanimous sentiment of those present that Mr. Metcalf's campaign should be separate and apart from all others; and that the party should lay aside every weight and the sin of blunder which doth so easily beset political parties, and run with not only patience, but aggression, the Congressional race that is set before them, looking unto Metcalf alone as the representative of their interests from this district.

Speeches were made by Dr. Tisdale, E. A. Randlett, W. H. Davis, D. Hicks, Ralph Hamlin, Geo. Clark and others.

After arranging for a rousing meeting for one week from next Monday evening, three hearty cheers were given for Victor E. Metcalf and the ticket.—Encinal, July 8, 1898.

WOODLAND MAIL.

Mr. Metcalf is making friends on all sides. If he succeeds elsewhere as he has in Woodland there will be no question about his nomination and election. He recovered sufficiently from his illness Tuesday noon as to be able to go around and make the acquaintance of several more Republicans, and the pledges of support he received were very numerous.

He will remain here until this evening, when he will return to Oakland, where he has to try a case in the Superior Court tomorrow. He has fallen in love with Woodland and just as soon as he can arrange his business he will return and spend a week or more here. A royal welcome awaits the gentleman on his return to Woodland.—Mail, Jan. 19, 1898.

MR. HILBORN'S 17 REASONS DEMOLISHED

To the seventeen reasons urged, in Mr. Hilborn's circular, why he should be returned to Congress, the following reply in seriatum is offered:

1. Because—"A Congressman's influence is measured by his experience." While this is true in a certain sense, it is only in proportion to his ability and industry that he acquires experience. One who is devoid of the qualities will present a record as barren of results as that by which Mr. Hilborn is now confronted.

2. Because—"No new man, however able, can fill his place at the present time." We would not require of a new man that he fill Mr. Hilborn's place. We would only require that he fill the office.

3. Because—"He is an authority on warships, the pride of the nation." We are not aware that he belongs to the Board of Naval Construction, nor that he is consulted as to the armament or construction of war vessels. A short time previous to the declaration of war with Spain he publicly declared that we were unprepared for war by reason of the defective construction of our warships, and that we were without powder. Our recent naval victories, we think, have fully satisfied the Spanish, as well as the American people, that Mr. Hilborn is not "an authority on warships" and has quite as much to learn in naval matters as the average citizen.

4. Because—"In our hour of trial he proved equal to the emergency." To what emergency was he specially subjected in a Congress that was unanimous on all war measures?—especially so since he has declared that the war would go on as successfully with Congress adjourned as though it was in session.

5. Because—"The present efficiency of our navy is largely due to him." This can scarcely be true, since, as we have seen, it required an international war to demonstrate to his understanding that our navy had any efficiency whatever.

6. Because—"He has proven himself, in this critical time, the right man in the right place." In what critical situation has Mr. Hilborn been placed, to what responsibility has he been subject, that has not likewise fallen to the lot of every other member of Congress, that it should be said that he is the right man in the right place?

7. Because—"He is a tireless worker and has won his way to prominence on two of the most important committees of the House." If by tireless labor he has been unable during three terms to accomplish anything for this end of the district, and such is the fact, his efforts must have been woefully misdirected. As to winning his way to prominence on two important committees, it is sufficient to say that he owes his appointment on one of them—the Naval Committee—to the fact that a navy yard is located in the district he represents, and that it is customary to appoint a member representing a district in which a navy yard located upon such committee.

8. Because—"Chairman Boutelle of the Naval Committee has publicly acknowledged that Hilborn is his right bower." Mr. Hilborn seems unable to appreciate the sarcasm of Chairman Boutelle.

9. Because—"Senator George C. Perkins says: 'Hilborn has made a good Congressman and has worked well for his constituency.'" It might be embarrassing to some one if all that Senator Perkins has said concerning Mr. Hilborn as a Congressman should be repeated here.

10. Because—"It is poor policy to exchange one man's experience for another man's ambition." It would not be so if the experience of the one was fruitless and the ambition of the other gave a reasonable assurance of success.

11. Because—"It is poor policy to trade a leading position on two important committees of the House for a beginner's place on the floor." Budd and Clunie as beginners upon the floor secured each for his respective district large appropriations. Mr. Hilborn, "with a leading position on two committees," seems to be helpless.

12. Because—"His knowledge of naval affairs made his presence in Washington necessary to the Secretary of the Navy several weeks after the adjournment of Congress." What was required of him by the Secretary of the Navy is not made known, but it is apparent that the Navy Department either found itself fully competent to continue the war without his valuable assistance, or he must have deserted his post of duty in order to advance his own political interests.

13. Because—"He has secured an appropriation for the completion of Oakland harbor." Continuous appropriations are the necessary results of those previously made that the latter may be preserved. This is the settled policy of the Government. It therefore only remained for Senator Perkins to call the attention of Congress to the matter, which he did, and the appropriation followed as a matter of course. Hilborn had nothing to do with it. So says Senator Perkins.

14. Because—"He secured an appropriation for a dry dock at Mare Island." The Government will not suffer its dry docks to go into a state of dilapidation merely because the member representing the district happens to be a first termer.

15. Because—"He passed through the House the bill for a training school on Goat Island." Goat Island being out of this district, it would have been as well for Mr. Hilborn to have looked after the interests of his own constituents.

16. Because—"He is a member of the Committee on Public Buildings, and will secure one for Oakland as soon as any appropriations are made." This is the same old campaign promise that is brought out and dusted off and presented to the voters every two years, and will continue to be so presented as often as there are any to be deluded by it.

The seventeenth reason is but a generalization of the others, and therefore requires no further notice.

The foregoing reasons assigned why Mr. Hilborn should be returned to Congress proceed upon a false quantity, i. e., the estimate that he has so modestly is located upon such committee.

Wants a Divorce.

Madeline Congdon has brought suit for divorce from Ernest Congdon on the ground of failure to provide.

OUT OF 1,000,000

pairs of shoes called for by the U. S. Goverment for the

ARMY AND NAVY

800,000 PAIRS

have been made, or ordered to be made,

GOODYEAR WELT SHOES

lasted on the Goodyear Ideal Lasting Machines, and sewed and stitched on the other machines of the

GOODYEAR WELT SYSTEM

Goodyear Shoe Machinery Co.
100 Bedford St., Boston, Mass.

PROBLEMS WE ARE NOW FACE TO FACE WITH.

Justice Brewer Says They are Most Serious.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Aug. 11.—Justice David J. Brewer of the Supreme Court, who has come from Washington, will spend the remainder of the summer at his cottage at Thompson's Point. He said in regard to peace negotiations:

"Peace is now certain. I do not know what the terms will be, and I can only guess at what may be agreed upon by the two nations. They will compel the surrender of Porto Rico to the United States and evacuation by Spain. Evacuation of Cuba brings to us as a nation grave responsibility, and the aftermath of the contest may prove much more troublesome than the war itself. We proclaimed, when the resolutions passed Congress, that we would free Cuba and that we did not want it ourselves. Now, if we drive the Spanish from Cuba and leave her without any forcible interference, it will be greater ruin than to have left the Spanish there. We owe it to Cuba to preserve order by force, whether it may be one, two or five years, until she shall prove herself capable of self government. I believe that to leave Cuba without an established government to hold her people in check would be to precipitate horrors worse than those of the French revolution. Our obligation to Cuba is not fulfilled until the complete establishment of self government. Taking possession of Porto Rico is called by men of the army and navy a wise precaution. I suppose every civilian should abide by their judgment. We have, however, to manage the island, which is a matter of the gravest difficulty. The inhabitants are not fit for self government. The colonial administration, such as European nations have established, seems to us a violation of our ideas of self government. I suppose we will have to try, though.

"The possession of Hawaii seems justified by arguments of military and naval men that the people are easy of government and not turbulent or quarrelsome. I think Senator Hoar's speech on this matter is the best resume of the subject pro and con which I have seen.

"So far as the Philippines are concerned, some men high in authority have told us that we must have at least a coaling station there. Beyond that, while we do not know the President's views upon the matter, I think we should be relieved from responsibility as soon as we can fairly. I am directly opposed to the introduction of the colonial system in that portion of the world. It is not a matter of territory or distance. We took Alaska, but its population was small and their coming in as part of us did not affect us, but to bring in from one country six to ten million savages as part of our national existence is, to my mind, freighted with untold dangers. If we can get rid of the responsibility and do justice to the people there, I hope to do so. I believe in following the advice of George Washington, to avoid all entangling alliances, and in the Monroe doctrine."

SALTS COMPANY CHARGED WITH FRAUD.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

BOSTON, Aug. 11.—The first suit in the Massachusetts courts against the Electrolytic Marine Salts Company has been entered in the Suffolk county Superior Court by Sarah M. Kimball of Stoneham, holder of 10,000 shares of stock of the concern, for which she gave $8,000 in cash and a promissory note for $2,000.

The plaintiff, after citing the facts of the investment, alleges that the representations of the company were fraudulent and that the shares are worthless, and prays that the defendant, W. A. Usher, treasurer of the company, and also the corporation itself, be enjoined from transferring or negotiating the note.

She also asks the court to order the return of her money and note upon the surrender of her stock. The injunction was issued as prayed for and the case will be heard later.

CONVENTION OF RETAIL BUTCHERS.

The Chief Business Was Dividing the County Into Two Associations.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 11.—The National Retail Butchers' Association concluded a two days' convention in this city last night. Apart from the election of officers, the chief business was the establishment of Eastern and Western associations. The Eastern association goes west to and including Ohio, and the Southern States on that line. All the rest of the country will be included in the Western division.

The Western organized with the election of the following officers:

President, Nicholas Lau, Burlington, Iowa; vice-presidents, Axel Mayer, Omaha, Neb., and John Korn, Wheeling, W. Va.; secretary, Frank Snouffer, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; treasurer, John H. Schofield, St. Louis; trustees, W. H. Hazard, Seattle, Wash.; A. Mann, Dubuque, Iowa; N. J. Webber, St. Louis.

The next meeting will be held in St. Louis the second Tuesday of August next.

William O. Wagner of New York was elected president of the National Association, and the secretaries of the Western and Eastern associations constituted the remainder of the board. John H. Schofield of St. Louis was chosen national organizer.

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TORAL'S ARMY NOT WELCOMED BY SPANIARDS.

Coast Cities Fear the Introduction of a Plague.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Corunna, via Hendaye, says:

Great dissatisfaction prevails here and at Vigo and Santander that these points should have been selected for the sanitary camps to receive General Toral's army. Exaggerated reports of yellow fever and other diseases that the troops are likely to bring with them have caused almost a panic among the ignorant population.

The fort of Corunna remains absolutely defenseless, and at Vigo there are only two gunboats, the Halcon and the Habana. All the commercial towns of the Cantabrin coast are completely at the mercy of any hostile cruiser, for not even torpedoes or submarine mines have been laid. The population of these northwestern provinces is absolutely opposed to the continuation of the war under any pretext whatever, and this is especially so in the seacoast towns, which would undoubtedly surrender at the very first sight of an American warship, in order to avoid bombardment. The people in the towns and in the country have an inadequate food supply, and the cost of living in this part of Spain is no dearer now than before the war.

There is no increase in the charges at hotels. Great discontent against the Government is noticeable, but the people neither need leaders nor money to assume active hostilities.

Meanwhile, the attitude of the army is anxiously observed, for in the popular belief it is now the army alone which controls the situation.

A MISSISSIPPI NEGRO LYNCHED.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CORINTH, Miss., Aug. 11.—Mulock Walker, a negro, was taken from the jail at 1 o'clock this morning and hanged by a masked mob of 250 men. He had sandbagged and robbed Charles Desille, who is dying. The negro confessed to the crime and implicated two others.

ROUGH RIDERS REACH MONTAUK.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Colonel Roosevelt's Rough Riders, known as the First United States volunteer cavalry, arrived in Jersey City last night on their way to the camp of recuperation at Montauk, L. I. The troops number about 600, and are commanded by Major George Dunn. They consist of troops C, H, T and N and squads of troops I, F and G. The first section was commanded by Captain George H. Currey. He said that the troops under Major Dunn's command had never been in Cuba. Eight troops of the regiment went to Santiago, he said, but were obliged to leave their horses behind. The four full troops, C, H, T and N, and squads of troops E, F and G were left at Tampa to guard and care for the horses. There were a few sick men in Major Dunn's command, but they were able to travel, and not more than a dozen were left behind at the hospital. Each section as it arrived was taken to Bay Ridge on ferry boats. At Bay Ridge they were sent on a special train over the Long Island Railroad.

Gas Manufacturers Organize.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—At a convention of the Acetylene Gas Manufacturers held here, fifteen firms were personally represented and letters were received from several others conveying pledges that their senders would co-operate with the convention. The following were elected as permanent officers:

President, George Landis Wilson, Chicago; vice president, J. W. Earls, Minneapolis; secretary, J. B. Carroll, Chicago; treasurer, C. D. Moody, Louisville; directors, D. F. Owen, Grand Rapids, Mich.; I. R. Barton, Batavia, N. Y.; Charles J. Wangler, St. Louis.

The officers and directors constitute the executive committee.

MONON ROAD ABSORBED BY THE BIG FOUR.

An Important Railroad Deal in Ohio Goes Through.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—A controlling interest in the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville railroad, better known as the Monon, has been acquired by the Big Four, says the Herald, and negotiations are under way for the acquisition of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton. The latter deal, however, has not yet been perfected, although it is believed in Wall street that it is only a question of a few days before an agreement will be reached.

The Big Four, or Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railroad, is controlled by the Vanderbilts, and this road is operated in such close connection with the Chesapeake and Ohio that gossip has intimated that it is a part of the deal that the Chesapeake road shall be eventually taken into the enlarged Big Four system.

Strictly speaking, a majority of the Monon stock has been acquired by the financial interests that control the Big Four, not by the railroad proper, although the effect is the same, and it is understood to be the intention to turn the property over to the Big Four at no distant date.

The acquisition of the Monon will give the Big Four an entrance of its own into Chicago, over the Chicago and Western Indiana track. The Big Four has been dependent upon the Illinois Central for an entrance into Chicago, having to pay for the use of fifty-six miles of tracks.

The acquisition of the Monon will add 535 more miles to the Big Four's system of 1,838 miles, and if it secures the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, which has 641 miles, it will have a combined mileage of 3,015 miles. In addition to this the Big Four operates nearly four hundred miles of other tracks.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton traverses most of the territory of the Big Four, but it would add much new territory to the Vanderbilt system.

It is calculated that a combination of the two systems would lead to greater uniformity of rates and that both companies would be a gainer. The Big Four has no line into Toledo, and if it acquires the Hamilton and Dayton road, the latter will afford a short and convenient connection between the Big Four and Lake Shore and connectio between Michigan points.

REV. JONES IS NOW AT RENO.

The Divorced Preacher Has a Flock That is Ignorant of His Past.

Rev. Frederick V. Jones, who was recently granted a divorce by the Alameda county courts, is now filling a pulpit at Reno, Nevada.

The Rev. Mr. Jones went to Reno last April and since then has become one of the well-known people of that city. He has met with fair success as pastor of one of the largest churches there, has made himself rather a favorite in a social way, and enjoys the privilege of calling upon the best people of the city, regardless of whether or not they belong to his church. While he has not stated that he was an unmarried man, the fact of his having been married and divorced—in short, that he is the same man referred to, has not been dreamed of.

What action his congregation will take in the matter will probably be determined shortly after the members learn the facts in the case.

Chinese Railway Deal.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—The Daily Mail says this morning: "We understood that the Franco-Belgian contract for the construction of the Peking-Han Kok Railway has been ratified by the Tsung Li Yamen and actually signed."

On the contrary, the Peking correspondent of the Times, telegraphing Wednesday, says the contract is still unratified, that the Belgian Minister is pressing for an imperial rescript directing ratification and that England should "endeavor to delay the ratification until these objectionable clauses in favor of Russia are removed."

Demuerer Filed.

A demurrer has been filed in the matter of the writ of mandate against the library trustees of Alameda.

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OAKLAND

COMMISSIONER PECK MAKES HIS APPOINTMENTS.

He Will Try to Secure More Space at the Exposition.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Ferdinand W. Peck, Commissioner General for the United States to the Paris Exposition of 1900, announced the following appointments on his staff, with the statement that no further appointments would be made until he returned from Paris:

Director of Affairs, Paul Blackmer.

Director of Mining and Mineralogy, F. G. V. Skiff.

Temporary Director of Press Bureau, Robert K. Thompson.

Private Secretary, K. H. McGibbons.

Secretaire Francaise, Count de Val Court Vermont.

Paul Blackmer, Director of Affairs, was identified with the World's Columbian Exposition as Superintendent of Collections, a position which called for high administrative ability. F. G. V. Skiff held the position of Chief of the Department of Mines and Metallurgy at the World's Columbian Exposition, and is the present Director in Chief of the Field Columbian Museum.

Count de Vermont is Parisian born and a member of a prominent family. He is at present connected with the Omaha Exposition, and was officially identified with the Midwinter Fair at San Francisco.

Commissioner General Peck goes to Paris next month, hoping to secure an increase of the space allotted to the United States at the Exposition.

Only 150,000 square feet of space have been given to the United States thus far, an allotment totally inadequate to the applications that have been received by the Commissioner General. Mr. Peck will endeavor to secure at least 500,000 square feet.

Commissioner Peck has sent out 40,000 circulars to intending exhibitors, and those who have manifested a desire to be represented at the Paris Exposition. He makes an urgent request in the circular that applications for space be made immediately, so that all arrangements and plans of installation may be completed and forwarded to the directors of the Exposition before February 15, 1899. Intending exhibitors are also advised that in estimating the square feet of space necessary they should allow for only one article of a kind, so far as possible, and consider that the relative size and importance of the industry of the applicants will have to be the guide in determining the equitable distribution of the space.

This last admonition has been effective in consolidating several exhibits. In one case twenty-seven kindred industries have agreed to put their exhibits in charge of one agent. It is probable that a special commission will be appointed, the duty of which will be to award space and pass on applications. Thus far more than 200 applications have been received at the New York office of the Commissioner General and 600 at the Chicago office.

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Loin Steak	10c	Beef Stew	5c and 6c
Tenderloin	10c	Mutton Stew	5c and 6c
Leg Mutton	10c	Veal Stew	6c and 7c
Mutton Chops	10c to 12½c	Veal Roast	10c to 12½c
Pork Roast	8c, 10c and 12½c	Mutton Shoulders	6c
Pork Chops	10c and 12½c	Spring Lamb	10c and 12½c
Pickled Pork	7c, 8c and 10c	Corned Beef	5c, 6c and 7c
Beef Roast	6c to 10c		

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